

Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2017 and 2016 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report







A CALIFORNIA JOINT POWERS AUTHORITY

Central Coast Water Authority Comprehensive Annual Financial Report Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2017 and 2016

Table of Contents

INTRODUCTORY SECTION

Letter of Transmittal	
Officials of the CCWA	ix
Organization Chart	ix
FINANCIAL SECTION	
Independent Auditors' Report	1
Management's Discussion and Analysis	3
Statement of Net Position	11
Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Change in Net Position	13
Statement of Cash Flows	14
Notes to Financial Statements	16
Required Supplementary Information	3 ⁻
STATISTICAL SECTION	
Statistical Section Narrative Summary	34
General Governmental Revenues by Source	35
General Governmental Expenditures by Function	36
Change in Net Position and Net Position Components	37
Fiscal Year Gross Budget History (Excludes Credits)	39
FY 2016/17 Total Payments by Project Participant	40
Ratio of Annual Debt Service for Total Bonded Debt to Total Expenditures	41
Miscellaneous Statistical Information	43
FY 2016/17 Actual State Water Deliveries (acre feet)	44
Historical Water Availability Compared to Actual Deliveries and Costs	45
Cabadula of Incurance	46

Table of Contents

Full-time Equivalent Employees by Position47
Santa Barbara County Largest Employers48
City of Pismo Beach49
City of Morro Bay50
City of Guadalupe51
City of Santa Maria52
City of Buellton53
Santa Ynez River Water Conservation District, ID#1 (City of Solvang only)54
Santa Ynez River Water Conservation District, ID#155
Goleta Water District56
La Cumbre Mutual Water Company57
City of Santa Barbara58
Montecito Water District59
Carpinteria Valley Water District

INTRODUCTORY SECTION





January 25, 2018

Jack Boysen Chairman

Richard Shaikewitz Vice Chairman

Ray Stokes Executive Director

Brownstein Hyatt Farber Schreck General Counsel

Member Agencies

City of Buellton

Carpinteria Valley Water District

City of Guadalupe

City of Santa Barbara

City of Santa Maria

Goleta Water District

Montecito Water District

Santa Ynez River Water Conservation District, Improvement District #1

Associate Member

La Cumbre Mutual Water Company Members of the Board Central Coast Water Authority

State law requires that every general purpose local government publish, within six months of the close of each fiscal year, a complete set of audited financial statements. This report is published to fulfill that requirement for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017. The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) of the Central Coast Water Authority for the fiscal year (FY) ended June 30, 2017 is submitted as prepared by the Authority's Finance and Administration Departments. The report is published to provide to our project participants, the Authority Board, and the investment community detailed information about the financial condition and operating results of the Authority as measured by the financial activity of the Authority.

Responsibility for both the accuracy of the financial report and the completeness and fairness of the presentation rests with the Authority. To the best of our knowledge, the information presented is accurate in all material aspects and includes all disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain an understanding of the Authority's financial activities.

The Authority requires that its financial statements be audited by a Certified Public Accountant selected by the Authority's Board of Directors, and Nasif, Hicks, Harris & Co., LLP, Certified Public Accountants, have issued an unmodified ("clean") opinion on Central Coast Water Authority's financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2017. The independent auditor's report is located at the front of the financial section of this report.

Management's discussion and analysis (MD&A) immediately follows the independent auditor's report and provides a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis of the financial statements. MD&A complements this letter of transmittal and should be read in conjunction with it.

PROFILE OF THE AUTHORITY

The Central Coast Water Authority (CCWA) is a public entity organized under a Joint Exercise of Powers Agreement dated August 1, 1991 and operates as a Joint Powers Authority (JPA). CCWA is a wholesale water provider to 13 water purveyors and private companies in Santa Barbara County, and another 11 water purchasers in San Luis Obispo County.

255 Industrial Way Buellton, CA 93427-9565 (805) 688-2292 FAX: (805) 686-4700 CCWA is presently composed of eight members, all of which are public agencies within Santa Barbara County: the Cities of Buellton, Guadalupe, Santa Barbara and Santa Maria, Carpinteria Valley Water District, Goleta Water District, Montecito Water District and Santa Ynez River Water Conservation District, Improvement District No. 1 (in which the City of Solvang is located). Each member agency is represented on the CCWA Board of Directors by one individual and an alternate. In addition, CCWA has one associate member, the La Cumbre Mutual Water Company and three non-member, private water users, Raytheon Systems Company, Morehart Land Company, and Golden State Water Company. Water service is also provided to Vandenberg Air Force Base through a Utility Agreement.

The member agencies are represented on the CCWA Board of Directors by an individual chosen by each public entity's Board or City Council. Each vote on the Authority's Board of Directors is weighted roughly in proportion to the entity's allocation of State water entitlement.

The Authority also provides supplemental water to certain entities within San Luis Obispo County: California Men's Colony, County of San Luis Obispo, Cuesta College, City of Morro Bay, Avila Beach Community Services District, Avila Valley Mutual Water Company, Oceano Community Services District, City of Pismo Beach, San Luis Coastal Unified School District and San Miguelito Mutual Water Company.

Facilities

The Authority's facilities include a water treatment plant located at Polonio Pass in northeastern San Luis Obispo County and a distribution system that delivers water from the State Water Project to project participants in Santa Barbara and San Luis Obispo Counties. The distribution system consists of an approximate 130 mile long pipeline, treated water tanks at the water treatment plant, three interim storage facilities, one energy dissipation facility, ten turnouts, four isolation valve facilities, a chloramines removal and water pumping facility and Cachuma Lake inlet monitoring facility.

Central Coast Water Authority is innovative and forward thinking in its methods to provide high-quality water, through an efficient and reliable system that is capable of delivering supplemental water from other water sources in addition to allocations through the State Water Project for our project participants. During the recent and ongoing drought in California, this delivery system was instrumental in allowing our project participants to maintain adequate water resources for their communities by providing a link to the statewide water supply system.

The Authority receives its water through the State Water Project, which is a network of canals, pipelines, tunnels and reservoirs. The State Water Project is managed by the California Department of Water Resources (DWR), a State agency which protects, conserves, develops, and manages much of California's water supply including the State Water Project which provides water for 25 million residents, farms, and businesses. Through the Santa Barbara County Flood Control and Water Conservation District (SBCFC&WCD), the Authority holds a contract with the Department of Water Resources (DWR) to purchase up to 45,486 acre-feet of water per year. The costs for this water are charged to the Authority's Santa Barbara County project participants. San Luis Obispo County pays DWR directly for its DWR costs.

LOCAL ECONOMY

Santa Barbara County is dominated by three principal economic activities: tourism, Vandenberg Air Force Base, and education, and is characterized by three geographically diverse regions. The Santa

Barbara Project Participants are located in all three different geographic areas of Santa Barbara County: North County (City of Santa Maria, City of Guadalupe, Golden State Water Company and Vandenberg Air Force Base); the Santa Ynez Valley (City of Buellton and Santa Ynez River Water Conservation District, Improvement District No. 1, which includes within its boundaries the City of Solvang); and the South Coast (City of Santa Barbara, Goleta Water District, Montecito Water District, Carpinteria Valley Water District, La Cumbre Mutual Water Company, Raytheon Systems Company and Morehart Land Company).

Historically the North County has been an agricultural area, but it has experienced significant urban development in the last twenty-five years and expects additional urban development in the future; the Santa Ynez Valley is a rural agricultural area and tourist destination; and the South Coast is a generally developed urban area which does not expect significant growth in the future. The general location of certain of the Santa Barbara Project Participants and of the major components of the Authority Project in Santa Barbara County is shown on the map under the caption "Project Map" in the end of the Introductory Section of the CAFR.

LONG-TERM FINANCIAL PLANNING

To assist our project participants, the Authority prepares a Ten-Year Financial plan to provide pro forma projections of the Authority's expenditures and includes projections for both the Authority and the Department of Water Resources portions of the budget. The Department of Water Resources provides projections for each of these years for both the fixed and variable costs (comprising approximately 80% of the Authority budget annually), and the Authority expenses are generally projected with a 3% inflation factor to all operating expenses.

The Ten-Year Financial Plan is prepared only as an informational tool and is used by the member agencies and other project participants for their planning and long-term budgeting purposes.

RELEVANT FINANCIAL POLICIES AND CONTROLS

The Authority has adopted a comprehensive set of financial policies governing Reserves, Purchasing, Budget, Investments, Debt Management, and Capital Improvements. Following is a brief discussion on the policies that were relevant this year:

Appropriated Contingency

The CCWA Budget includes an appropriated contingency fund. The amount of this fund is established at 2% of the total budget, excluding variable electrical and chemical budget amounts. Any use of this fund requires authorization by the Board of Directors. During Fiscal Year 2016/17 the Board approved the expenditure of \$90,017 from the budgeted amount for urgent situations that required the use of appropriated contingencies.

One of these emergency situations began on March 21, 2017, when the US Bureau of Reclamation directed CCWA to cease delivery operations through the Bradbury Penstock at Cachuma Lake by March 23, 2017. Since the Bypass Pipeline was removed in February 2017 due to rising lake levels, there was essentially no means to deliver water to the lake, and subsequently to CCWA's South Coast participants, as the lake is used as a conduit to their delivery facilities. Consequently, staff immediately developed a proposal to reinstall the bypass piping in the spillway and submitted the proposal to the Bureau on March 21, 2017. The Bureau approved the proposal, with certain modifications, on April 7, 2017. CCWA staff proceeded with the reinstallation work on Monday April 10, 2017 and completed work on Friday April 14, 2017.

These types of situations require quick action to avoid impact on water treatment production, conveyance capacity and to comply with permit conditions associated with the bypass pipeline. The purpose of the appropriated contingency fund is to assure that funding is available to move forward with emergency projects such as these.

Capital Improvement Projects and Carryover

The Capital Improvements Projects (CIP) is a component of the non-operating expenses section of the budget. Certain capital expenditures included in the Fiscal year 2016/17 budget were not expended due to timing and scheduling.

When appropriate, capital improvements will be paid through current revenue sources rather than financing capital projects over a period of time. During Fiscal Year 2016/17 the Board approved \$856,559 in carryover funds to be used for capital projects not completed in the prior fiscal year.

Investment Policy

The Authority will operate its idle cash investments in compliance with Government Code Section 16045-16054 Uniform Prudent Investor Act which states: "...in investing...property for the benefit of another, a trustee shall exercise judgment and care, under the circumstances then prevailing, which persons of prudence, discretion and intelligence exercise in the management of their own affairs....". As such, the Board has adopted an Investment Policy governing cash investments.

In April 2017 the Authority's adopted Investment Policy was amended as a part of the annual review to comply with changes in Government Code Section 53630-53686 which addresses investment of surplus funds by local government agencies. Section VIII DEPOSITORIES was revised regarding the qualification of institutions to be used by the authority for investments. The revised language will ensure only institutions carrying sufficient insurance, maintaining appropriate policies regarding capitalization of investments, and authorized under federal and state laws will be utilized for investment of funds.

Debt Management Policy

Central Coast Water Authority is authorized to incur indebtedness to finance Authority facilities and to assign and pledge to the repayment by its participants. In order to remain in compliance with amendments to the Government Code concerning debt, the Board adopted a formal Debt Management Policy in June 2017 to establish parameters for issuing debt. The Debt Management Policy covers general provisions for periodic review, as well as conditions for debt issuance, including standards for use of debt financing, financing criteria, refinancing outstanding debt, outstanding debt limitations, security for debt, a covenant for bond coverage, method of issuance, debt administration and reporting requirements

Accounting System

In developing and maintaining the Authority's accounting system, consideration is given to the adequacy of internal accounting controls. Internal accounting controls are designed to provide reasonable but not absolute assurance regarding: a) the safeguarding of assets against losses from unauthorized use or disposition, and b) the reliability of financial records for preparing financial statements and maintaining accountability for assets.

The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that the cost of a control procedure should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived and that the evaluation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management.

All internal control evaluations occur within the above framework. Management believes that the Authority's controls adequately safeguard assets and provide reasonable assurance of proper recording of financial transactions.

MAJOR INITIATIVES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR

The activities of the Board and staff at the Authority are driven by our mission statement: To provide San Luis Obispo and Santa Barbara Counties with reliable, high quality supplemental water.

California Drought

While almost all of California received substantial rainfall this past year, the Authority and its participants continue to feel the effects of the historic drought and the impacts will continue to be felt for the foreseeable future. For example, many of the CCWA project participants utilized their groundwater resources to help them meet demands during the drought. Therefore, it is anticipated they will need to allow their groundwater resources to recover and may therefore be more dependent on State water in the years ahead. As such, Management anticipates there will be a continued need to ensure State water deliveries are maximized to the greatest extent possible to meet the ongoing needs of CCWA's project participants.

State Water Project Contract Assignment

The original contract with the Department of Water Resources (DWR) was executed between DWR and the Santa Barbara County Flood Control and Water Conservation District (the County) in 1963. However, there were no facilities to bring State water into Santa Barbara County until CCWA was formed to construct and operate the facilities for the delivery of State Water in 1991.

When CCWA was formed in 1991, it entered into an agreement with the County called the "Transfer of Financial Responsibility Agreement" (TFRA) whereby CCWA agreed to be responsible for all costs of the State Water Project in Santa Barbara County. One of the provisions of the TFRA was that the parities expressed the desire to have the State Water Contract fully assigned from the County to CCWA. However, CCWA did not have ability to levy a property tax in the event of payment default, a key form of payment security in the DWR contracts and bonds, until recent legislation was passed which allows JPAs to exercise the taxing authority of their member agencies. CCWA now has the ability to levy a property tax for State water costs in the event of a payment default to DWR and as such, is actively pursuing full assignment of the State Water contract from the County to CCWA. CCWA will continue to work with DWR and the County to obtain approval for the full assignment of the contract to CCWA.

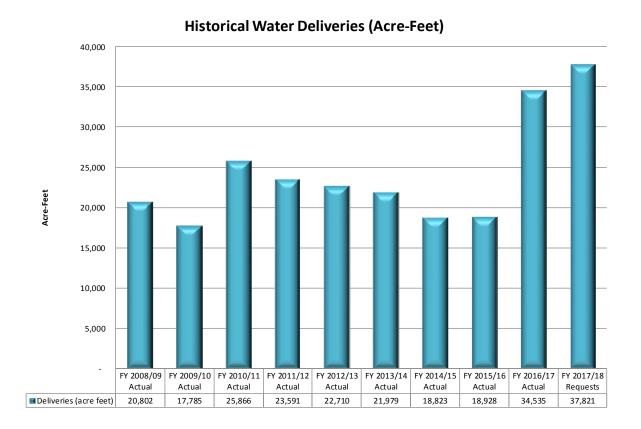
Suspended Water Reacquisition

In the 1980's, Santa Barbara County requested that DWR set aside, or "suspend" 12,214 acre-feet of the County's 57,700 acre-feet of State Water allotment as it was determined the 12,214 acre-feet was in excess of the needs of the various Santa Barbara County water purveyors. DWR agreed to suspend this water and agreed that the County could reacquire the water at a future date, which has been extended a number of times.

Recently, CCWA has requested, and DWR has agreed to allow CCWA, through the County, to reacquire the 12,214 acre-feet of suspended contract allotment. CCWA will continue to pursue this reacquisition in the coming year.

Water Deliveries

Total deliveries during FY 2016/17 by CCWA to the Santa Barbara and San Luis Obispo County project participants were 34,535 acre-feet compared to the actual FY 2015/16 deliveries of 18,928 acre-feet. The graph below shows water deliveries for the last ten fiscal years.



CCWA Supplemental Water Purchase Program

In response to the continued ongoing drought in California, the CCWA Board of Directors has authorized the development of a Supplemental Water Purchase Program (SWPP). The SWPP allows those CCWA project participants to purchase additional water supplies to help meet their demand not being met with other water sources, beginning in calendar year 2014 and extending through calendar year 2016.

In total, over the course of three years, CCWA has acquired just over 27,000 acre-feet of water under the SWPP at a total cost of approximately \$12 million, or roughly \$443 per acre-foot.

THE FUTURE

Water Delivery Projections

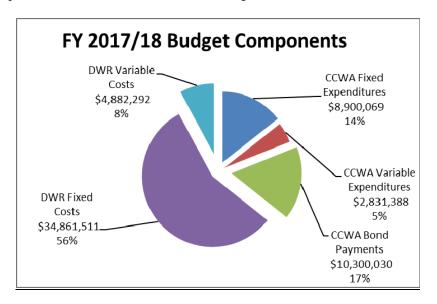
For calendar years 2017 and 2018, Santa Barbara and San Luis Obispo County project participants have requested State water deliveries of 37,773 and 37,732 acre-feet, respectively.

Department of Water Resources Activities and Related Costs

During FY 2017/18, CCWA staff will continue to work through the State Water Contractor (SWC) board and committees that interact with the Department of Water Resources (DWR) which impact CCWA and the California water agencies as a whole. There are many significant issues on which DWR and the SWC are working which have water supply, operational, and fiscal impacts on CCWA. Some of these activities could potentially have a significant fiscal impact to CCWA in the current and future years. Therefore, staff will place a high priority on working through the various available venues to minimize the fiscal impacts to CCWA and ensure that we continue to meet our goal of providing reliable, high quality supplemental water.

Fiscal Year 2017/18 Budget Summary

The FY 2017/18 budget calls for total project participant payments of \$61.4 million compared to the FY 2016/17 budget of \$57.3 million, a \$4.1 million increase. These amounts include \$0.4 million in CCWA credits for FY 2017/18 and \$0.4 million for FY 2016/17. The following graph shows the breakout of the various cost components in the CCWA FY 2017/18 Budget:



AWARDS AND ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

The Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to Central Coast Water Authority for its comprehensive annual financial report (CAFR) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016. This was the twentieth consecutive year the Authority has achieved this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, the Authority had to publish an easily readable and efficiently organized CAFR that satisfied both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable program requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one fiscal year. However, we believe that our current CAFR continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting Program's requirements, and we are submitting to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

The authority also received the GFOA's Distinguished Budget Presentation Award for its annual budget document dated April 27, 2017. This was the twenty-first consecutive year the Authority has achieved this prestigious award. To qualify for the Distinguished Budget Presentation Award, the Authority's budget document had to be judged proficient as a policy document, financial plan, an operations guide, and a communications device.

The preparation of this report would not have been possible without the skill, effort, and dedication of the entire staff of the Finance and Administration Department. We wish to thank each member of both departments for their assistance in providing the data necessary to prepare this report. Credit is also due to Senior Management and the Board of Directors for leadership and support in maintaining the highest standards of professionalism in the management of Central Coast Water Authority's finances.

I am pleased to present this report to the Board for formal adoption.

Respectfully submitted,

Ray A. Stokes Executive Director

Introductory Section

June 30, 2017

Central Coast Water Authority Board of Directors

Jack Boysen, Chairman City of Santa Maria
Richard Shaikewitz, Vice Chairman Montecito Water District

Ed Andrisek City of Buellton

Harlan Burchardi Santa Ynez River Water Conservation District,

Improvement District #1

Bendy White City of Santa Barbara
Richard Merrifield Goleta Water District
Jerry Beatty City of Guadalupe

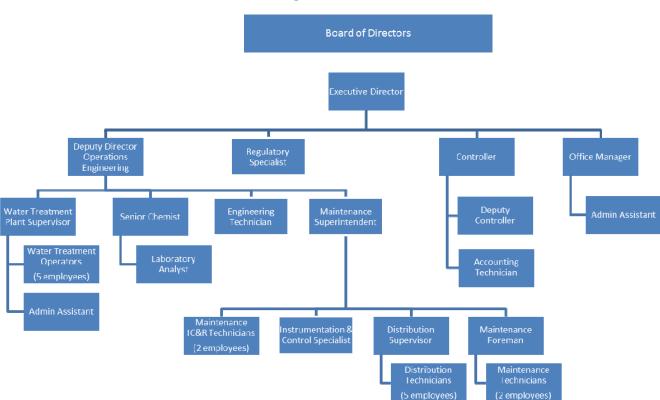
Gina Rubalcaba Carpinteria Valley Water District

Authority Staff

Ray Stokes Executive Director

John Brady Deputy Director Operations /Engineering

CCWA Organization Chart FY 2016-17







Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

Central Coast Water Authority California

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2016

Executive Director/CEO

FINANCIAL SECTION





104 West Anapamu Street, Suite B | Santa Barbara, CA 93101 Main: (805) 966-1521 | Fax: (805) 963-1780 | www.nhhco.com William J. Nasif Steven J. Hicks, Retired Jeffery P. Harris Jody Dolan Holehouse Thomas W. Burk Robert Swayne Lyons Lawrence W. Brown Sarah E. Turner Thomas A. Olson Joseph G. Bishop

December 21, 2017

Independent Auditors' Report

To the Member Agencies of the Central Coast Water Authority

We have audited the accompanying statement of net position of the Central Coast Water Authority ("CCWA") as of June 30, 2017 and 2016, and the related statements of revenues, expenses and change in net position and cash flows for the years then ended, which collectively comprise CCWA's basic financial statements, as listed in the foregoing table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audits to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control.

Accordingly, we express no such opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the CCWA as of June 30, 2017 and 2016, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows thereof for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise the CCWA's basic financial statements. The introductory section and statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Emphasis of Matter

As was described in Note 11 to the financial statements, a prior period adjustment of \$551,398 was made to the Statement of Net Position as of June 30, 2017, to increase the beginning net position of the Authority as of that date. This cumulative change resulted in various modifications to several June 30, 2016 ending account balances. As a result of these changes several June 30, 2016 balances reported on the June 30, 2017 issued financial statements do not match the June 30, 2016 balances reported on the June 30, 2016 issued financial statements. Please refer to Note 11 for further details. Our Opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Masil, Hich, Hami & Co., LLP

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

This section presents management's analysis of the Authority's financial condition and activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017. This information should be read in conjunction with the financial statements and the additional information that we have included in our letter of transmittal.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Authority operates as a proprietary fund-type. All proprietary fund-types are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. Under this measurement focus, all assets and liabilities associated with the operation of these funds are included on the balance sheet. Proprietary fund-type operating statements present increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in net total assets.

All proprietary fund-types utilize the accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when earned, regardless of when received, and expenses are recognized at the time the related liabilities are incurred, regardless of when paid.

Summary of Organization and Business

The Central Coast Water Authority is a public entity duly organized and existing under a Joint Exercise of Powers Agreement – Central Coast Water Authority, dated as of August 1, 1991, by and among nine public agencies in Santa Barbara County, two of which have subsequently merged. The members entered into the Agreement to exercise their common power to acquire, construct, operate and maintain works and facilities for the development and use of water resources and water rights including without limitation, works and facilities to divert, store, pump, treat and deliver water for beneficial uses. In particular, the members expressed their desire to create the Authority to finance, develop, operate, and maintain the Authority facilities for their mutual benefit and to act on behalf of the members with respect to the Department of Water Resources (DWR) facilities. The Authority currently has a staff of twenty-eight full-time employees and three part-time employees.

The Authority is presently composed of eight members, all of which are public agencies: the Cities of Buellton, Guadalupe, Santa Barbara and Santa Maria, Carpinteria Valley Water District, Goleta Water District, Montecito Water District and Santa Ynez River Water Conservation District, Improvement District No. 1 (in which the City of Solvang is located). (A founding member of the Authority, the Summerland Water District, merged into the Montecito Water

District.) In addition, the Authority has an Associate Member, the La Cumbre Mutual Water Company. Each member appoints a representative to the Authority's Board of Directors. San Luis Obispo County Flood Control and Water Conservation District (SLOCFCWCD and/or San Luis Obispo Water Purchasers) has expressed an interest in joining the Authority. However, any decision to do so must be approved by the unanimous vote of the present members.

The member agencies are represented on the CCWA Board of Directors by an individual chosen by each public entity's Board or City Council. Each vote on the Authority Board of Directors is weighted roughly in proportion to the entity's allocation of State water entitlement.

The following table shows the voting percentage for each member of the CCWA Board of Directors.

City of Guadalupe	1.15%
City of Santa Maria	43.19%
City of Buellton	2.21%
Santa Ynez R.W.C.D., Improvement District #1	7.64%
Goleta Water District	17.20%
City of Santa Barbara	11.47%
Montecito Water District	9.50%
Carpinteria Valley Water District	7.64%
TOTAL	100.00%

CCWA Committees

There are currently three Central Coast Water Authority committees. They are the Finance, Operating, and Personnel Committees.

The Operating Committee is composed of the general managers, city administrators or water supply managers from each of the various water districts and cities served by the Authority. The Operating Committee typically meets quarterly to act on matters such as construction, operations, and financial issues and recommends actions to the Authority Board of Directors.

The Finance and Personnel Committees are composed of CCWA Board members appointed by the CCWA Board Chairman. The Committees review and recommend actions to the Authority Board of Directors with regard to finance and personnel related matters.

Santa Barbara County Project Participants

Each Santa Barbara County project participant is a water purveyor or user located in Santa Barbara County which obtained contractual rights to receive water from the State Water Project prior to 1991. Those rights have been assigned to the Authority pursuant to the terms of the Water Supply Agreements.

San Luis Obispo County Water Purchasers

Each San Luis Obispo County water purchaser is a water purveyor or user located in San Luis Obispo County which obtained contractual rights from SLOCFCWCD to receive water from the State Water Project.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

The following table shows a condensed version of the Authority's balance sheet with corresponding analysis regarding significant variances.

Condensed Balance Sheet

	Jı	une 30, 2017	J	une 30, 2016	J	une 30, 2015	2017-16 Change	2016-15 Change
Current Assets	\$	66,724,426	\$	65,379,930	\$	65,880,486	\$ 1,344,496	\$ (500,556)
Non-Current Restricted Assets		10,025,234		11,540,910		11,531,113	(1,515,676)	9,797
Capital Assets		95,816,473		97,942,623		99,634,028	(2,126,150)	(1,691,405)
Other Assets		4,818,107		5,811,328		6,836,558	(993,221)	(1,025,230)
Total Assets	\$	177,384,240	\$	180,674,791	\$	183,882,185	\$ (3,290,551)	\$ (3,207,394)
Revenue Bond Deferred Amount	\$	1,489,720	\$	2,132,166	\$	2,884,086	\$ (642,446)	\$ (751,920)
Pension Plan Deferred Amount	·	1,338,314		558,325	·	580,238	779,989	(21,913)
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$	2,828,034	\$	2,690,491	\$	3,464,324	\$ 137,543	\$ (773,833)
•								
Current Liabilities	\$	72,523,976	\$	73,834,676	\$	75,220,234	\$ (1,310,700)	\$ (1,385,558)
Non-current Liabilities		54,459,750		63,682,508		71,677,694	(9,222,758)	(7,995,186)
Total Liabilities		126,983,726		137,517,184		146,897,928	(10,533,458)	(9,380,744)
Revenue Bond Deferred Amount	\$	776,829	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 776,829	\$ -
Pension Plan Deferred Amount		178,146		420,485		753,846	(242,339)	(333,361)
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		954,975		420,485		753,846	534,490	(333,361)
Net investment in capital assets	\$	55,164,579	\$	44,108,951	\$	38,420,586	\$ 11,055,628	\$ 5,688,365
Restricted - total		9,978,731		11,513,337		11,522,948	(1,534,606)	(9,611)
Unrestricted		(12,869,737)		(10,194,675)		(10,248,799)	(2,675,062)	54,124
Total Net Position		52,273,573		45,427,613		39,694,735	6,845,960	5,732,878
Total Liabilities and Net Position	\$	180,212,274	\$	183,365,282	\$	187,346,509	\$ (3,153,008)	\$ (3,981,227)

BALANCE SHEET ANALYSIS

June 30, 2017 Comparison to June 30, 2016

- Total assets as of June 30, 2017 are \$177.4 million, or \$3.3 million less than the amount on June 30, 2016.
- Capital and other assets are \$3.1 million lower than the prior year amount due to depreciation of the Authority's capital assets and amortization of the CCWA 2006A & 2016A revenue bond insurance costs.
- Non-current liabilities are \$9.2 million lower due to the revenue bond principal payment during the year, along with the issuance of the 2016A refunding revenue bonds issuance to realize lower interest rates and a \$1.1 million long-term liability reduction.

June 30, 2016 Comparison to June 30, 2015

- Total assets as of June 30, 2016 are \$180.7 million, or \$3.2 million less than the amount on June 30, 2015.
- Capital and other assets are \$2.7 million lower than the prior year amount due to depreciation of the Authority's capital assets and amortization of the CCWA 2006A revenue bond insurance costs.
- Non-current liabilities are \$8.0 million lower due to the revenue bond principal payment during the year.

The following table shows a condensed version of the Authority's Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position with corresponding analysis regarding significant variances.

Condensed Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position

	June 30, 2017	Ju	ne 30, 2016	Ji	une 30, 2015	2017-2016 Change	2016-2015 Change
Operating Revenues Operating Expenses Depreciation and Amortization	\$ 20,825,040 (9,510,047) (1,027,928)	\$	19,334,566 (7,922,797) (2,710,417)	\$	19,831,984 (8,960,934) (2,710,711)	\$ 1,490,474 (1,587,250) 1,682,489	\$ (497,418) 1,038,137 294
Operating Income	 10,287,065		8,701,352		8,160,339	1,585,713	541,013
Non-operating Revenues Non-operating Expenses	334,430 (3,775,535)		213,252 (3,181,726)		153,840 (3,616,894)	121,178 (593,809)	59,412 435,168
Change in Net Postion	6,845,960		5,732,878		4,697,285	1,113,082	1,035,593
Net position at beginning of year Adjustment for restatements	 45,427,613 -		39,694,735 -		37,640,493 (2,643,043)	5,732,878 -	2,054,242 2,643,043
Net position at end of year	\$ 52,273,573	\$	45,427,613	\$	39,694,735	\$ 5,732,878	\$ 4,697,285

June 30, 2017 Comparison to June 30, 2016

Operating revenues as of June 30, 2017 are about \$1.5 million higher than the prior year amount. The increase is primarily attributed to an increase in the operating reimbursements from project participants for an increase in operations and maintenance cost for the year.

It is the Authority's policy to return O&M assessment surpluses to the project participants in the form of credits against future assessments. For FY 2016/17, this credit totaled \$0.7 million for the fixed component of the O&M assessments, as compared to the FY 2015/16 credit of \$0.3 million. Credits for the variable assessment component were applied throughout the fiscal year with each quarterly variable assessment when applicable.

Operating expenses, excluding depreciation and amortization expense are about \$1.6 million higher than the prior year amount due to:

- 1. Increase in personnel expenses of about \$0.3 million due to the required recording of GASB 68 actuarial pension costs including a GASB 68 prior period actuarial adjustment reducing the prior year personnel expenses.
- 2. Increase in unexpended operating reimbursements of \$0.4 million due to an increase in the budget surplus for FY 2016/17 which is payable back to the Authority's project participants.
- 3. Increase in supplies, equipment and monitoring expenses of \$0.2 million for higher chemical costs associated with an increase in water deliveries and therefore an increase in chemical usage.
- 4. Increase in utility expenses of \$0.6 million attributed to an increase water deliveries over the prior fiscal year and the increase in electrical costs for pumping water.

Depreciation and Amortization expenses were approximately \$1.7 million lower due largely to the refunding of the Series 2006A revenue bonds with the Series 2016A revenue bonds. The bonds were issued at a significant premium and with a significant deferred gain on refunding. The amortization of premiums and gains reduces depreciation and amortization expense by \$2.0 million unlike typical depreciation and amortization of a fixed or intangible asset which acts to defer the expense of an asset over its useful life.

Non-operating revenues are higher by about \$0.1 million due to the increase of interest income and a gain on the sale of a capital asset.

Non-operating expenses are \$0.6 million higher due to Series 2016 A bond issuance costs paid on the refunding of the 2006A Series bond.

Also seen was an increase in the cost of asset disposal and interest income paid to the CCWA project participants.

June 30, 2016 Comparison to June 30, 2015

Operating revenues as of June 30, 2016 are about \$0.5 million lower than the prior year amount. The decrease is primarily attributed to a decrease in the operating reimbursements from project participants for a decrease in operations and maintenance cost for the year.

It is the Authority's policy to return O&M assessment surpluses to the project participants in the form of credits against future assessments. For FY 2015/16, this credit totaled \$0.3 million for the fixed component of the O&M assessments, as compared to the FY 2014/15 credit of \$1.2 million for both fixed and variable O&M assessment components. Credits for the variable assessment component were applied throughout the fiscal year with each quarterly variable assessment when applicable.

Operating expenses, excluding depreciation and amortization expense are about \$1.0 million lower than the prior year amount due to:

- 1. Decrease in personnel expenses of about \$0.1 million due to GASB 68 required recording of actuarial pension costs including an actuarial adjustment to restate actuarial pension expenses.
- 2. Decrease in unexpended operating reimbursements of \$0.8 million due to variable reimbursements being applied to variable assessments during the fiscal year.
- 3. Increase in other expenses of \$0.2 million mostly for an increase in non-capital project materials.
- 4. Decrease in utility expenses of \$0.3 million attributed to a decrease in electrical costs for pumping water.

Non-operating revenues are higher by about \$0.06 million due to the increase of interest income and a gain on the sale of a capital asset.

Non-operating expenses are \$0.4 million lower due to a decrease in revenue bond interest expense, a decrease in the cost of asset disposal, coupled with the increase of interest income paid to the CCWA project participants

Capital Assets

The following table provides a summary of the Authority's capital assets and changes from the prior year.

					2017-2016	2016-2015
	J	ıne 30, 2017	June 30, 2016	June 30, 2015	Change	Change
Land	\$	3,178,700	\$ 3,178,700	\$ 3,178,700	\$ - \$	-
Furniture fixtures and equipment		434,462	423,907	459,810	10,555	(35,903)
Equipment		28,714,588	28,681,299	28,654,864	33,289	26,435
Buildings and structures		48,696,149	48,696,149	48,696,149	-	-
Underground pipeline		59,925,077	59,925,077	58,950,134	-	974,943
Construction in progress		464,918	361,911	921,640	103,007	(559,729)
Total property, plant and						
equipment		141,413,894	141,267,043	140,861,297	146,851	405,746
Accumulated depreciation		(45,597,421)	(43,324,419)	(41,227,269)	(2,273,002)	(2,097,150)
Net property, plant and equipment	\$	95,816,473	\$ 97,942,623	\$ 99,634,028	\$ (2,126,151) \$	(1,691,404)

Please refer to Note 3 on Capital Assets in the Notes to the Financial Statements for additional information regarding the Authority's capital assets.

Debt Administration

On September 28, 2006, the Authority issued Series 2006A refunding revenue bonds in the amount of \$123,190,000, which refunded the outstanding \$142,985,000 Series 1996A revenue bonds. The 2006A revenue bonds were issued at a true interest cost of 4.24% for the purpose of reducing the Authority's total debt service payments over the next 15 years by \$4.4 million and to obtain an economic gain (difference between the present values of the old and new debt service payments) of \$3.4 million. At June 30, 2016, the Authority had \$59,645,000 of outstanding 2006A revenue bonds.

The Authority's 2006 revenue bond indenture and the Water Supply Agreements require that certain CCWA project participants and contractors maintain a ratio of net revenues to contract payments of at least 1.25. Additionally, the Authority has complied with the Securities and Exchange Commission Rule 15c12, which requires all local governments that bring municipal debt to market after July 3, 1995 to provide specified financial and operating information on an annual basis which mirrors the information provided in the 2006 revenue bond official statement.

On June 28, 2016 the Authority issued Series 2016A refunding revenue bonds in the amount of \$45,470,000, which refunded the outstanding \$59,645,000 Series 2006A revenue bonds on October 1, 2016. The 2016A refunding revenue bonds were issued to realize the benefits of lower interest rates, which were issued at a true interest cost of 1.355% compared to the 4.24% true interest costs of the 2006A bonds. The bond refunding transaction was completed at the close of escrow on July 21, 2016.

Please refer to Note 5 in the Notes to the Financial Statements for additional information regarding the Authority's long-term debt.

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

	June 30, 2017	June 30, 2016			
ASSETS					
Current Assets					
Cash and investments (Note 2)	\$ 24,770,780	\$ 25,640,932			
Interest receivable	40,741	21,163			
Prepaid Expenses	231,021	335,231			
Inventory	84,653	94,006			
Total Unrestricted Current Assets	25,127,195	26,091,332			
Restricted Current Assets					
Cash and investments held for payment to DWR	41,597,231	39,288,598			
Total Current Assets	66,724,426	65,379,930			
Non-Current Assets					
Restricted Assets					
Cash and investments for debt service payments	9,978,731	11,513,337			
Interest receivable	46,503	27,573			
Total Restricted Non-Current Assets	10,025,234	11,540,910			
Capital Assets (Note 3)					
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	92,637,773	94,763,923			
Land, not depreciated	3,178,700	3,178,700			
Total Capital Assets	95,816,473	97,942,623			
Unamortized bond insurance costs, net	88,184	89,881			
Long-term accounts receivable	4,729,923	5,721,447			
Total Non-Current Assets	110,659,814	115,294,861			
Total Assets	\$ 177,384,240	\$ 180,674,791			
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Deferred amount on refunding	1,489,720	2,132,166			
Deferred amount from pension plan (Note 6)	1,338,314	558,325			
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$ <u>2,828,034</u>	\$ 2,690,491			
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources	180,212,274	183,365,282			

Continued

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION	June 30, 2017		June 30. 2016
Current Liabilities	54 H 5 50, 25 17		, and 30, 20 10
Accounts payable Deposits for payment to DWR Accrued interest payable Deposits for supplemental water purchases Other liabilities Compensated absences payable Debt due within one year Project participant deposits and unearned revenue	\$ 214,788 41,636,741 568,376 - 442,241 200,624 7,880,000 21,581,206	\$	395,610 39,311,310 722,401 2,639,855 604,901 165,905 8,825,000 21,169,694
Total Current Liabilities	72,523,976	· <u>-</u>	73,834,676
Non-Current Liabilities			
Bonds payable, net (Note 5) OPEB liability (Note 7) Rate coverage reserve fund (Note 1) Net pension liability (Note 6) Total Non-Current Liabilities Total Liabilities	41,831,029 94,594 9,215,803 3,318,324 54,459,750	· _	51,906,773 38,078 9,185,782 2,551,875 63,682,508
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	120,903,720	. <u>-</u>	13/,51/,104
Deferred amount on refunding Deferred amount from pension plan (Note 6) Total Deferred Inflows of Resources Net Position	776,829 178,146 954,975	: <u>-</u>	- 420,485 420,485
Net investment in capital assets Restricted - future payment of debt service Unrestricted Total Net Position	55,164,579 9,978,731 (12,869,737) 52,273,573	. <u> </u>	44,108,951 11,513,337 (10,194,675) 45,427,613
Total Liabilities and Net Position	\$ 180,212,274	\$	183,365,282

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGE IN NET POSITION

	For the fiscal year ended				
	June 30, 2017	June 30, 2016			
Operating Revenues					
Operating reimbursements					
from project participants	\$ 20,524,251	\$ 19,262,627			
Other revenues	300,789	71,939			
Total Operating Revenues	20,825,040	19,334,566			
Operating Expenses					
Personnel expenses	4,391,736	4,052,236			
Office expenses	19,732	17,770			
General and administrative	218,690	216,132			
Professional services	282,612	237,400			
Supplies and equipment	1,458,869	1,266,434			
Monitoring expenses	98,483	85,766			
Repairs and maintenance	238,290	262,983			
Utilities	1,212,960	661,935			
Unexpended operating reimbursements (Note 1)	729,234	330,353			
Depreciation and amortization	1,027,928	2,710,417			
Other expenses	859,441	791,788			
Total Operating Expenses	10,537,975	10,633,214			
Operating Income	10,287,065	8,701,352			
Non-Operating Revenues					
Interest income	328,130	176,276			
Gain on disposal of capital assets	6,300	36,976			
Total Non-Operating Revenues	334,430	213,252			
Non-Operating Expenses					
Interest expenses	2,869,594	2,994,662			
Bond issuance expenses	576,155	-			
Loss on disposal of capital assets	28,156	10,788			
Interest income paid to project participants	301,630	176,276			
Total Non-Operating Expenses	3,775,535	3,181,726			
Increase in net position	6,845,960	5,732,878			
Change in Net Position	6,845,960	5,732,878			
Net position, at beginning of year, as restated (Note 11)	45,427,613	39,694,735			
Net position, at end of year	\$ 52,273,573	\$ 45,427,613			

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

	For the fisca	ıl year ended
	June 30, 2017	June 30, 2016
Cash Flows From Operating Activities		
Cash received from project participants and other operating activities	\$ 21,364,032	\$ 20,498,392
Cash payments to employees	(2,999,207)	(2,925,502)
Cash payments to suppliers	(6,148,251)	(4,813,852)
Net cash provided by operating activities	12,216,574	12,759,038
Cash Flows from Investing Activities		
Interest and dividends on investments	289,622	140 114
Net cash provided by investing activities	289,622	140,114 140,114
Net cash provided by investing activities	289,022	140,114
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities		
Acquisition of capital assets	(254,360)	(629,440)
Deposits received for encroachment permits	43,395	10,400
Payments on encroachment permit projects	(38,992)	(22,529)
Interest paid on long-term debt	(3,023,619)	(3,099,725)
Principal payments on long-term debt	(8,825,000)	(8,405,000)
Proceeds received from sale of capital assets	6,300	36,976
Net cash (used) for capital and		
related financing activities	(12,092,276)	(12,109,318)
Cash Flows from Non-Capital Financing Activities		
Proceeds received for DWR and Warren Act charges	41,119,703	35,658,936
Payments of DWR and Warren Act charges	(38,939,630)	(38,455,179)
Proceeds received for supplemental water purchases	184,882	2,641,963
Payments for supplemental water purchases	(2,875,000)	(1,071,174)
Net cash (used) by non-capital financing activities	(510,045)	(1,225,454)
Net (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(96,125)	(435,620)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	76,442,867	76,878,487
Unrestricted cash and investments	24,770,780	25,640,932
Restricted cash and investments held for payment to DWR	41,597,231	39,288,598
Restricted cash and investments for debt service payments	9,978,731	11,513,337
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$ 76,346,742	\$ 76,442,867
Cash Flows From Operating Activities		
Operating Income	\$ 10,287,065	\$ 8,701,532
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:	\$ 10,267,005	\$ 0,/01,552
Depreciation and amortization	1,027,928	2,710,417
Unexpended operating reimbursements payable to project participants		330,353
Operating revenues paid from credits and unearned revenue	296,653	865,519
Increase in other post-employment liability	56,516	-
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable	(180,822)	151,217
Mark and the control of the Charles		

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of these statements.

Net cash provided by operating activities

12,759,038

12,216,574

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

Supplemental Disclosures of Cash Flow Information

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017 June 30, 2016

Schedule of Non-Cash Capital and Related Financing Activities

The Authority completed the construction of certain assets and transferred them from construction in progress to property, plant and equipment.

\$ 151,352 \$ 1,189,169

The Authority disposed of certain property, plant and equipment which were determined to no longer be usable.

\$ 107,509 \$ 223,695

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accounting policies of the Central Coast Water Authority ("Authority") conform to Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP). The following summary of the Authority's more significant accounting policies is presented to assist the reader in interpreting the financial statements and other data in this report. These policies should be viewed as an integral part of the accompanying financial statements.

A. Reporting Entity

The primary purpose of the Central Coast Water Authority is to provide for the development, financing, construction, operation and maintenance of certain local (non-state owned) facilities required to deliver water from the State Water Project (the "SWP") to certain water purveyors and users in Santa Barbara County.

The Central Coast Water Authority was created by its members in August 1991. The Authority is presently composed of eight members, all of which are public agencies, as follows: the cities of Buellton, Guadalupe, Santa Barbara, and Santa Maria, Carpinteria Valley Water District, Goleta Water District, Montecito Water District and the Santa Ynez River Water Conservation District, Improvement District No. I (SYRWCD, ID#1, in which the City of Solvang is located). (A founding member of the Authority, the Summerland Water District, merged into the Montecito Water District.) In addition, the Authority has one associate member, the La Cumbre Mutual Water Company (together with the members, the "Purveyor Participants"). Each of the Purveyor Participants has entered into a Water Supply Agreement with the Authority, as have non-members: Vandenberg Air Force Base ("Vandenberg AFB"), Raytheon Systems Company (formerly Santa Barbara Research Center), Morehart Land Company and Golden State Water Company (the "Consumer Participants").

The Authority Participants are located in three different geographic areas of Santa Barbara County: North County (Guadalupe, Santa Maria, Golden State Water Company and Vandenberg AFB); the Santa Ynez Valley (Buellton and SYRWCD, ID#I); and the South Coast (Carpinteria, Goleta, La Cumbre Mutual Water Company, Montecito, Morehart Land Company, Santa Barbara and Raytheon Systems Company, formerly Santa Barbara Research Center).

Historically, the North County has been an agricultural area but has seen significant urban development in the last twenty years and expects additional urban development in the future; the Santa Ynez Valley is a rural agricultural area and tourist destination; and the South Coast is a generally developed urban area which does not expect significant growth in the future.

In October 1992, the Central Coast Water Authority entered into an agreement with San Luis Obispo (SLO) County to treat water delivered through the SWP. The entities covered by the agreement include: Avila Beach Community Services District, Avila Valley Mutual Water Company, California Men's Colony, City of Morro Bay, City of Pismo Beach, County of San Luis Obispo Community Services Area #16, Irrigation District #1, Cuesta College, Oceano Community Services District, San Luis Obispo County Operations Center, San Luis Coastal Unified School District and San Miguelito Mutual Water Company.

Facilities Constructed by the Authority

The facilities constructed by the Authority include a water treatment plant located at Polonio Pass in northern San Luis Obispo County and two pipeline extensions: (1) the Mission Hills Extension, a buried pipeline approximately eleven miles long running from the terminus of the Coastal Branch (Phase II) southerly to the vicinity of the Lompoc Valley, and (2) the Santa Ynez Extension, a buried pipeline approximately thirty-two miles long running from the terminus of the Mission Hills Extension easterly through the Santa Ynez Valley, to a terminus at Cachuma Lake and includes one pumping plant near Santa Ynez and one storage tank. Water transported to Lake Cachuma is transported through the existing Tecolote Tunnel, which traverses the Santa Ynez Mountains, to the South Coast of Santa Barbara County.

The water treatment plant receives raw water from the SWP and delivers treated water to purveyors and users located in San Luis Obispo and Santa Barbara Counties.

Contractual Relationships

The State of California Department of Water Resources ("DWR") entered into contracts (the "State Water Supply Contracts") with San Luis Obispo and Santa Barbara Counties in 1963 pursuant to which the counties received Table A amounts of water from the SWP. San Luis Obispo County's Table A amount was 25,000 acre-feet per year and

Notes to Financial Statements

Santa Barbara County's Table A amount was 57,700 acrefeet per year. In 1981, Santa Barbara County amended its contract to reduce its Table A amount to 45,486 acre-feet per year.

In 1983, Santa Barbara County entered into a series of Water Supply Retention Agreements ("WSRAs") with local water purveyors and users within Santa Barbara County. These WSRAs initially granted the purveyors and users an option to obtain an assignment of Santa Barbara County's State Water Supply Contract rights and, as of July 1, 1989, actually granted the full assignment of those rights. Thereafter, certain of the local water purveyors and users holding the WSRA rights transferred those rights to the Authority, a newly formed Joint Powers Authority, in consideration for Water Supply Agreements dated August 1, 1991, which provide for the delivery of SWP water by the Authority and the payment of required costs by the transferors. The Authority's obligation to make such payments to DWR from the payments it receives pursuant to the Water Supply Agreements is senior to its obligation to make payments with respect to the Bonds. These transfers have been consented to by DWR and were validated by an agreement between Santa Barbara County and the Authority on November 12, 1991 (the "Transfer of Financial Responsibility Agreement").

The Water Supply Agreements

Each Project Participant has entered into a Water Supply Agreement to provide for the development, financing, construction, operation and maintenance of the Project. The purpose of the Water Supply Agreements is to assist in carrying out the purposes of the Authority with respect to the Project by: (1) requiring the Authority to sell, and the Project Participants to buy, a specified amount of water from the project, and (2) assigning the Project Participants' Table A amount rights in the Project to the Authority.

In accordance with the provisions of each Water Supply Agreement, the Authority fixes charges for each Project Participant to produce revenues from the Project equal to the amounts anticipated to be needed by the Authority to meet the costs of the Authority to deliver to each Project Participant its pro rata share of water from the Project as set forth in each Water Supply Agreement. Each Project Participant is required to pay to the Authority an amount equal to its share of the total Fixed Project Costs and certain other costs in the proportion established in accordance with the applicable Water Supply Agreement, including the Santa Barbara Project Participant's share of

payments to DWR under the State Water Supply Contract, as amended (including capital, operation, maintenance, power and replacement costs of the DWR Facilities), debt service on the Bonds and all Authority operating and administrative costs. Such obligation is to be honored by each Project Participant whether or not water is furnished to it from the Project at all times or not at all and whether or not the Project is completed, operable, operated or retired. Such payments are not subject to any reduction and are not conditioned upon performance by the Authority or any other Project Participant under any agreement.

The Water Supply Agreements set forth detailed provisions concerning the time and method of payment by each Contractor of certain costs, including Fixed Project Costs and other operation and maintenance costs, as well as the method of allocation of such costs and expenses and the remedies available to the Authority in the event a project participant defaults in its payments to the Authority.

B. Basis of Accounting

The Authority operates as a proprietary fund-type. All proprietary fund-types are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. Under this measurement focus, all assets and liabilities associated with the operation of these funds are included on the balance sheets. Where appropriate, net total position (i.e., fund equity) is segregated into net position invested in capital assets, net of related debt and unrestricted net assets. Proprietary fund-type operating statements present increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in net total assets.

All proprietary fund-types utilize the accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when earned, regardless of when received, and expenses are recognized at the time the related liabilities are incurred, regardless of when paid.

This report has been prepared in conformance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) as promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). Additionally, the Authority applies all Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) statements and interpretations, Accounting Principles Board (APB) opinions, and Accounting Research Bulletins (ARB's) issued on or before November 30, 1989, unless those pronouncements conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements.

C. Investments

The Authority has developed an investment policy that exceeds the minimum requirements established by the State of California. The Authority believes that it has adhered to established policies for all investment activities. As of June 30, 2017, the investment portfolio has a weighted average maturity of 0 days and a yield to maturity of 0.300%.

The Authority reports investments with a maturity at the time of purchase of less than one year at amortized cost. Investments with a maturity greater than one year at the time of purchase are reported at fair value. As of June 30, 2017 all investments are reported at amortized cost.

D. Capital Assets

Capital assets, consisting of property, plant and equipment purchased or constructed by the Authority which meet or exceed the Authority's capitalization threshold of \$10,000 and an estimated useful life of five years or more, are stated at cost. Depreciation has been computed over the estimated useful life of each asset using the straight-line method. Interest costs have been capitalized based on the average outstanding capital expenditures. In addition, certain technical and engineering related studies associated with the Project have also been capitalized and included in the basis of the assets. The ranges of depreciation rates are:

Furniture fixtures and equipment 5-10 years
Equipment 10-50 years
Buildings and structures 30-50 years
Underground pipeline 75 years

E. Inventories

Certain chemical purchases for use at the water treatment plant have been recorded to an inventory account to be expensed in proportion to the amount of water treated at the water treatment plant on a monthly basis.

F. Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the Statement of Net Position and/or the balance sheet will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents a consumption of resources that applies to a future period(s) and therefore will not be recognized as an outflow of resources

(expense/expenditure) until then. In addition to liabilities, the Statement of Net Position and/or the balance sheet will report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents an acquisition of resources that applies to a future period(s) and therefore will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. See Note 4 for a detailed listing of the deferred outflows and inflows of resources the Authority has recognized.

G. Deposits

Deposits include cash receipts from project participants for amounts payable to the Department of Water Resources (DWR) and Warren Act Charges payable to the U.S. Bureau of Reclamation and the Cachuma Operations and Maintenance Board (COMB).

H. Operating Reimbursements from Project Participants

Operating reimbursements from project participants include amounts paid for Authority operating expenses and debt service payments. Debt service operating assessment receipts for both principal and interest are recorded as operating revenues.

I. Unexpended Operating Assessments

Prior to fiscal year 2015/16, it was the Authority's policy to return unexpended fixed and variable operating assessments and interest income to the project participants after the close of each fiscal year. Beginning fiscal year 2015/16 the Authority revised this policy with respect only to the variable operating assessment component. A quarterly true-up process of variable operating costs was implemented to help avoid over and under collections due to changes in water deliveries. For fiscal year 2016/17 the unexpended fixed and variable operating assessments and the investment income earned on the Authority's unrestricted cash balances are recorded as unearned revenue and returned to the project participants as a credit against the following year's operating assessments.

J. Operating and Non-Operating Revenues and Expenses

Project participant assessment payments for operations and maintenance expenses, revenue bond debt service payments and miscellaneous revenues are considered operating revenues. Interest income and gains on sale of

capital assets and investments are considered nonoperating revenues.

Operations and maintenance expenses and depreciation and amortization expenses are considered operating expenses. Revenue bond interest expenses and other extraordinary expenses are considered non-operating expenses.

K. Long-Term Accounts Receivable

Certain project participants requested that the Authority finance local facilities and other costs associated with the State water project owned and operated by the individual project participants. These costs are recorded as a long-term receivable on the Authority's balance sheet and repaid by the project participants in the form of revenue bond debt service payments to the Authority.

L. Rate Coverage Reserve Fund

In December 1997, the Authority adopted the rate coverage reserve fund policy to provide a mechanism to allow the Authority's project participants to satisfy a portion of their obligation under Section 20(a) of the Water Supply Agreement to impose rates and charges sufficient to collect 125% of their contract payments as defined in the Water Supply Agreement.

Under the rate coverage reserve fund policy, a project participant may deposit with the Authority up to twenty five percent (25%) of its State water contract payments in a given year. Amounts on deposit in the rate coverage reserve fund are used to satisfy a portion of the rate coverage obligation found in the Water Supply Agreement.

The following table shows a summary of project participant deposits in the rate coverage reserve fund as of June 30, 2017.

Project Participant	June 30, 2017
City of Buellton	\$ 275,963
Carpinteria Valley Water District	823,757
City of Guadalupe	188,366
La Cumbre Mutual Water Company	394,805
Montecito Water District	1,423,210
City of Santa Maria	5,021,334
Shandon (SLO County)	15,555
Santa Ynez Water Conservation	611,871
District, ID #1 (City of Solvang	
portion)	
Santa Ynez WCD,ID #1	460,943
Total	\$9,215,803

M. Self-Funded Dental/Vision Insurance Plan

The Authority maintains a self-insured plan for dental and vision coverage offered to employees. Under the provisions of the plan, each full-time employee was provided \$3,280 this fiscal year to pay dental and vision expenses for the employee and their qualified dependents.

The following table shows a summary of the claims liability and claims paid for the plan years ended June 30, 2017 and 2016.

	<u>2017</u>	<u> 2016</u>
Maximum claims liability	\$ 92,660	\$ 90,824
Actual claims paid	(56,196)	(55,638)

N. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reported period. Actual results will differ from those estimates.

O. New Accounting Pronouncements

In June 2012, the GASB issued Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pension plans – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27, to improve the financial reporting requirements by state and local governmental pension plans. This statement replaces the requirements of Statements No. 27, Accounting for Pensions by State and Local Governmental Employers, and Statement No. 50, Pension Disclosures, as they relate to pension plans that are administered through trusts or equivalent arrangements that meet certain criteria. The provisions of this statement were required to be implemented in fiscal year 2015. The Authority has fully conformed to the requirements of this statement for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2016.

In November 2013, the GASB issued Statement No. 71, Pension Transition for Contributions made subsequent to the Measurement Date - an amendment of GASB Statement No. 68, to clarify the application of the transition provisions of Statement No. 68, relating to amounts associated with contributions after the measurement date. This statement amends the requirements of Statements No. 68, Accounting and

Financial Reporting for Pension plans, as they relate to the financial reporting requirements by state and local governmental pension plans. The provisions of this statement are effective for basic financial statements for periods beginning after June 15, 2014. The Authority has fully conformed to the requirements of this statement for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2017.

P. Net Pension Liability

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position and additions to/deductions from the fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the CalPERS Financial Office, and are in accordance with the implementation of GASB Statement No, 68. Investments are reported at fair value. CalPERS audited financial statements are publicly available reports that can be obtained at CalPERS' website under Forms and Publications.

Note 2: Cash and Investments

A. Pooling

The Authority follows the practice of pooling cash and investments for all funds under its direct daily control. Funds held by outside fiscal agents under provisions of the bond indenture are maintained separately. Interest income from cash and investments with fiscal agents is credited directly to the related accounts. The Authority considers all pooled cash and investments to be cash equivalents.

B. Demand Deposits

The custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that the Authority will not be able to recover deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in possession of an outside party. This risk is mitigated in that of the total bank balance, \$250,000 is insured by Federal depository insurance.

The California Government Code requires California banks and savings and loan associations to secure the Authority's deposits by pledging government securities as collateral. The market value of pledged securities must equal at least 110% of the Authority's deposits. California law also allows financial institutions to secure Authority deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150% of the Authority's total deposits.

As of June 30, 2017, the reported amount of the Authority's demand deposits was \$222,736 and the bank balance was \$392,016. The difference of \$169,280 was principally due to checks which had not yet cleared the bank.

C. Cash and Investments

The Authority is authorized by its investment policy, in accordance with Section 53601 of the California Government Code, to invest in the following instruments: securities issued or guaranteed by the Federal Government or its agencies, commercial paper, money market funds, and the State Treasurer's Local Agency Investment Funds (LAIF).

All of the Authority's deposits, except certain cash balances held by fiscal agents, are entirely insured or collateralized. The California Government Code requires California banks and savings and loans to secure the Authority's deposits by pledging government securities as collateral. The fair value of the pledged securities must equal 110% of the Authority's deposits. California law also allows financial institutions to secure Authority deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes equal to 150% of the Authority's deposits. The Authority may waive collateral requirements for deposits, which are fully insured up to \$250,000 by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC).

The fair value of pooled investments is determined annually and is based on current market prices received from the securities custodian. The fair value of participants' position in the pool is the same as the value of the pool shares. The method used to determine the value of participants' equity withdrawn is based on the book value of the participants' percentage participation at the date of such withdrawal. LAIF is required to invest in accordance with State statutes. At June 30, 2017, the carrying value of the Authority's position in LAIF is \$64,366,195 and the fair value is \$64,298,010.

Credit Risk and Concentration of Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of an investment in a single issuer. The Treasurer mitigates these risks by holding a diversified portfolio of high quality investments. The policy sets specific parameters by type of investment for credit quality, maturity length, and maximum percentage investment.

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty to a transaction, the Authority will not be able to recover the value of investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party.

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The Treasurer mitigates this risk by investing in shorter-term investments that are not subject to significant adjustments due to interest rate fluctuations.

Note 3: Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017:

	Ju	Balance ine 30, 2016	Additions/ Transfers	Deletions/ Transfers	Balance ne 30, 2017
Capital Assets, not depreciated					
Land	\$	3,178,700	\$ -	\$ - :	\$ 3,178,700
Construction-in-process		361,911	254,360	(151,352)	464,918
Total Capital Assets, not depreciated		3,540,611	254,360	(151,352)	3,643,618
Depreciable Assets:					
Furniture fixtures and equipment		423,907	10,555	-	434,462
Lab Equipment		267,902	-	-	267,902
Transportation Equipment		677,177	27,721	(25,869)	679,029
Plant Equipment		16,317,584	61,491	(30,054)	16,349,021
Pipeline Equipment		11,418,636	51,585	(51,585)	11,418,636
Buildings and structures		48,696,149	-	-	48,696,149
Underground pipeline		59,925,077	-	-	59,925,077
Total depreciable assets		137,726,432	151,352	(107,509)	137,770,276
Accumulated Depreciation:					
Furniture fixtures and equipment		(370,692)	(30,430)	-	(401,122)
Lab Equipment		(244,384)	(3,320)	-	(247,704)
Transportation Equipment		(454,057)	(111,336)	25,869	(539,524)
Plant Equipment		(7,130,386)	(343,135)	19,953	(7,453,568)
Pipeline Equipment		(6,787,839)	(344,849)	33,531	(7,099,157)
Buildings and structures		(13,327,921)	(715,217)	-	(14,043,138)
Underground pipeline		(15,009,140)	(804,067)	-	(15,813,207)
Total Accumulated Depreciation		(43,324,419)	(2,352,354)	79,352	(45,597,421)
Total Depreciable Capital Assets, net		94,402,013	(2,201,002)	(28,156)	92,172,855
Total Capital Assets, net	\$	97,942,623	\$ (1,946,642)	\$ (179,508)	\$ 95,816,473

Note 4: Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources

Beginning in Fiscal 2014, the Authority reported deferred outflows and inflows of resources in connection with its issue of revenue bonds in 2006 & 2016 and pension-related adjustments in accordance with GASB 68. The table below presents the balances of deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources as of June 30, 2017.

Deferred

	Derented
	Outflows of
	Resources
Difference Between the Reacquisition Price of New	
Debt and the Net Carrying Value of the Old Debt	\$ 13,195,235
Accumulated Amortization	(11,705,515)
Difference Between the Reacquisition Price of New	1,489,720
Debt and the Net Carrying Value of the Old Debt, net	
Pension-related adjustments	1,338,314
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$ 2,828,034
•	
	Deferred
	Inflows of
	Resources
Deferred amount on refunding	\$ 776,829
Pension-related adjustments	\$ 178,146
Total Deferred inflows of Resources	\$ 954,975

The table below presents the balances of deferred outflows and inflows of resources as of June 30, 2016, as restated.

	Deferred Outflows of Resources
Difference Between the Reacquisition Price of New	
Debt and the Net Carrying Value of the Old Debt	\$ 13,195,235
Accumulated Amortization	(11,063,069)
Difference Between the Reacquisition Price of New	2,132,166
Debt and the Net Carrying Value of the Old Debt, net	
Pension-related adjustments	558,325
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources, Net	\$ 2,690,491
	Deferred
	Inflows of
	Resources
Pension-related actuarial adjustments	\$ 420,485
Total Deferred inflows of Resources	\$ 420,485

Note 5: Long-Term Debt

On September 28, 2006, the Authority issued \$123,190,000 in revenue bonds with an average interest rate of 4.24% to refund \$142,985,000 of outstanding 1996 Revenue Bonds with an Average interest rate of 5.47%.

The refunding resulted in a difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the old

debt of \$8.25 million. This difference, reported in the accompanying financial statements as deferred outflow of resources, is being charged to operations through the year 2022 in proportion to the bond interest expense incurred for each fiscal year. The Authority completed the refunding to reduce its total debt service payments over the next 15 years by \$4.4 million and to obtain an economic gain (difference between the present values of the old and new debt service payments) of \$3.4 million.

The 1996 Revenue Bonds were issued to advance refund the 1992 Revenue Bonds. The 1992 Revenue Bonds were issued by the Authority for the benefit of its participants to finance a portion of the costs of developing a pipeline and water treatment plant, to reimburse certain project participants for costs incurred in connection with the State Water Project, and to finance certain other facilities. Each of the participants in the financing held elections authorizing issuance of revenue bonds for the construction of the State Water Project. In order to reduce issuance costs and insure the proceeds are available on a timely basis, the Authority issued the bonds for all participants requiring financing.

The City of Santa Maria, Golden State Water Company, Vandenberg AFB, Avila Valley Mutual Water Company, San Luis Coastal Unified School District, and San Miguelito Mutual Water Company contributed cash for their proportionate share of capital costs. Such net contributions totaling \$22,562,433 at June 30, 2016 and June 30, 2015 have been accounted for as contributed capital. Under the Water Supply Agreements, each Project Participants is obligated to make payments to the Authority, with the payments pledged to secure the payment of the principal and interest of the bonds. The 2006 bonds are backed by a municipal bond insurance policy issued by Financial Security Assurance.

On June 28, 2016 the Authority issued Series 2016A refunding revenue bonds in the amount of \$45,470,000, which refunded the outstanding \$59,645,000 Series 2006A revenue bonds on October 1, 2016. The 2016A refunding revenue bonds were issued to realize the benefits of lower interest rates, which were issued at a true interest cost of 1.355% compared to the 4.24% true interest costs of the 2006A bonds. The bond refunding transaction was completed at the close of escrow on July 21, 2016.

The annual requirements to pay all debt outstanding, as of June 30, 2017, are as follows:

Fiscal Year	Interest	Principal	Total
2018	2,076,500	7,880,000	9,956,500
2019	1,661,500	8,720,000	10,381,500
2020	1,214,500	9,160,000	10,374,500
2021	745,125	9,615,000	10,360,125
2022	252,375	10,095,000	10,347,375
	\$ 5,950,000	\$ 45,470,000	\$ 51,420,000

The 2016A bond outstanding bear interest of 5.00%, with a true interest cost of 1.355%.

The long-term liability activity for the year ended June 30, 2017 was as follows:

	Balance				Balance
Revenue Bonds:	July 1, 2016	Additions	Reductions	Ju	ne 30, 2017
Series 2006A Revenue Bonds	\$ 59,645,000	\$ -	\$ (59,645,000)	\$	-
Premium on issuance of 2006 Series A	1,086,773	-	(1,086,773)		-
Series 2016A Revenue Bonds	-	45,470,000	-		45,470,000
Premium on issuance of 2016 Series A	-	5,933,141	(1,692,112)		4,241,029
Total	60,731,773	\$ 51,403,141	(62,423,885)		49,711,029
Less: Current Portion	(8,825,000)		\$ 945,000		(7,880,000)
Total Bonds Payable, net	51,906,773	51,403,141	(61,478,885)		41,831,029
OPEB Liability	38,078	94,594	(38,078)		94,594
Rate Coverage Reserve Fund	9,185,782	30,021	-		9,215,803
Net Pension Liability	2,551,875	766,449	-		3,318,324
Total Non-Current Liabilities	\$ 63,682,508	\$ 52,294,205	\$ (61,516,963)	\$	54,459,750

Note 6: Pension Plan

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position and additions to/deductions from the fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the CalPERS Financial Office. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when currently due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

A. General Information about the Pension Plans

Plan Description - All qualified employees and probationary employees are eligible to participate in the Authority's cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan (Plan) administered by the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS). The Plan consists of individual rate plans (benefit tiers) within a miscellaneous risk pool. Plan assets may be used to pay benefits for any employer rate plan of the miscellaneous pools. Accordingly, rate plans are not separate plans under GASB Statement No. 68. Individual employers may sponsor more than one rate plan in the miscellaneous pool. The Authority currently sponsors one miscellaneous rate plan. Benefit provisions under the Plan are established by State statute and the Authority's resolution. CalPERS issues publicly available reports that include a full description of the pension plans regarding benefit provisions, assumptions and membership information that can be found on the CalPERS website.

Benefits Provided – CalPERS provides service retirement and disability benefits, annual cost of living adjustments and death benefits to plan members, who must be public employees and beneficiaries. Benefits are based on years of credited service, equal to one year of full time employment. Classic and PEPRA members with five years of total service are eligible to retire at age 50 or 52 respectively with statutorily reduced benefits. All members are eligible for nonduty disability benefits after 10 years of service. The death benefit is one of the following: the Basic Death Benefit, the 1959 Survivor Benefit, or the Optional Settlement 2W Death Benefit. The cost of living adjustments for each plan are applied as specified by Public Employees' Retirement Law.

The rate plan provisions and benefits in effect at June 30, 2016, are summarized as follows:

•	Author	ity Plan
Hire date	Classic Member* Prior to January 1, 2013	PEPRA On or after January 1, 2013
Benefit formula	2% @ 55	2% @ 62
Benefit vesting schedule	5 years service	5 years service
Benefit payments	monthly for life	monthly for life
Retirement age	50 - 63	52 - 67
Monthly benefits, as a % of eligible compensation	1 1269 to 2 1189	1.000% to 2.500%
Required employee contribution rates	7%	6.50%
Required employer contribution rates	15.071%	6.93%

Beginning in fiscal year 2016, CalPERS collects employer contributions for the Plan as a percentage of payroll for the normal cost portion as noted in the rates above and as a dollar amount for contributions toward the unfunded liability and side fund. The dollar amounts are billed on a monthly basis. The Authority's required contribution for the unfunded liability was \$156,503 in fiscal year 2017.

*A Classic PERS member is an employee who qualifies under one of the following categories: An employee who was brought into CalPERS membership for the first time prior to January 1, 2013. An employee that was hired on or after January 1, 2013, yet is eligible for reciprocity with another public retirement system. An employee who is brought back by the same CalPERS employer, regardless of the length of break in service.

Contributions - Section 20814(c) of the California Public Employees' Retirement Law (PERL) requires that the employer contribution rates for all public employers be determined on an annual basis by the actuary and shall be effective on the July 1 following notice of a change in the rate. Funding contributions for the Plans are determined annually on an actuarial basis as of June 30 by CalPERS. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance any unfunded accrued liability. The Authority is required to contribute the difference between the actuarially determined rate and the contribution rate of employees.

Note 6: Pension Plan (Continued)

The Authority's contributions to the Plan for the year ended June 30, 2017 were \$548,429.

B. Pension Liabilities, Pension Expenses and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

As of June 30, 2017, the Authority reported net pension liabilities for its proportionate share of the net pension liability of each Plan as follows:

Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability/(Asset) Fiscal Year Ending

	June 30, 2017	June 30, 2016
Miscellaneous	\$ 3,318,324	\$ 2,551,875

The Authority's net pension liability for the Plan is measured as the proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability of the Plan is measured as of June 30, 2016, and the total pension liability for the Plan used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2015 rolled forward to June 30, 2016 using standard update procedures. The Authority's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the Authority's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined.

Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability/(Asset)

	Percenta of	Change: Increase	
	6/30/2017	6/30/2016	(Decrease)
Measurement Date	6/30/2016	6/30/2015	
Percentage of Plan (PERF C) NPL	0.038348%	0.037178%	0.001170%

For the year ending June 30, 2017, the Authority reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Pension Expenses (Income) for Fiscal Year

	2016/17
Total pension expense for fiscal year	\$ 292,550

	Deferred Outflows of <u>Resources</u>	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 14,154	\$ 3,243
Changes of assumptions		133,915
Net differences between projected and actual earnings on plan investments	696,982	
Change in employer's proportion	49,445	29,924
Differences between the employer's contributions and the employer's proportionate share of contributions	29,304	11,064
Pension contributions subsequent to measurement date	548,429	
Total	\$ 1,338,314	\$ 178 , 146

\$1,338,314 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2018. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized as pension expense as follows:

	Deferred
Year Ending	Outflows/(Inflows)
June 30	of Resources
2018	\$ 54,454
2019	67,059
2020	309,700
2021	180,526
2022	-
Thereafter	-

Actuarial Assumptions - For the measurement period ending June 30, 2016, the total pension liabilities were determined by rolling forward the June 30, 2015 total pension liability. The June 30, 2015 and June 30, 2016 total pension liabilities were based on the following actuarial methods and assumptions:

Valuation DateJune 30, 2015Measurement DateJune 30, 2016Entry Age Normal CostActuarial Cost MethodMethodDiscount Rate7.65%Inflation2.75%Projected salary(1)Increase(1)Investment Rate of ReturnDerived using CalPERS'MortalityMembership Data for all funds (3)Post Retirement Benefit2.75% until Purchasing PowerIncreaseProtection Allowance Floor on Purchasing Power applies 2.75% thereafter		Plan	
Actuarial Cost Method Discount Rate Inflation Projected salary Increase Investment Rate of Return Membership Data for all funds (3) Contract COLA up to 2.75% until Purchasing Power Protection Allowance Floor on Purchasing Power applies 2.75%	Valuation Date	June 30, 2015	
Actuarial Cost Method Discount Rate Discount Rate Inflation Projected salary Increase Investment Rate of Return T,65% (2) Derived using CalPERS' Mortality Membership Data for all funds (3) Contract COLA up to 2,75% until Purchasing Power Protection Allowance Floor on Purchasing Power applies 2,75%	Measurement Date	June 30, 2016	
Discount Rate 7.65% Inflation 2.75% Projected salary Increase (1) Investment Rate of Return 7.65% (2) Mortality Derived using CalPERS' Membership Data for all funds (3) Contract COLA up to 2.75% until Purchasing Power Protection Allowance Floor on Purchasing Power applies 2.75%		Entry Age Normal Cost	
Inflation 2.75% Projected salary Increase (1) Investment Rate of Return 7.65% (2) Derived using CalPERS' Membership Data for all funds (3) Contract COLA up to 2.75% until Purchasing Power Protection Allowance Floor on Purchasing Power applies 2.75%	Actuarial Cost Method	Method	
Projected salary Increase Investment Rate of Return Derived using CalPERS' Membership Data for all funds (3) Contract COLA up to 2.75% until Purchasing Power Protection Allowance Floor on Purchasing Power applies 2.75%	Discount Rate	7.65%	
Increase Investment Rate of Return Derived using CalPERS' Membership Data for all funds (3) Contract COLA up to 2.75% until Purchasing Power Protection Allowance Floor on Purchasing Power applies 2.75%	Inflation	2.75%	
Investment Rate of Return 7.65% (2) Derived using CalPERS' Membership Data for all funds (3) Contract COLA up to 2.75% until Purchasing Power Protection Allowance Floor on Purchasing Power applies 2.75%	Projected salary		
Return 7.65% (2) Derived using CalPERS' Membership Data for all funds (3) Contract COLA up to 2.75% until Purchasing Power Protection Allowance Floor on Purchasing Power applies 2.75%	Increase	(1)	
Mortality Derived using CalPERS' Membership Data for all funds (3) Contract COLA up to 2.75% until Purchasing Power Protection Allowance Floor on Purchasing Power applies 2.75%	Investment Rate of		
Mortality Membership Data for all funds (3) Contract COLA up to 2.75% until Purchasing Power Protection Allowance Floor on Purchasing Power applies 2.75%	Return	7 . 65% ⁽²⁾	
funds (3) Contract COLA up to 2.75% until Purchasing Power Protection Allowance Floor on Purchasing Power applies 2.75%		Derived using CalPERS'	
Contract COLA up to 2.75% until Purchasing Power Protection Allowance Floor on Purchasing Power applies 2.75%	Mortality	•	
Post Retirement Benefit 2.75% until Purchasing Power Protection Allowance Floor on Purchasing Power applies 2.75%		funds ⁽³⁾	
Power Protection Allowance Floor on Purchasing Power applies 2.75%		Contract COLA up to	
Protection Allowance Floor on Purchasing Power applies 2.75%	Post Retirement Benefit	2.75% until Purchasing	
Increase Floor on Purchasing Power applies 2.75%		Power	
Power applies 2.75%		Protection Allowance	
Power applies 2.75%	Increase	Floor on Purchasing	
thereafter	incicase	Power applies 2.75%	
		thereafter	

- (1) Depending on age, service and type of employment
- (2) Net of pension plan investment and administrative expenses; includes inflation
- (3) The mortality table used was developed based on CalPERS' specific data. The table includes 20 years of mortality improvements using Society of Actuaries Scale BB. For more details on this table, please refer to the 2015 experience study report.

All other actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2015 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period 1997 to 2011, including updates to salary increase, mortality and retirement rates. The Experience Study report may be accessed on the CalPERS website at www.calpers.ca.gov under Forms and Publications.

Change in Assumptions – There were no changes of assumptions

Discount Rate - The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.65 percent. To determine whether the municipal bond rate should be used in the calculation of the discount rate for each plan, CalPERS stress tested plans that would most likely result in a discount rate that would be different from the actuarially assumed discount rate. The tests revealed the assets would not run out. Therefore, the current 7.65 percent discount rate is appropriate and the use of the municipal bond rate calculation is not deemed necessary. The long-term expected discount rate of 7.65 percent is applied to all plans in the Public Employees' Retirement Fund (PERF). The cash flows used in the testing were developed assuming that both members and employers will make their required contributions on time and as scheduled in all future years. The stress test results are presented in a detailed report called "GASB Crossover Testing Report" that can be obtained at CalPERS website under the GASB 68 section.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class.

In determining the long-term expected rate of return, staff took into account both short-term and long-term market return expectations as well as the expected pension fund (PERF) cash flows. Taking into account historical returns of all the Public Employees Retirement Funds' asset classes (which includes the agent plan and two cost-sharing plans or PERF A, B, and C funds), expected compound (geometric) returns were calculated over the short-term (first 10 years) and the long-term (11-60 years) using a building-block approach. Using the expected nominal returns for both short-term and long-term, the present value of benefits was calculated for each PERF fund. The expected rate of return was set by calculating the single equivalent expected return that arrived at the same present value of benefits for cash flows as the one calculated using both short-term and long-term returns. The expected rate of return was then set equal to the single equivalent rate calculated above and rounded down to the nearest one quarter of one percent.

The table below reflects long-term expected real rate of return by asset class. The rate of return was calculated using the capital market assumptions applied to determine the discount rate and asset allocation.

CalPERS is scheduled to review all actuarial assumptions as part of its regular Asset Liability Management (ALM) review cycle that is schedule to be completed in February 2018. Any changes to the discount rate will require CalPERS Board action and proper stakeholder outreach. For these reasons, CalPERS expects to continue using a discount rate net of administrative expenses for GASB 67 and 68 calculations through at least the 2017-18 fiscal year. CalPERS will continue to check the materiality of the difference in calculation until such time as they have changed their methodology.

Asset Class	Current Target Allocation	Real Return Years 1–10 ^(a)	Real Return Years 11+ ^(b)
Global Equity	47.00%	5.25%	5.71%
Global Fixed	19.00%	0.99%	2.43%
Income			
Inflation	6.00%	0.45%	3.36%
Sensitive			
Private Equity	12.00%	6.83%	6.95%
Real Estate	11.00%	4.50%	5.13%
Infrastructure	3.00%	4.50%	5.09%
and Forestland			
Liquidity	2.00%	(0.55)%	(1.05)%
Total	100.00%		

⁽a) An expected inflation of 2.5% used for this period.

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate – The following presents the Authority's proportionate share of the net pension liability for the Plan, calculated using the discount rate for the Plan, as well as what the Authority's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower or 1-percentage point higher than the current rate:

Miscellaneous	Discount Rate – 1% (6.65%)	Current Discount Rate (7.65%)	Discount Rate + 1% (8.65%)
Plan's Net Pension	` ' ' '	\$3,318,324	(, ,
Liability/(Asset)			

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position – Detail information about each pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CalPERS financial reports.

Note 7: Post-Employment Benefits Other Than Pensions

The Authority provides other post-employment benefits (OPEB), to qualified employees who retire within 120 days of separation from employment with the Authority, and are enrolled in an insurance program under the California Public Employees' Medical and Hospital Care Act (PEMHCA) at the time of retirement. The CalPERS PEMHCA Plan is a defined contribution, cost sharing multiple-employer defined benefit healthcare plan providing benefits to active and retired employees. The healthcare plan is administered by the CalPERS. Copies of the CalPERS annual financial report can be found online at www.calpers.ca.gov.

Plan Description - Eligibility: For full time employees retired prior to September 22, 2016, or retiring with less than 10 years of service with the Authority, the benefit will be the minimum contribution as required by PEMCHA. Vesting will be applied to an enhanced retiree benefit that is provided for employees retired after September 22, 2016, who are at least 62 years of age at retirement and have at least 10 years of service with the Authority. This vesting schedule ranges from 50% to 80% of the retiree premium only and is based on years of CCWA service. The enhanced contribution requirements are established and may be amended by the Board of Directors.

Funding Policy: PEMHCA determines the amount contributed by the Authority toward retiree health Currently, the Authority is required to insurance. contribute \$128 per month toward the cost of retiree health insurance, which is the same amount contributed toward active employee health insurance. The balance of the premium, averaging approximately \$225 per month, is paid directly by the retirees to CalPERS. The mandatory employer contribution for active and retiree health insurance is increased annually in accordance with PEMHCA Beginning in calendar year 2009, the regulations. contribution amount increases by the change in the annual consumer price index. During the 2016-17 fiscal year \$5,123 was recognized for post-retirement health insurance contribution on a pay-as-you-go basis.

The Authority is required to record the annual required contribution of the employer (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an on-going basis, is projected to cover normal costs each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liability (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed 30 years.

⁽b) An expected inflation of 3.0% used for this period.

Annual OPEB Cost: For fiscal year ended June 30, 2017, the Authority contributed \$5,123 for pay-as-you-go premiums to the Plan. As a result, the Authority has calculated and recorded the Net OPEB Obligation, representing the difference in the ARC, amortization and contributions, as presented below:

	TTCC OT ED
	Obligation
	Calculation
Annual Required Contribution (ARC)	\$ 62,935
Amortization of Net OPEB Liability	34,312
Interest on Net OPEB Liability	2,470
Annual OPEB Cost	99,717
Contributions made	(43,201)
Increase (decrease) in OPEB obligation	56,516
Net OPEB Obligation – Beginning of year	38,078
Net OPEB Obligation – End of year	\$ 94,594

Net OPEB

The Authority's annual required contributions and actual contributions for the year ended June 30 and the two preceding years are set forth below:

Fiscal	Annual			% of Annual
Year	OPEB	Actual	Net OPEB	OPEB Cost
Ended	Cost	Contribution	Obligation	Contributed
6/30/2015	44,715	49,872	38,780	111.53%
6/30/2016	44,151	44,853	38,078	101.59%
6/30/2017	99,717	43,201	94,594	43.32%

Funded Status and Funding Progress:

The funded status of the plan as of June 30, 2017, is shown below:

Actuarial accrued liability (AAL)	\$ 882,119
Actuarial value of plan assets	234,570
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL)	\$ 647,549
Covered payroll (active plan members)	\$ 2,898,015
UAAL as a percentage of covered payroll	22.3%

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revisions as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented as Required Supplementary Information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multi-year trend information that shows whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions: Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

In the June 30, 2017, actuarial valuation, the Entry Age cost method was used. The actuarial assumptions included a 7.2% investment rate of return (net of administrative expenses) and an inflation assumption of 5%. The plans unfunded actuarial accrued liability is being amortized over a 30- year open amortization period.

The Authority pre-funded \$38,078 in retiree healthcare costs that were deposited in an irrevocable trust for retiree healthcare costs that was established in the 2013-14 fiscal year.

Note 8: Commitments and Uncertainties

The Authority entered into a water exchange agreement with Antelope Valley-East Kern Water Agency (AVEK) in 2015 on behalf of certain project participants for a total of 9,600 acre-feet (AF) of water. This exchange was an even 1:1 exchange with participants responsible for the transportation charges for returning the water. Transportation charges include the Variable Operation, Maintenance, Power, and Replacement Component of the Transportation Charge and the Off-Aqueduct Power Facilities Cost for each acre-foot of water returned to AVEK, and are estimated to be \$250/AF. As of June 2017, 71 AF had been returned, leaving a balance of 9,529 AF to be returned in the future. Estimated transportation costs for that water are \$2,382,250. Actual costs and timing of the return are not known at this time, however all water in this exchange must be returned by December 31, 2025.

The Authority entered into an additional exchange agreement with AVEK in 2016 on behalf of certain project participants to allow for delivery of 10,000 AF of water. That agreement was an unbalanced 2:1 exchange requiring return of 5,000 AF, with no obligation to pay transportation charges. As of June 2017, a total of 2,029 AF has been returned, leaving a balance of 2,971 to be returned. Actual timing of the return is not known at this time, however all water in the 2016 AVEK exchange must be returned no later than December 31, 2026.

The Authority leases equipment under non-cancelable operating leases. Minimum rental commitments for these operating leases in effect at June 30, 2017 were \$2,694 (2017) and \$4,781 thereafter, resulting in total minimum payments of \$7,475.

The Authority is involved in various legal proceedings, lawsuits and claims of a nature considered normal for its activities. It is the Authority's policy to accrue for amounts related to these legal matters if it is probable that a liability has been incurred and an amount is reasonably estimable. For the periods ending June 30, 2017 and June 30, 2016, the Authority had no liability for claims or judgments.

All of the accounts receivable recorded by the Authority are payable by its local participants and the DWR under the agreements more fully described in Note 1.

Note 9: Joint Powers Insurance Authority

The Authority participates in the liability, property and fidelity bond insurance program organized by the Association of California Water Agencies Joint Powers Insurance Authority ("ACWA - JPIA"). ACWA - JPIA is a joint powers insurance authority created to provide a self-insurance program to water agencies in the State of California.

ACWA-JPIA provides liability, property, workers' compensation, fidelity, boiler and machinery insurance for approximately 300 water agencies for losses in excess of the members' specified self-insurance retention levels. Individual claims (and aggregate public liability and property claims) in excess of specified levels are covered by excess insurance policies purchased from commercial carriers. ACWA - JPIA is governed by a board composed of members from participating members. The board controls the operations of ACWA - JPIA, including selection of management and approval of operating budgets, independent of any influence by the members beyond their representation on the board.

Each member shares surpluses and deficiencies proportionately to its participation in ACWA - JPIA. The Authority has not incurred any settlements which exceeded insurance coverage for the past three fiscal years.

Note 10: Deferred Compensation Plan

The Authority offers its employees a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. Under the terms of this plan, employees may defer amounts of income up to one

hundred percent of salary or \$18,000 per year, whichever is less. Additionally, employees over the age of 50 are permitted to defer up to an additional \$6,000 per year for those years in which they did not fully contribute the annual maximum prior to age 50.

Note 11: Restatement - Correction of Error

A prior period adjustment of \$551,398 was made to the Statement of Net Position as of June 30, 2017, to increase the beginning net position of the Authority to correct the deferred inflows and outflows of resources calculation as they related to the Authority's pension plan, and to be in accordance with the implementation of GASB 68 and GASB 71. See Note 6 for further details of the pension plan. An adjustment was made to personnel expenses to modify the fiscal year ending June 30, 2016 Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Change in Net Position. Additionally, the Statement of Cash Flows was also changed to reflect the corresponding changes made to the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Change in Net Position balances. The Deferred Inflows and Outflows balances and the Personnel expenses for the fiscal year were adjusted from the balances as they appeared on the June 30, 2016 CAFR, as shown in the tables below.

Adjustments to Statement of Net Position Balances

Account	June 30, 2016 Balance <u>As originally</u> <u>recorded</u>	June 30, 2016 Balance <u>As revised</u>
Deferred outflows of resources – Deferred pension-related adjustments	\$ 593,558	\$ 558,325
Deferred inflows of resources – Deferred pension-related adjustments	\$ 1,007,117	\$ 420,485

Adjustments to Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Change in Net Position

Account	June 30, 2016 Balance	June 30, 2016 Balance
	As originally recorded	As Revised
Personnel Expenses	\$ 4,603,634	\$ 4,052,236

Adjustments to Statement of Cash Flows

Account	June 30, 2016 Balance <u>As originally</u>	June 30, 2016 Balance	
	<u>recorded</u>	As revised	
Operating Income	\$ 8,149,954	\$ 8,701,352	
Operating revenues paid from credits and unearned revenue	\$ 1,417,097	\$ 865,519	

The financial statements are adjusted in accordance with Government Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 68 (GASB 68) to provide what the Authority believes is a more complete and accurate reporting of information as it relates to applicable account balances and expenses in their relation to the periods ending June 30, 2016 and June 30, 2017.

Required Supplementary Information

SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY LAST TEN YEARS*

As of June 30, 2017

	2017	2016	2015
Authority's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	0.038348%	0.037178%	0.040196%
Authority's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$3,318,324	\$2,551,875	\$2,501,206
Authority's Covered - Employee Payroll	2,771,667	2,713,663	2,860,537
Authority's Proportionate Share of the net pension liability as percentage of covered-			
employee payroll	119.72%	94.04%	87.44%
Plan's fiduciary net position as a percentage of the plan's total pension liability	74.06%	78.40%	79.28%

^{*} Fiscal year 2015 was the 1st year of implementation, therefore only three years are shown. The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of June 30.

Required Supplementary Information

SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS - LAST 10 YEARS ¹ As of June 30, 2017

Miscellaneous Plan

	2016-17 ¹	2015-16 ¹	2014-15 ¹
Actuarial determined contributions Contributions in relation to the actuarially	\$ 548,429 \$	395,321	\$ 392,033
determined contribution ²	(548,429)	(395,321)	(392,033)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ - \$	- !	\$ -
Authority's covered-employee payroll ^{3, 4} Contributions as a percentage of	\$ 2,835,039 \$	2,771,667	\$ 2,713,663
covered-employee payroll ³	19.34%	14.26%	14.45%

¹ Fiscal year 2015 was the 1st year of implementation, therefore only three years are shown.

² Employers are assumed to make contributions equal to the actuarially determined contributions. However, some employers may choose to make additional contributions towards their unfunded liability. Employer contributions for such plans exceed the actuarially determined contributions.

³ Covered-Employee Payroll represented above is based on pensionable earnings provided by the employer. However, GASB 68 defines covered-employee payroll as the total payroll of employees that are provided pensions through the pension plan. Accordingly, if pensionable earnings are different than total earnings for covered-employees, the employer should display in the disclosure footnotes the payroll based on total earnings for the covered group and recalculated the required payroll-related ratios.

⁴ Fiscal Payroll from prior year was assumed to increase by the 3.00% payroll growth assumption

Required Supplementary Information

POST-RETIREMENT HEALTH CARE DEFINED BENEFIT PLAN SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS

Fiscal year	ial Required ntributions (ARC)	Actual tributions	Percentage of the ARC Contributed	Net OPEB (Obligation) Asset		
June 30, 2012	\$ 42,047	\$ 1,344	3.20%	\$	(40,703)	
June 30, 2013	42,437	1,373	3.24%		(81,767)	
June 30, 2014	48,748	86,578	177.60%		(43,937)	
June 30, 2015	44,715	49,872	111.53%		(38,780)	
June 30, 2016	44,151	44,853	101.59%		(38,078)	
June 30, 2017	99,717	43,201	43.32%		(94,594)	

POST-RETIREMENT HEALTH CARE DEFINED BENEFIT PLAN SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS

										Unfı	unded
					l	Infunded				(Over	funded)
			Er	ntry Age	(0)	verfunded)				Act	uarial
	A	Actuarial	Α	ctuarial	,	Actuarial				Liab	ility as
Actuarial	•	Value of	Α	ccrued		Accrued	Fι	ınded	Covered	Percei	ntage of
Valuation		Assets	L	iability		Liability	F	Ratio	Payroll	Covere	d Payroll
Date		(A)		(B)		(B-A)	(A/B)	(C)	[(B-	-A)/C]
June 30, 2012	\$	-	\$	518,118	\$	518,118		0.00%	\$ 2,491,505		20.80%
June 30, 2013		-		336,950		336,950		0.00%	2,686,735		12.54%
June 30, 2014		84,823		396,014		311,191		21.42%	2,600,572		11.97%
June 30, 2015		134,154		443,482		309,328		30.25%	2,678,765		11.55%
June 30, 2016		172,377		485,055		312,678		35.54%	2,738,959		11.42%
June 30, 2017		234,570		882,119		647,549		26.59%	2,898,015		22.34%

Prior to July 2011 the Authority did not have an OPEB liability.

STATISTICAL SECTION



STATISTICAL SECTION NARRATIVE SUMMARY

The information in this section is not covered by the Independent Auditor's Report, but is presented as supplemental data for the benefit of the readers of the comprehensive annual financial report. The objectives of statistical section information are to provide financial statement users with additional historical perspective, context and detail to assist in using the information in the financial statements, notes to financial statements, and required supplementary information to understand and assess a government's economic condition.

Financial Trends

These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the Authority's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.

Debt Capacity

These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the Authority's current level of outstanding debt.

Economic and Demographic Information

These schedules offer economic and demographic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the Authority's financial activities take place.

Operating Information

These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the Authority's financial report relates to the activities performed by the Authority.

TABLE 1

General Governmental Revenues by Source

Fiscal Year 2007/08	\$ Operating Assessments 6,673,228	\$ Debt Service Assessments 10,851,885	\$ Other Revenues 68,927	\$ Interest Income 1,862,268	\$ Total Revenues 19,456,308
2008/09	7,583,365	10,894,767	77,193	1,012,428	19,567,753
2009/10	7,706,451	10,837,837	144,825	287,296	18,976,409
2010/11	7,100,093	10,828,491	105,552	236,522	18,270,658
2011/12	7,056,434	10,751,690	64,258	166,276	18,038,658
2012/13	7,504,558	10,758,676	125,443	139,554	18,528,231
2013/14	8,642,389	10,669,540	329,292	120,693	19,761,914
2014/15	9,100,035	10,620,321	146,713	118,755	19,985,824
2015/16	8,702,151	10,560,476	108,915	176,276	19,547,818
2016/17	9,667,165	10,857,086	307,089	328,130	21,159,470

Source: Central Coast Water Authority

(1) Beginning with fiscal year 2004/05, Operating Assessments exclude yearend credits for unexpended operating reimbursements.

Total Revenue Comparison

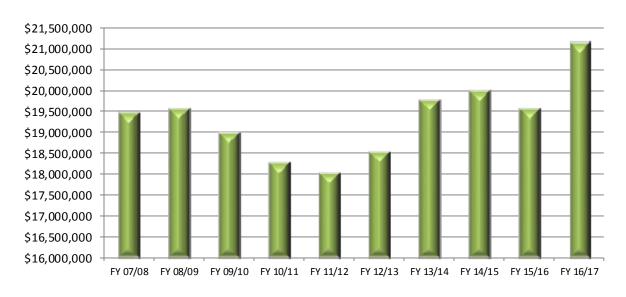


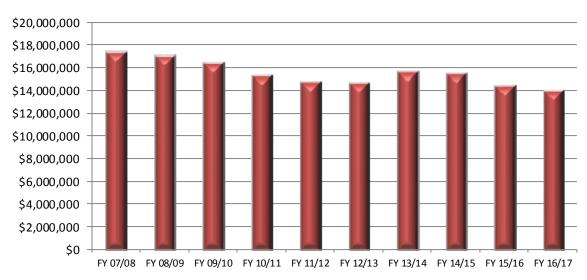
TABLE 2

General Governmental Expenses by Function

Fiscal Year	Operating Expenses	oital vements	Interest Expense	erest paid Participants	Total Expenses
2007/08	\$ 9,497,227	\$ 471,676	\$ 5,582,876	\$ 1,858,511	\$ 17,410,290
2008/09	10,464,755	293,537	5,338,226	986,862	17,083,380
2009/10	10,640,777	428,879	5,083,426	273,944	16,427,026
2010/11	10,058,131	180,428	4,818,276	236,432	15,293,267
2011/12	9,786,406	365,801	4,490,322	165,476	14,808,006
2012/13	9,908,687	459,637	4,169,532	139,500	14,677,356
2013/14	10,937,701	749,170	3,805,662	120,693	15,613,226
2014/15	11,671,645	314,087	3,409,975	118,755	15,514,462
2015/16	10,633,214	629,440	2,994,662	176,276	14,433,592
2016/17	10,537,975	254,360	2,869,594	301,630	13,963,559

Source: Central Coast Water Authority

Total Expenditures Comparison



⁽¹⁾ Beginning with fiscal year 2004/05, Operating Expenses include yearend credits for unexpended operating reimbursements, and interest credits paid to project participants are shown on a separate line.

TABLE 3

Change in Net Position and Net Position Components

Last Ten Fiscal Years

	June 30, 2008	June 30, 2009	June 30, 2010	June 30, 2011	June 30, 2012
Net position, at beginning of year	\$ 14,088,203	\$ 16,440,986	\$ 19,070,613	\$ 22,020,369	\$ 25,026,753
Operating revenues	17,587,809	18,512,443	18,685,951	18,018,693	17,872,382
Operating Expenses					
Operating expenses	5,273,497	6,387,774	5,765,512	6,006,570	5,855,361
Depreciation and amortization	3,123,041	3,104,697	3,078,809	3,053,027	2,980,787
Unexpended operating reimbursements	1,100,689	972,284	1,796,456	998,534	950,258
Total operating expenses	9,497,227	10,464,755	10,640,777	10,058,131	9,786,406
Operating Income	8,090,582	8,047,688	8,045,174	7,960,562	8,085,976
Non-analysis discourse					
Non-operating revenues Interest income and miscellaneous	1 969 100	4 042 429	204.506	354.065	166 276
interest income and miscenaneous	1,868,499	1,012,428	304,506	251,965	166,276
Non-Operating Expenses					
Interest expense	5,582,876	5,338,226	5,083,426	4,818,276	4,490,322
Bond issuance expenses	-	-	-	-	-
Interest income to project participants	1,858,511	986,862	273,944	236,432	165,476
Other expenses	164,911	105,401	42,553	151,435	52,582
Total non-operating expenses	7,606,298	6,430,489	5,399,923	5,206,143	4,708,380
Increase in Net Position	2,352,783	2,629,627	2,949,757	3,006,384	3,543,872
Refund of capital contributions	-	-	-	-	-
Restatement of net position	-	-	-	-	-
Net position, at end of year	16,440,986	19,070,613	22,020,369	25,026,753	28,570,625
Net investment in capital assets	9,153,209	12,359,972	15,969,556	19,447,578	23,467,011
Restricted - capital projects	282	-	-	-	-
Restricted - debt service	11,597,222	11,589,832	11,590,054	11,545,053	11,597,425
Unrestricted	(4,309,726)	(4,879,191)	(5,539,241)	(5,965,878)	(6,493,811)
Total Net Postion	\$ 16,440,986	\$ 19,070,613	\$ 22,020,369	\$ 25,026,753	\$ 28,570,625
:					

Continued

TABLE 3 (continued)

Change in Net Position and Net Position Components Last Ten Fiscal Years

	June 30, 2013	June 30, 2014	June 30, 2015	June 30, 2016	June 30, 2017
Net position, at beginning of year	\$ 28,570,625	\$ 32,843,775	\$ 37,640,493	\$ 39,694,735	\$ 45,427,613
Operating revenues	18,383,991	19,641,221	19,831,984	19,334,566	20,825,040
Operating Expenses					
Operating expenses	6,451,537	7,261,549	7,805,038	7,592,444	8,780,813
Depreciation and amortization	2,770,306	2,715,546	2,710,711	2,710,417	1,027,928
Unexpended operating reimbursements	686,844	960,606	1,155,896	330,353	729,234
Total operating expenses	9,908,687	10,937,701	11,671,645	10,633,214	10,537,975
Operating Income	8,475,304	8,703,520	8,160,339	8,701,352	10,287,065
Non-an-anting manager					
Non-operating revenues			0		
Interest income and miscellaneous	144,240	120,693	153,840	213,252	334,430
Non-Operating Expenses					
Interest expense	4,169,532	3,805,662	3,409,975	2,994,662	2,869,594
Bond issuance expenses	-	-	-	-	576,155
Interest income to project participants	139,500	120,693	118,755	176,276	301,630
Other expenses	37,362	101,140	88,164	10,788	28,156
Total non-operating expenses	4,346,394	4,027,495	3,616,894	3,181,726	3,775,535
Increase in Net Position	4,273,150	4,796,718	4,697,285	5,732,878	6,845,960
Refund of capital contributions	-	-	(- ()	-	-
Restatement of net position			(2,643,043)	-	
Net position, at end of year	32,843,775	37,640,493	39,694,735	45,427,613	52,273,573
Net investment in capital assets	28,134,152	33,258,360	38,420,586	44,108,951	55,164,579
Restricted - capital projects	-	-	-	-	-
Restricted - debt service	11,540,588	11,537,581	11,522,948	11,513,337	9,978,731
Unrestricted	(6,830,965)	(7,155,448)	(10,248,799)	(10,194,675)	(12,869,737)
Total Net Postion	\$ 32,843,775	\$ 37,640,493	\$ 39,694,735	\$ 45,427,613	\$ 52,273,573

TABLE 4
Fiscal Year Gross Budget History (Excludes Credits)

							Increase	Percentage
Fiscal Year	CC	WA Charges	DWR	(State) Charges	Total	(Decrease)	Change
FY 99/00	\$	4,345,803	\$	26,525,983	\$ 30,871,786	\$	(10,159,306)	-25%
FY 00/01		10,470,166		29,409,208	39,879,374		9,007,588	29%
FY 01/02		12,732,473		29,872,420	42,604,893		2,725,519	7%
FY 02/03		15,923,396		28,667,780	44,591,176		1,986,283	5%
FY 03/04		15,826,610		33,290,820	49,117,430		4,526,254	10%
FY 04/05		16,309,830		33,576,516	49,886,346		768,916	2%
FY 05/06		16,898,682		30,918,963	47,817,645		(2,068,701)	-4%
FY 06/07		17,665,638		33,887,106	51,552,744		3,735,099	8%
FY 07/08		17,368,381		34,383,152	51,751,533		198,789	0%
FY 08/09		18,866,218		32,712,348	51,578,566		(172,967)	0%
FY 09/10		19,113,716		34,400,137	53,513,853		1,935,287	4%
FY 10/11		18,542,903		37,656,903	56,199,806		2,685,953	5%
FY 11/12		19,000,056		36,704,353	55,704,409		(495,397)	-1%
FY 12/13		18,871,714		32,473,910	51,345,624		(4,358,785)	-8%
FY 13/14		19,303,293		36,720,999	56,024,293		4,678,669	9%
FY 14/15		19,905,931		38,928,105	58,834,036		2,809,743	5%
FY 15/16		21,408,675		44,258,987	65,667,662		6,833,626	12%
FY 16/17		22,991,413		34,730,498	57,721,911		(7,945,751)	-12%
FY 17/18	\$	21,280,493	\$	40,494,796	\$ 61,775,289	\$	4,053,378	7%
Inter Excludes	$CCM\Delta$	credits						

Note: Excludes CCWA credits.

CCWA Gross Budget by Fiscal Year

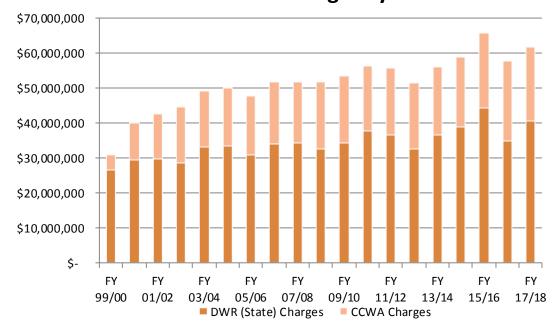


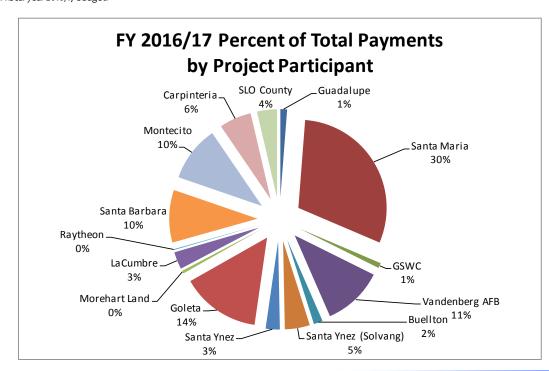
TABLE 5

FY 2016/17 Total Payments by Project Participant

Paris of Parisinant	(TY 2016/17 Operating	FY 2016/17 Debt Service	FY 2016/17 DWR	W	Y 2016/17 /arren Act	FY 2016/17 CCWA	FY 2016/17 Total
Project Participant		xpenses (1)	Payments	Costs		harges (2)	Credits	Payments
Guadalupe	\$	131,234	\$ 163,580	\$ 410,061	\$	-	\$ (3,541)	\$ 701,335
Santa Maria		3,696,367	-	12,466,943		-	(85,154)	16,078,156
Golden State Water Co.		104,016	-	366,141		-	(16,236)	453,921
Vandenberg AFB		1,248,735	-	4,846,971		-	-	6,095,706
Buellton		147,180	289,771	471,542		-	(21,887)	886,607
Santa Ynez (Solvang)		382,739	889,886	1,202,654		-	(19,302)	2,455,977
Santa Ynez		723,030	334,200	475,143		-	(244,785)	1,287,588
Goleta		968,184	2,804,754	4,294,409		387,093	24,221	8,478,662
Morehart Land		27,847	128,797	156 , 682		-	(21,772)	291,552
La Cumbre		174,414	616,613	801,109		27,657	(9,404)	1,610,389
Raytheon		8,579	26,964	45,909		3,163	(339)	84,275
Santa Barbara		711,712	1,724,208	3,087,174		269,432	(1,641)	5,790,884
Montecito		594,667	2,026,601	2,744,569		86,273	(4,325)	5,447,785
Carpinteria		391,212	1,158,438	1,761,114		84,191	664	3,395,620
Shandon		9,882	13,015	N/A		-	(754)	22,143
Chorro Valley		286,261	1,036,825	N/A		-	3,557	1,326,643
Lopez		337,343	268,101	N/A		-	(18,963)	586,482
TOTAL:	\$	9,943,402	\$ 11,481,752	\$ 33,130,419	\$	857,810	\$ (419,661)	\$ 54,993,723

 $^{(1) \} Adjusted \ for \ Santa \ Ynez \ Exchange \ Agreement \ Modifications \ and \ Regional \ WTP \ Treatment \ Allocation.$

This schedule represents the budgeted amounts plus the increase or decrease in charges for certain participants due to changes in delivery requests which were not included in the original fiscal year 2016/17 budget.



⁽²⁾ Adjusted for Santa Ynez Exchange Agreement Modifications.

TABLE 6

Ratio of Outstanding Debt by Type

For Total Bonded Debt to Total Expenses

						Ratio of Debt
				Total Debt	Total	Service to Total
Fiscal Year	Bond Issue	Principal	Interest (1)	Service	Expenses	Expenses
2007/08	2006 Bonds	5,895,000	5,641,826	11,536,826	17,540,719	65.77%
2008/09	2006 Bonds	6,190,000	5,400,126	11,590,126	17,208,095	67.35%
2009/10	2006 Bonds	6,430,000	5,147,726	11,577,726	16,545,789	69.97%
2010/11	2006 Bonds	6,695,000	4,885,226	11,580,226	15,405,833	75.17%
2011/12	2006 Bonds	6,960,000	4,577,326	11,537,326	14,912,912	77.36%
2012/13	2006 Bonds	7,335,000	4,247,463	11,582,463	14,677,356	78.91%
2013/14	2006 Bonds	7,625,000	3,900,975	11,525,975	15,613,226	73.82%
2014/15	2006 Bonds	8,010,000	3,510,100	11,520,100	15,514,462	74.25%
2015/16	2006 Bonds	8,405,000	3,099,725	11,504,725	14,433,592	79.71%
2016/17 (1) Represer	o6 & 16 Bonds	8,825,000	3,023,619	11,848,619 the capitalized interes	13,963,559	84.85%

Source: Central Coast Water Authority

Ratio of Debt Service to Total Expenses

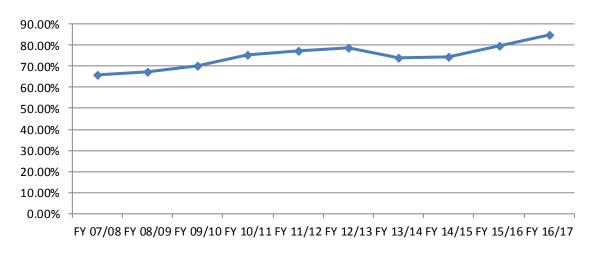


TABLE 7

Selected Demographic Information

Santa Barbara County

Santa Barbara County is located on the Pacific coast of the southern portion of the U.S. state of California, just west of Ventura County. The estimated total population of the County as of January 2017 was 450,663 according to the Santa Barbara County 2016/17 CAFR. The county seat is Santa Barbara and the largest city is Santa Maria.

For thousands of years, the area was home to the Chumash tribe of Native Americans, complex hunter-gathers who lived along the coast and in interior valleys leaving rock art in many locations including Painted Cave. European contact had devastating effects on the Chumash Indians, including a series of disease epidemics that drastically reduced Chumash population. The Chumash survived, however, and thousands of Chumash descendants still live in the Santa Barbara area or surrounding counties.

The County has a total area of 3,789 square miles and four of the Channel Islands – San Miguel Island, Anacapa Island, Santa Cruz Island and Santa Rosa Island – are in Santa Barbara County. They form the largest part of the Channel Islands National Park.

Santa Barbara County has a mountainous interior abutting a coastal plains area. The largest concentration of people is on this coastal plain, referred to as the south coast – the part of the county south of the Santa Ynez Mountains – which includes the cities of Santa Barbara, Goleta and Carpinteria, as well as the unincorporated areas of Hope Ranch, Mission Canyon, Montecito and Isla Vista. North of the mountains are the towns of Santa Ynez, Solvang, Buellton, Lompoc; the unincorporated towns of Los Olivos and Ballard; the unincorporated areas of Mission Hills and Vandenberg Village; and Vandenberg Air Force Base, where the Santa Ynez River flows out to the sea. North of the Santa Ynez Valley are the cities of Santa Maria and Guadalupe.

Santa Barbara County is home to a beautiful landscape and great climate for living, playing and working. The County is well known for its strong sense of community, prime agricultural land, award winning wineries, and attractive cultural and tourism opportunities. However, Santa Barbara County also touts its talented and highly skilled workforce and business sectors, from high tech to health care to design. Quality institutions like UC Santa Barbara and Vandenberg Airforce Base continue to attract high quality individuals to the County. It is these attributes that attract and retain businesses in the area.

TABLE 8 Miscellaneous Statistical Information

Form of government	Joint Powers Authority
Date of organization	August 1, 1991
Number of full-time equivalent positions	30.25
Polonio Pass Water Treatment Plant	
design capacity	43 million gallons per day
Authority pipeline (in miles)	42.5
Coastal Branch pipeline (in miles)	100.6
Number of water storage tanks	7
Number of turnouts	10

Agency	Table A Amount (AFY)
City of Buellton	578
Carpinteria Valley Water District	2,000
Goleta Water District	4,500
City of Guadalupe	550
La Cumbre Mutual Water Co.	1,000
Montecito Water District	3,000
Morehart Land Co.	200
City of Santa Barbara	3,000
Raytheon Systems Company	50
City of Santa Maria	16,200
Santa Ynez River W.C.D. #1	2,000
Southern California Water Co.	500
Vandenberg Air Force Base	5,500
Total Santa Barbara County *	39,078
Avila Beach C.S.D	100
Avila Valley Mutual Water Co., Inc.	20
California Mens Colony (State)	400
County of SLO C.S.A. No. 16 I.D. #1	100
County of SLO (Op. Center & Reg. Park)	425
City of Morro Bay	1,313
Oceano CSD	750
City of Pismo Beach	1,240
San Luis Coastal Unified School District	7
San Miguelito Mutual Water Co.	275
SLO Co. Comm. Coll. District (Cuesta College)	200
Total San Luis Obispo County	4,830
TOTAL TABLE A AMOUNT	43,908

Note: * Excludes CCWA drought buffer of Table A amount of 3,908 AFY and Goleta Water District additional Table A amount of 2,500 AFY.

TABLE 9
FY 2016/17 Actual State Water Deliveries (acre feet)

		Exchange	
	Table A	Agreement	Total
Project Participant	Deliveries	Deliveries	Deliveries
Shandon Turnout (SLO County)	12	N/A	12
Lopez Turnout (SLO County)	2,330	N/A	2,330
Chorro Valley Turnout (SLO County)	1,563	N/A	1,563
City of Guadalupe	482	N/A	482
City of Santa Maria	11,269	N/A	11,269
Golden State Water Company	98	N/A	98
Vandenberg Air Force Base	1,963	N/A	1,963
City of Buellton	212	N/A	212
Santa Ynez ID #1 (City of Solvang)	614	N/A	614
Santa Ynez ID #1	758	469	1,227
Goleta Water District	5,369	(169)	5,200
Morehart Land Company	37	N/A	37
La Cumbre Mutual Water Company	595	N/A	595
Raytheon Systems Company	35	N/A	35
City of Santa Barbara	4,301	(113)	4,188
Montecito Water District	2,955	(113)	2,842
Carpinteria Valley Water District	1,942	(74)	1,868
TOTAL:	34,535	-	34,535

Historical Water Deliveries (Acre-Feet)

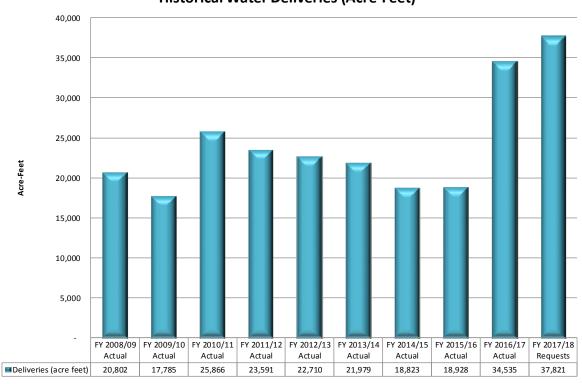


TABLE 10 Historical Water Availability Compared to Actual Deliveries & Costs Santa Barbara County Project Participants Only

	(Acre-Feet))	
Calendar	Available	Actual	Total CCWA
Year	Water	Deliveries	Actual Costs
1998	38,986	18,618	\$ 36,225,479
1999	45,486	20,137	24,898,645
2000	40,937	22,741	50,707,485
2001	23,734	18,945	39,445,139
2002	34,715	27,600	37,237,621
2003	41,476	26,970	43,929,781
2004	30,793	29,705	44,152,940
2005	41,092	23,343	43,750,040
2006	49,506	23,275	47,067,848
2007	31,516	27,740	45,660,843
2008	22,036	18,391	46,236,486
2009	24,162	15,452	48,521,830
2010	24,033	17,775	50,707,485
2011	38,389	21,050	51,876,819
2012	29,566	19,474	45,904,819
2013	22,430	18,018	54,450,977
2014 ⁽¹⁾	9,955	15,942	59,621,280
2015 ⁽²⁾	14,691	11,673	67,372,895
2016 ⁽³⁾	45,774	28,807	53,704,188
2017 (4)	51, 622	29,696	61,775,289
Total:	660,901	435,352	\$ 953,247,889
Avg. Cost per Acre-foot:	\$ 1,442 \$	2,190	
Percent of Table A:	72.65%	47.86%	

- (1) 2014 amounts include CCWA Supplemental Water Purchase Program costs of \$4.2 million for 5,909 AF.
- (2) 2015 amounts include CCWA Supplemental Water Purchase Program costs of \$4.8 million for 9,600 AF.
- (3) 2016 amounts include CCWA Supplemental Water Purchase Program costs of \$2.9 million for 11,500 AF.
- (4) 2017 amounts are estimates, and no requests were made for a CCWA Supplemental Water Purchase Program in 2017.

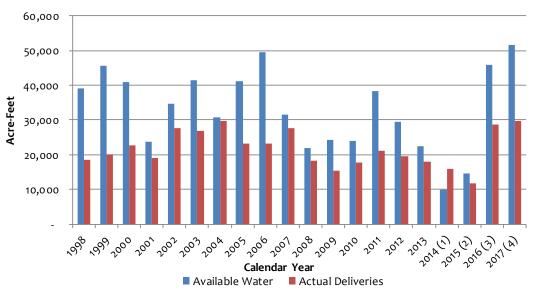


TABLE 11

Schedule of Insurance Valued June 30, 2017

<u>Company</u> Hartford Fire	Policy Period 4-1-17 to	Insurance <u>Type</u> Excess	<u>Limits</u>	<u>Coverages</u> Dishonesty and forgery coverage \$2,000,000
Insurance Company	4-1-18	Crime Coverage	\$ 2,000,000	Computer fraud \$2,000,000
Fidelity & Deposit Company of Maryland	4-1-17 to 4-1-18	Excess Crime Coverage	\$ 3,000,000	Dishonesty and forgery coverage \$3,000,000 Computer fraud \$3,000,000
ACWA Joint Powers Insurance Authority	4-1-17 to 4-1-18	Property Insurance	\$ 73,000,288	Buildings (\$30,698,063); Personal property (\$1,488,890); Fixed Equipment (\$40,813,335)
ACWA Joint Powers Insurance Authority	10-1-16 to 10-1-17	General and Auto Liability	\$ 5,000,000	Liability JPIA pooled layer
Allied Public Risk/ Allied World Assurance #5114-0007-00	10-1-16 to 10-1-17	General and Auto Liability	\$ 6,000,000	Liability umbrella policy
Great American Insurance Company/ Evanston Insurance Company #1827291/#MPEREV0057-13-03	10-1-16 to 10-1-17	General and Auto Liability	\$ 9,000,000	Liability umbrella policy
Great American Insurance Company of New York #EXC4101290	10-1-16 to 10-1-17	General and Auto Liability	\$ 10,000,000	Liability umbrella policy
Great American Insurance Co. of NY/ Endurance Risk Solutions Assurance #EXC4101295/#EXC1000788201	10-1-16 to 10-1-17	General and Auto Liability	\$ 20,000,000	Liability umbrella policy
General Security Indemnity Company of Arizona FA0024236-2016-1	10-1-16 to 10-1-17	General and Auto Liability	\$ 10,000,000	Liability umbrella policy

TABLE 12
Full-time Equivalent Employees by Position

	Number Authorized	Number Authorized	Number Authorized	Change Over	Change Over
Position Title	FY 2014/15	FY 2015/16	FY 2016/17	FY 2014/15	FY 2015/16
Executive Director	1.00	1.00	1.00	-	-
Deputy Director of Operations	1.00	1.00	1.00	-	-
Regulatory Specialist	1.00	1.00	1.00	-	-
Controller	1.00	1.00	1.00	-	-
Deputy Controller	-	-	1.00	1.00	1.00
Office Manager	1.00	1.00	1.00	-	-
Accounting Technician	1.00	0.75	0.75	(0.25)	-
Administrative Assistant	1.50	1.50	1.50	-	-
WTP Supervisor	1.00	1.00	1.00	-	-
Distribution Supervisor	1.00	1.00	1.00	-	-
Maintenance Superintendent	1.00	1.00	1.00	-	-
Maintenance Foreman	1.00	1.00	1.00	-	-
Senior Chemist	1.00	1.00	1.00	-	-
Chemist	1.00	1.00	1.00	-	-
IT/Instrumentation & Control Specialis	1.00	1.00	1.00	-	-
Engineering Technician	1.00	1.00	1.00	-	-
Maintenance Technician	2.00	2.00	2.00	-	-
Maintenance/IC&R Technician	2.00	2.00	2.00	-	-
WTP Operator	5.00	5.00	5.00	-	-
Distribution Technician	5.00	5.00	5.00		-
TOTAL:	29.50	29.25	30.25	0.75	1.00

TABLE 13
Santa Barbara County Largest Employers

		Percent of
		Total County
Company or Organization	Jobs (1)	Employment
University of California, Santa Barbara	10,726	5.16%
Vandenberg Air Force Base	6,100	2.94%
County of Santa Barbara	4,900	2.36%
Cottage Health System	3,790	1.82%
Santa Barbara City College	2,280	1.10%
Santa Barbara Unified School District	2 , 185	1.05%
Marian Medical Center	1,884	0.91%
City of Santa Barbara	1,771	0.85%
Chumash Casino Resort	1,716	0.83%
Santa Maria-Bonita School District	1,696	0.82%
Total ten largest	37,048	17.83%
Total all other	170,752	82.17%
Total companies or organizations	207,800	100.00%

(1) Santa Barbara County

Statistical Section City of Pismo Beach (San Luis Obispo County)

Historic Water Connections and Sales Revenues

			Water
Fiscal Year		Sales	Deliveries
Ending June 30	Connections	Revenues	(acre-feet per year)
2007	4,458	\$ 2,124,500	2,026
2008	4,713	2,619,579	2,018
2009	4,540	2,834,803	1,939
2010	4,558	2,874,984	1,735
2011	4,569	3,048,595	1,717
2012	4,584	3,257,915	1,785
2013	4,596	3,390,236	1,828
2014	4,695	3,793,692	1,944
2015	4,718	3,362,918	1,840
2016	4,787	3,201,546	1,644

Largest Customers as of June 30, 2016

	water	Annuai
	Usage ⁽¹⁾	Payment
Pismo Beach Mobile Home Park	10,542	\$ 42,115
Cliff's Shell Beach	10,360	36,404
Pismo Coast Village	9,907	39,915
Oxford Suites Hotel	7,115	26,743
Shorecliff Lodge	6,172	21,742
Quality Inn	6,090	22,208
Motel 6	5,972	21,826
Dolphin Bay	5,771	22,041
Seacreast Resort	5,603	20,569
Pismo Lighthouse Suites	5,407	20,973
Total	72,939	\$ 274,535

(1) In hundred cubic feet.

State Water Payment Coverage Calculations

Fiscal Year		Total		Operating Net			State Water		
Ending June 30		Revenues		Expenses		Revenues		Payments	Coverage
2007	\$	3,858,063	\$	1,923,694	\$	1,934,369	\$	939,309	2.06
2008		4,213,435		2,200,406		2,013,029		1,188,969	1.69
2009		4,563,012		1,828,215		2,734,797		1,279,114	2.14
2010		4,316,125		2,954,934		1,361,191		1,290,981	1.05
2011		4,652,847		2,665,865		1,986,982		1,633,880	1.22
2012		5,003,098		2,612,189		2,390,909		1,435,883	1.67
2013		5,002,618		2,616,024		2,386,594		1,413,314	1.69
2014		5,638,215		2,671,261		2,966,954		1,238,740	2.40
2015		6,490,834		2,748,519		3,742,315		1,562,731	2.39
2016		5,975,795		3,384,808		2,590,987		1,503,993	1.72

Source: City of Pismo Beach

Statistical Section City of Morro Bay (San Luis Obispo County)

Historic Water Connections and Sales Revenues

			Water
Fiscal Year		Sales	Deliveries
Ending June 30	Connections	Revenues	(acre-feet per year)
2007	5,489	\$ 3,911,610	1,275
2008	5,531	3,610,462	1,187
2009	5,547	3,588,500	1,130
2010	5,545	3,574,319	1,282
2011	5,385	3,421,151	1,250
2012	5,401	3,396,936	1,177
2013	5,455	3,377,534	1,141
2014	5,473	3,491,575	1,214
2015	5,455	3,311,970	1,094
2016	5,455	4,130,990	996

Largest Customers as of June 30, 2016

	Water	Annual
	Usage (1)	Payment
City of Morro Bay	14,324	\$ 286,476
Morro Bay High School - irrigation	10,218	122,136
Pacific Care Center	8,911	106,452
Missen Linen Center	8,297	99,084
CA Dept of Parks	4,856	60,204
Imperial Coast, LP	4,776	56,832
Silver City Resort	3,489	41,388
San Luis Coastal School District	3,055	35,700
Morro Elementary School	2,962	35,064
Morro Dunes Trailer Park	2,913	34,476
Total	63,801	\$ 877,812

⁽¹⁾ In hundred cubic feet.

State Water Payment Coverage Calculations

Fiscal Year	Total	Operating	Net	State Water	C-11277
Ending June 30	Revenues	Expenses	Revenues	Payments	Coverage
2007	\$ 3,896,420	\$ 1,203,618	\$ 2,692,802	\$ 1,783,837	1.51
2008	3,762,674	1,185,688	2,576,986	1,886,622	1.37
2009	3,893,904	1,273,381	2,620,523	2,055,446	1.27
2010	3,661,837	1,587,764	2,074,073	1,968,552	1.05
2011	3,491,186	1,813,559	1,677,627	2,108,814	0.80
2012	3,646,957	2,021,803	1,625,154	2,186,578	0.74
2013	3,453,217	1,764,241	1,688,976	2,155,816	0.78
2014	3,550,868	1,958,281	1,592,587	2,158,842	0.74
2015	3,332,358	1,599,955	1,732,403	2,238,795	0.77
2016	4,487,576	1,969,828	2,517,748	2,166,523	1.16

Source: City of Morro Bay

Statistical Section City of Guadalupe

Historic Water Connections and Sales Revenues

			Water
Fiscal Year	Municipal	Sales	Deliveries
Ending June 30	Connections	Revenues	(acre-feet per year)
2007	1,920	\$ 1,052,861	1,062
2008	1,916	1,198,705	920
2009	1,926	1,303,214	966
2010	1,915	1,344,941	900
2011	1,927	1,320,373	921
2012	1,931	1,466,881	989
2013	1,940	1,462,443	912
2014	1,945	1,769,651	1,078
2015	1,960	1,721,143	1,039
2016	1,973	1,624,652	952

Largest Customers as of June 30, 2016

	Water Usage ⁽¹⁾	Annual Payment
Apio Cooler	184,475 \$	677,737
Obispo Cooling	8,158	29,971
County Housing Authority	6,135	22,516
Guadalupe Union School	6,002	22,040
Riverview Townhomes	5,106	18,739
Guadalupe Laundromat	3,994	14,642
Pan American Seed	2,616	9,588
JR Simplor Co.	2,567	9,422
P& M Properties	1,390	5,098
Guadalupe Cemetery	1,087	3,991
Total	221,530 \$	813,744

⁽¹⁾ In hundred cubic feet.

State Water Payment Coverage Calculations

Fiscal Year	scal Year Total		Operating		Rate Coverage		Net		te Water	
Ending June 30	30 Revenues		Expenses		Fund Deposit		Revenues		ayments	Coverage
2007	\$	1,222,669	\$	489,461	\$	168,777	\$ 901,985	\$	675,108	1.34
2008		1,327,490		658,667		157,483	826,306		667,157	1.24
2009		1,418,311		629,726		165,923	954,508		690,201	1.38
2010		1,402,871		436,644		165,531	1,131,758		699,287	1.62
2011		1,395,787		426,842		167,444	1,136,389		667,445	1.70
2012		1,519,883		499,857		167,705	1,187,731		599,469	1.98
2013		1,515,152		435,004		167,787	1,247,935		758,852	1.64
2014		1,856,503		505,615		167,787	1,518,675		744,436	2.04
2015		1,811,430		468,004		186,615	1,530,041		741,040	2.06
2016		1,729,167		698,968		186,615	1,216,814		663,337	1.83

Source: City of Guadalupe

Statistical Section City of Santa Maria

Historic Water Connections and Sales Revenues

			Water
Fiscal Year	Water	Sales	Deliveries
Ending June 30	Connections	Revenues	(acre-feet per year)
2007	20,762	\$ 23,490,792	14,219
2008	20,830	24,605,620	14,047
2009	20,919	25,859,215	14,489
2010	20,927	25,411,420	13,986
2011	21,050	26,393,674	13,016
2012	21,199	27,803,548	13,264
2013	21,385	29,938,893	13,338
2014	21,580	31,962,813	13,882
2015	21,901	31,403,212	13,009
2016	22,152	33,883,550	12,022

Largest Customers as of June 30, 2016

	Water	Annual	
	Usage (1)	Payment	
Nipomo Community Services District	287,331 \$	964,260	
City of Santa Maria	179,771	1,114,769	
Santa Maria Elementary School	119,675	722,716	
Santa Maria Land Partners	67,105	402,028	
Titan Frozen Fruit	56,270	301,203	
Fresh Venture Foods	51,360	279,038	
Marian Hospital & Facilities	36,951	248,863	
Casa Grande Mobile Homes	53,782	223,205	
Alan Hancock College	48,411	218,224	
S.B. County Housing Authority	23,663	158,334	
Total	924,319 \$	4,632,640	

⁽¹⁾ In hundred cubic feet.

State Water Payment Coverage Calculations

			Rate			
Fiscal Year	Total	Operating	Coverage	Net	t State Wate	r
Ending June 30	Revenues (1)	Expenses	Fund	Reven	ues Payments	Coverage
2007	\$ 33,218,519	\$ 8,428,868	\$ 3,752,45	4 \$ 2	8,542,105 \$ 15,009,81	6 1.90
2008	33,047,470	8,975,078	4,169,23	2 28	8,241,624 15,138,44	3 1.87
2009	33,521,237	11,232,624	4,242,53	0 2	26,531,143 15,438,23	5 1.72
2010	32,956,256	9,282,313	4,258,07	1 2	7,932,014 17,103,08	2 1.63
2011	34,634,358	10,389,795	4,281,38	2 28	8,525,945 17,150,43	4 1.66
2012	36,330,166	10,260,908	4,288,07	1 3	14,671,34	6 2.07
2013	38,305,281	12,698,916	4,290,18	8 29	9,896,553 17,851,20	2 1.67
2014	42,467,011	11,523,665	4,290,18	8 3	35,233,534 17,793,19	8 1.98
2015	41,771,720	13,564,740	5,001,27	9 33	3,208,259 19,191,41	5 1.73
2016	44,478,328	12,193,440	5,001,27	9 3	7,286,167 16,072,29	6 2.32

⁽¹⁾ Includes wastewater fees and charges.

Source: City of Santa Maria

Statistical Section City of Buellton

Historic Water Connections and Sales Revenues

			Water
Fiscal Year		Sales	Deliveries
Ending June 30	Connections	Revenues	(acre-feet per year)
2007	1,540	\$ 1,462,049	1,343
2008	1,549	1,474,151	1,295
2009	1,548	1,467,933	1,284
2010	1,558	1,467,931	1,300
2011	1,557	1,387,651	1,184
2012	1,570	1,368,805	1,212
2013	1,569	1,460,658	1,226
2014	1,569	1,532,887	1,300
2015	1,582	1,436,127	1,141
2016	1,584	1,426,171	1,043

Largest Customers as of June 30, 2016

	Water	Annual
	Usage (1)	Payment
Buellton Union School District	16,873	\$ 33,240
Professional Investment Planning	16,832	33,159
Santa Ynez Valley Marriott	10,086	19,869
Flying Flags Association, L.P.	9,879	19,462
The Inn Group	8,006	15,772
Terravant Wine Co	7,447	14,671
Rivergrove Mobilehome Park	7,068	13,924
Sideways Inn	4,129	8,134
Figueroa Mountain Brewing	3,820	7,525
Pea Soup Andersen's	3,748	7,384
Total	87,888	\$ 173,140

⁽¹⁾ In hundred cubic feet.

State Water Payment Coverage Calculations

Fiscal Year Total		Operating Rate Coverage			Net		ate Water				
Ending June 30		Revenues		Expenses		Fund Deposit		Revenues		ayments	Coverage
2007	\$	1,876,713	\$	521,113	\$	219,910	\$	1,575,510	\$	879,640	1.79
2008		2,041,664		455,528		242,535		1,828,671		933,400	1.96
2009		1,659,083		497,597		255,558		1,417,044		896,715	1.58
2010		1,579,341		542,240		256,494		1,293,595		943,326	1.37
2011		1,494,307		486,807		257,898		1,265,398		938,136	1.35
2012		1,431,453		598,093		258,300		1,091,660		894,257	1.22
2013		1,512,243		550,655		258,427		1,220,015		1,017,156	1.20
2014		1,555,656		553,211		258,427		1,260,872		962,999	1.31
2015		1,642,522		632,937		274,861		1,284,446		1,043,536	1.23
2016		1,983,721		490,933		274,861		1,767,649		908,360	1.95

Source: City of Buellton

Statistical Section

Santa Ynez River Water Conservation District, ID#1 (City of Solvang only)

Historic Water Connections and Sales Revenues

Water **Deliveries** Fiscal Year Sales **Ending June 30** Connections Revenues (acre-feet per year) 2007 1,939 4,023,837 1,512 2008 1,964 4,180,995 1,512 2009 2,017 4,085,678 1,483 1,981 2010 3,957,709 1,315 2011 2,019 3,927,817 1,322 2012 2,118 4,167,680 1,347 2,153 4,455,120 1,416 2013 2014 2,156 4,631,124 1,409 2,178 2015 4,361,233 1,074 2016 2,211 4,378,420 962

Largest Customers as of June 30, 2016

	Water	Annual
	Usage (1)	Payment
Rancho Santa Ynez Mobile Estates	17,172	61,058
Alisal Guest Ranch	13,439	49,151
City of Solvang	7,977	35,489
Chumash Casino Resort (Hotel Corque)	6,870	26,097
Holiday Inn Express	5,837	22,377
Atterdag Village	5,965	21,732
Worldmark	5,281	18,810
Hadsten House	4,931	18,598
Skytt Properties, LLC	4,508	16,848
Mission Oaks	4,138	14,633
Total	76,118	284,793

⁽¹⁾ In hundred cubic feet.

State Water Payment Coverage Calculations

Fiscal Year Total		Total	Operating		Rate	Rate Coverage		Net		ate Water	
Ending June 30		Revenues		Expenses		Fund Deposit		Revenues		Payments	Coverage
2007	\$	4,146,380	\$	1,051,531	\$	540,980	\$	3,635,829	\$	2,355,170	1.54
2008		4,340,564		1,247,155		569,041		3,662,450		2,446,021	1.50
2009		4,199,436		1,537,148		599,048		3,261,336		2,448,490	1.33
2010		4,043,117		1,321,839		603,156		3,324,434		2,637,865	1.26
2011		3,995,627		1,214,624		604,939		3,385,942		2,647,201	1.28
2012		4,230,365		1,231,366		605,884		3,604,883		2,438,576	1.48
2013		4,677,242		1,436,931		606,183		3,846,494		2,656,129	1.45
2014		5,152,838		1,998,916		606,183		3,760,105		2,743,342	1.37
2015		4,920,397		1,580,530		606,183		3,946,050		2,960,871	1.33
2016		4,751,452		1,317,454		606,183		4,040,181		2,534,152	1.59

Source: City of Solvang

Statistical Section

Santa Ynez River Water Conservation District, ID#1

Historic Water Connections and Sales Revenues

			Water
Fiscal Year		Sales	Deliveries
Ending June 30	Connections	Revenues	(acre-feet per year)
2007	2,444	\$ 4,607,704	5,223
2008	2,567	4,883,168	5,926
2009	2,583	5,030,245	5,947
2010	2,579	5,096,678	5,416
2011	2,519	5,009,463	5,255
2012	2,515	5,371,780	5,260
2013	2,598	5,531,585	5,371
2014	2,624	6,889,450	5,358
2015	2,618	6,157,964	4,341
2016	2,664	5,868,155	3,712

Largest Customers as of June 30, 2016

Private Agriculture 369 \$ 82,889 Private Agriculture 135 30,970 Private Agriculture 93 25,274 Private Agriculture 62 16,062 Private Agriculture 77 19,029 Private Agriculture 60 15,506 Private Agriculture 59 15,475 Private Agriculture 51 17,708 Private Agriculture 48 17,169 Private Agriculture 39 11,255 Total 293 \$ 251,337		Water	Annual
Private Agriculture 135 30,970 Private Agriculture 93 25,274 Private Agriculture 62 16,062 Private Agriculture 77 19,029 Private Agriculture 60 15,506 Private Agriculture 59 15,475 Private Agriculture 51 17,708 Private Agriculture 48 17,169 Private Agriculture 39 11,255		Usage ⁽¹⁾	Payment
Private Agriculture 93 25,274 Private Agriculture 62 16,062 Private Agriculture 77 19,029 Private Agriculture 60 15,506 Private Agriculture 59 15,475 Private Agriculture 51 17,708 Private Agriculture 48 17,169 Private Agriculture 39 11,255	Private Agriculture	369	\$ 82,889
Private Agriculture 62 16,062 Private Agriculture 77 19,029 Private Agriculture 60 15,506 Private Agriculture 59 15,475 Private Agriculture 51 17,708 Private Agriculture 48 17,169 Private Agriculture 39 11,255	Private Agriculture	135	30,970
Private Agriculture7719,029Private Agriculture6015,506Private Agriculture5915,475Private Agriculture5117,708Private Agriculture4817,169Private Agriculture3911,255	Private Agriculture	93	25,274
Private Agriculture 60 15,506 Private Agriculture 59 15,475 Private Agriculture 51 17,708 Private Agriculture 48 17,169 Private Agriculture 39 11,255	Private Agriculture	62	16,062
Private Agriculture5915,475Private Agriculture5117,708Private Agriculture4817,169Private Agriculture3911,255	Private Agriculture	77	19,029
Private Agriculture 51 17,708 Private Agriculture 48 17,169 Private Agriculture 39 11,255	Private Agriculture	60	15,506
Private Agriculture 48 17,169 Private Agriculture 39 11,255	Private Agriculture	59	15,475
Private Agriculture 39 11,255	Private Agriculture	51	17,708
	Private Agriculture	48	17,169
Total 903 \$ 251,337	Private Agriculture	39_	11,255
995 ¥ 251557	Total	993	\$ 251,337

⁽¹⁾ In acre-feet per year.

State Water Payment Coverage Calculations

Fiscal Year		Total		Operating		Rate Coverage		Net	State Water	
Ending June 30 (1)		Revenues	Expenses		F	Fund Deposit		Revenues	Payments	Coverage
2007	\$	8,108,093	\$	3,393,751	\$	924,751	\$	5,639,093	\$ 3,699,006	1.52
2008		8,680,455		3,663,543		961,388		5,978,300	3,869,047	1.55
2009		8,797,488		3,683,262		1,012,862		6,127,088	3,799,166	1.61
2010		8,785,547		3,778,443		1,019,126		6,026,230	3,956,531	1.52
2011		8,759,268		3,597,194		1,022,142		6,184,216	4,003,719	1.54
2012		8,209,585		3,179,858		1,023,739		6,053,466	4,112,646	1.47
2013		8,213,596		3,310,123		1,024,244		5,927,717	4,238,934	1.40
2014		10,538,309		4,610,406		1,024,244		6,952,147	4,307,127	1.61
2015		9,533,850		4,781,398		1,062,841		5,815,293	4,604,806	1.26
2016		9,657,032		4,713,576		1,062,841		6,006,297	3,895,465	1.54

⁽¹⁾ Includes State water payments for the City of Solvang.

Source: Santa Ynez Improvement District #1

⁽²⁾ Exclusive of Solvang's payments for State Water Project.

Statistical Section Goleta Water District

Historic Water Connections and Sales Revenues

Water **Fiscal Year** Sales **Deliveries** Ending June 30 Connections Revenues (acre-feet per year) 18,582,563 2007 16,459 14,406 2008 16,466 22,697,939 14,387 2009 14,198 16,373 17,891,752 2010 16,346 16,554,650 12,971 2011 16,401 15,721,915 12,161 2012 16,295 18,668,008 12,275 16,518 22,171,254 2013 13,923 2014 16,542 24,005,806 14,884 2015 16,441 19,988,107 11,883 2016 16,474 29,771,141 10,773

Largest Customers as of June 30, 2016

	Water Usage ⁽¹⁾	Annual
	·	Payment
U.C.S.B.	861	\$ 2,817,231
Cavaletto Ranches, LLC	515	846,740
County of Santa Barbara	188	723,231
BRS Investment Property	157	479,181
Touchstone Glen Annie Golf	252	411,795
Santa Barbara Unified School District	81	335,402
Roy Butera	177	332,924
Michael Towbes	74	327,993
Sandpiper Golf Course	284	322,843
Santa Barbara Municipal Airport	50	292,633
Total	2,639	\$ 6,889,973

⁽¹⁾ In acre-feet per year.

State Water Payment Coverage Calculations

Fiscal Year Total		Total	Operating Rate Covera		e Coverage	Net		State Water			
Ending June 30		Revenues		Expenses		Fund Deposit		Revenues		Payments	Coverage
2007	\$	25,425,947	\$	11,734,133	\$	-	\$	13,691,814	\$	6,791,250	2.02
2008		29,703,651		14,095,042		-		15,608,609		6,711,214	2.33
2009		31,044,059		14,448,077		-		16,595,982		7,317,439	2.27
2010		24,129,754		16,268,616		-		7,861,138		6,561,134	1.20
2011		25,378,145		11,788,948		-		13,589,197		7,251,071	1.87
2012		27,426,627		14,741,694		-		12,684,933		6,309,979	2.01
2013		32,409,693		15,146,414		-		17,263,279		7,284,547	2.37
2014		34,188,412		18,210,976		-		15,977,436		7,998,066	2.00
2015		32,951,960		16,527,332		-		16,424,628		9,369,850	1.75
2016		39,174,119		21,847,412		-		17,326,707		7,973,075	2.17

Source: Goleta Water District

Statistical Section La Cumbre Mutual Water Company

Historic Water Connections and Sales Revenues

			Water
Fiscal Year		Sales	Deliveries
Ending Dec. 31	Connections	Revenues	(acre-feet per year)
2006	1,468	\$ 1,902,450	1,698
2007	1,470	2,267,771	2,059
2008	1,468	2,489,710	1,937
2009	1,468	2,586,518	1,702
2010	1,469	2,377,639	1,523
2011	1,471	2,608,037	1,465
2012	1,471	3,023,989	1,587
2013	1,485	3,279,957	1,776
2014	1,494	3,117,612	1,373
2015	1,494	3,242,513	1,140

Largest Customers as of December 31, 2015

	Water	Annual
	Usage (1)	Payment
La Cumbre Golf & Country Club		\$ 124,536
Timothy Pasquinelli	7,346	82,304
Stephen Redding	5,937	70,715
Christopher & Ann Conway	4,259	49,440
Jeffrey Henley	3,953	44,964
Frances Nielsen	3,662	44,304
Susan Caffrey	3,638	42,173
Overwater, LLC	2,619	30,543
Carriage Hill Association	2,897	27,066
Douglas Carlisle	2,046	21,699
Total	58,528	\$ 537,744
	45	

⁽¹⁾ In hundred cubic feet.

State Water Payment Coverage Calculations

	Fiscal Year Total		Operating Rate Coverage		Net		State Water					
_	Ending Dec. 31	Revenues		Expenses Fur		Fund Deposit		Revenues		Payments	Coverage	
	2006	\$	2,854,771	\$	1,201,326	\$	353,407	\$	2,006,852	\$	1,558,596	1.29
	2007		3,320,207		1,342,427		358,263		2,336,043		1,574,079	1.48
	2008		3,451,050		1,408,802		376,576		2,418,824		1,540,843	1.57
	2009		3,510,409		1,670,353		392,003		2,232,059		1,684,349	1.33
	2010		3,261,377		1,649,171		389,217		2,001,423		1,870,892	1.07
	2011		3,641,641		1,419,353		391,224		2,613,512		1,962,355	1.33
	2012		3,987,385		1,401,788		391,135		2,976,732		1,425,464	2.09
	2013		4,402,802		1,530,254		391,135		3,263,683		1,696,315	1.92
	2014		4,185,177		1,504,177		391,135		3,072,135		1,875,217	1.64
	2015		4,306,838		1,453,837		391,135		3,244,136		2,052,272	1.58

Source: La Cumbre Mutual Water Co.

Statistical Section City of Santa Barbara

Historic Water Connections and Sales Revenues

			Water
Fiscal Year	Water	Sales	Deliveries
Ending June 30	Connections	Revenues	(acre-feet per year)
2007	25,918	\$ 27,588,409	14,753
2008	26,009	29,448,078	14,926
2009	26,153	28,669,429	13,819
2010	26,504	28,163,162	13,428
2011	26 , 761	27,181,923	13,284
2012	26,649	29,992,081	13,949
2013	26 , 797	32,683,467	14,366
2014	26,919	33,296,287	14,218
2015	26,921	31,512,114	10,775
2016	26,988	41,433,002	9,935

Largest Customers as of June 30, 2016

	Water	Annual
	Usage (1)	Payment
Santa Barbara Unified School District	45,872	\$ 442,327
Dario Pini	34,458	325,790
Cottage Hospital	25,411	314,901
Fess Parker Double Tree	37,789	264,788
Housing Authority	29,305	253,173
City of Santa Barbara Parks	26,886	225,891
Santa Barbara Community College District	15,252	212,484
Valle Verde	21,302	175,833
El Encanto	18,959	169,864
Mission Linen Supply	24,449	165,013
Total	279,683	\$ 2,550,064

(1) In hundred cubic feet.

State Water Payment Coverage Calculations

Fiscal Year Total		Total	Operating		Net		State Water		Parity Debt		
Ending June 30		Revenues		Expenses		Revenues		Payments		Service	Coverage
2007	\$	32,081,577	\$	16,362,453	\$	15,719,124	\$	4,148,802	\$	1,854,987	2.62
2008		34,798,063		17,454,896		17,343,167		4,089,554		1,859,603	2.92
2009		33,914,071		18,885,951		15,028,120		4,314,561		1,857,100	2.44
2010		33,763,232		18,546,457		15,216,775		4,466,645		1,697,698	2.47
2011		32,082,335		17,793,001		14,289,334		4,619,893		1,847,271	2.21
2012		37,696,027		19,547,823		18,148,204		4,180,184		1,738,160	3.07
2013		38,439,062		21,464,993		16,974,069		4,744,097		1,847,618	2.58
2014		37,185,303		22,994,993		14,190,310		5,230,535		2,774,171	1.77
2015		35,348,935		25,475,134		9,873,801		6,348,335		2,654,446	1.10
2016		45,677,508		21,316,587		24,360,921		5,780,222		3,225,980	2.70
6 60 66 1											

Source: City of Santa Barbara

Statistical Section Montecito Water District

Historic Water Connections and Sales Revenues

			Water
Fiscal Year		Sales	Deliveries
Ending June 30	Connections	Revenues	(acre-feet per year)
2007	4,612	\$ 9,168,272	6,333
2008	4,630	9,893,221	6,518
2009	4,583	10,015,310	5,963
2010	4,558	9,429,322	5,274
2011	4,575	8,401,945	4,715
2012	4,577	9,345,967	5,302
2013	4,585	10,573,025	5,945
2014	4,597	11,260,539	5,775
2015	4,593	6,752,280	3,331
2016	4,601	7,652,442	3,440

Largest Customers as of June 30, 2016

	water	Annuai
	Usage (1)	Payment
Resort Hotel	42,119	\$ 398,744
Resort Hotel	20,684	353,553
Private Residential	7,120	351,504
Golf Club	27,292	239,832
Private College	14,198	137,406
Agricultural	24,407	133,551
Agricultural	21,365	123,679
Retirement Community	10,654	113,112
Agricultural	15,158	109,053
Cemetery	11,366	95,166
Total	194,363	\$ 2,055,600

⁽¹⁾ In hundred cubic feet.

State Water Payment Coverage Calculations

Fiscal Year Total			Operating Rate Coverage			Net	State Water		
Ending June 30	o Revenues		Expenses		Fund Deposit		Revenues	Payments	Coverage
2007	\$	13,014,537	\$	5,353,583	\$	970,780	\$ 8,631,734	\$ 4,658,858	1.85
2008		13,967,947		6,049,992		1,021,131	8,939,086	4,645,281	1.92
2009		13,873,852		6,528,920		1,075,696	8,420,628	5,144,227	1.64
2010		14,555,964		5,931,617		1,079,637	9,703,984	5,123,778	1.89
2011		12,277,049		5,588,083		1,085,554	7,774,520	5,334,729	1.46
2012		13,224,023		6,299,364		1,087,250	8,011,909	4,412,658	1.82
2013		14,315,026		6,497,450		1,087,787	8,905,363	4,898,038	1.82
2014		16,880,381		8,222,385		1,087,787	9,745,783	5,978,116	1.63
2015		16,264,644		8,048,179		1,417,526	9,633,991	6,573,858	1.47
2016		20,063,580		9,007,873		1,417,526	12,473,233	5,778,933	2.16

Source: Montecito Water District

Statistical Section Carpinteria Valley Water District

Historic Water Connections and Sales Revenues

			Water
Fiscal Year		Sales	Deliveries
Ending June 30	Connections	Revenues	(acre-feet per year)
2007	4,230	\$ 9,996,151	4,474
2008	4,272	10,529,618	4,506
2009	4,288	10,393,601	4,099
2010	4,326	10,089,936	3,825
2011	4,322	10,101,197	3,599
2012	4,339	10,575,216	3,871
2013	4,441	10,798,634	4,352
2014	4,444	11,229,175	4,551
2015	4,485	11,031,043	3,728
2016	4,501	12,023,205	3,604

Largest Customers as of June 30, 2016

	Water	Annual
	Usage (1)	Payment
Reiter Brothers Inc.	29,739	\$ 64,422
Westerlay Orchids	28,484	69,591
Emmett, Morgan	28,034	61,170
Ota, Tom	24,227	56,629
Schaff, Victor	18,003	38,211
Casistas Village Home Assn.	17,698	253,396
Circle G	17,306	44,082
Sandpiper Village	17,284	231,317
Villa Del Mar HOA	16,595	230,243
Cate School	15,281	73,387
Total	212,651	\$ 1,122,447

⁽¹⁾ In hundred cubic feet.

State Water Payment Coverage Calculations

Fiscal Year Total		Operating Rate Coverage		Net		ate Water				
Ending June 30	Revenues		Expenses		Fund Deposit		Revenues		Payments	Coverage
2007	\$	10,598,119	\$	4,153,923	\$	663,427	\$ 7,107,623	\$	2,653,710	2.68
2008		11,683,095		4,713,897		765,941	7,735,139		2,741,075	2.82
2009		11,005,014		5,395,430		807,038	6,416,622		2,923,214	2.20
2010		10,499,950		4,639,111		809,995	6,670,834		3,006,719	2.22
2011		10,350,057		4,791,179		814,431	6,373,309		3,107,837	2.05
2012		11,267,253		5,052,870		815,699	7,030,082		2,785,680	2.52
2013		11,835,527		5,068,463		816,100	7,583,164		3,135,384	2.42
2014		12,218,169		5,711,413		816,100	7,322,856		3,539,365	2.07
2015		12,349,806		5,467,213		816,100	7,698,693		3,909,986	1.97
2016		13,112,109		6,345,931		816,100	7,582,278		3,324,260	2.28

Source: Carpinteria Valley Water District

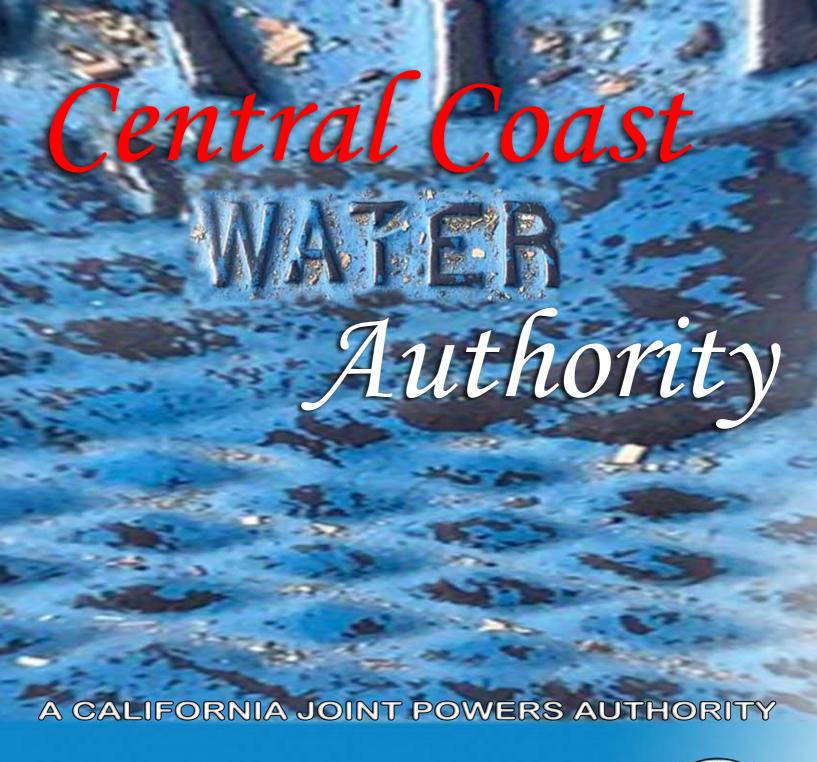


Central Coast Water Authority

Administration Office 255 Industrial Way Buellton, California 93427

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Please visit our web site at: www.ccwa.com





COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FISCAL YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2018 AND 2017

Central Coast Water Authority Comprehensive Annual Financial Report Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2018 and 2017

Table of Contents

INTRODUCTORY SECTION

Letter of Transmittal	
Officials of the CCWA	ix
Organization Chart FY 2017-18	ix
FINANCIAL SECTION	
Independent Auditors' Report	1
Management's Discussion and Analysis	3
Statement of Net Position	11
Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Change in Net Position	13
Statement of Cash Flows	14
Notes to Financial Statements	16
Required Supplementary Information	36
STATISTICAL SECTION	
Statistical Section Narrative Summary	39
General Governmental Revenues by Source	40
General Governmental Expenses by Function	41
Change in Net Position and Net Position Components	42
Fiscal Year Gross Budget History (Excludes Credits)	44
FY 2017/18 Total Payments by Project Participant	45
Ratio of Outstanding Debt by Type for Total Bonded Debt to Total Expenses and Per Capita	46
Selected Demographic Information	47
Miscellaneous Statistical Information	48
FY 2017/18 Actual State Water Deliveries (acre feet)	49
Historical Water Availability Compared to Actual Deliveries and Costs	50

Table of Contents

Schedule of Insurance	51
Full-time Equivalent Employees by Position	52
Santa Barbara County Largest Employers	53
City of Pismo Beach	54
City of Morro Bay	55
City of Guadalupe	56
City of Santa Maria	57
City of Buellton	58
Santa Ynez River Water Conservation District, ID#1 (City of Solvang only)	59
Santa Ynez River Water Conservation District, ID#1	60
Goleta Water District	61
La Cumbre Mutual Water Company	62
City of Santa Barbara	63
Montecito Water District	64
Carpinteria Valley Water District	65

INTRODUCTORY SECTION





January 24, 2019

Jack Boysen Chairman

Richard Shaikewitz Vice Chairman

Ray Stokes Executive Director

Brownstein Hyatt Farber Schreck General Counsel

Member Agencies

City of Buellton

Carpinteria Valley Water District

City of Guadalupe

City of Santa Barbara

City of Santa Maria

Goleta Water District

Montecito Water District

Santa Ynez River Water Conservation District, Improvement District #1

Associate Member

La Cumbre Mutual Water Company Members of the Board Central Coast Water Authority

State law requires that every general purpose local government publish, within six months of the close of each fiscal year, a complete set of audited financial statements. This report is published to fulfill that requirement for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018. The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) of the Central Coast Water Authority for the fiscal year (FY) ended June 30, 2018 is submitted as prepared by the Authority's Finance and Administration Departments. The report is published to provide to our project participants, the Authority Board, and the investment community detailed information about the financial condition and operating results of the Authority as measured by the financial activity of the Authority.

Responsibility for both the accuracy of the financial report and the completeness and fairness of the presentation rests with the Authority. To the best of our knowledge, the information presented is accurate in all material aspects and includes all disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain an understanding of the Authority's financial activities.

The Authority requires that its financial statements be audited by a Certified Public Accountant selected by the Authority's Board of Directors, and Nasif, Hicks, Harris & Co., LLP, Certified Public Accountants, have issued an unmodified ("clean") opinion on Central Coast Water Authority's financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2018. The independent auditor's report is located at the front of the financial section of this report.

Management's discussion and analysis (MD&A) immediately follows the independent auditor's report and provides a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis of the financial statements. MD&A complements this letter of transmittal and should be read in conjunction with it.

PROFILE OF THE AUTHORITY

The Central Coast Water Authority (CCWA) is a public entity organized under a Joint Exercise of Powers Agreement dated August 1, 1991 and operates as a Joint Powers Authority (JPA). CCWA is a wholesale water provider to 13 water purveyors and private companies in Santa Barbara County, and another 11 water purchasers in San Luis Obispo County.

255 Industrial Way Buellton, CA 93427-9565 (805) 688-2292 FAX: (805) 686-4700 CCWA is presently composed of eight members, all of which are public agencies within Santa Barbara County: the Cities of Buellton, Guadalupe, Santa Barbara and Santa Maria, Carpinteria Valley Water District, Goleta Water District, Montecito Water District and Santa Ynez River Water Conservation District, Improvement District No. 1 (in which the City of Solvang is located). Each member agency is represented on the CCWA Board of Directors by one individual and an alternate. In addition, CCWA has one associate member, the La Cumbre Mutual Water Company and three non-member, private water users, Raytheon Systems Company, Morehart Land Company, and Golden State Water Company. Water service is also provided to Vandenberg Air Force Base through a Utility Agreement.

The member agencies are represented on the CCWA Board of Directors by an individual chosen by each public entity's Board or City Council. Each vote on the Authority's Board of Directors is weighted roughly in proportion to the entity's allocation of State water entitlement.

The Authority also provides supplemental water to certain entities within San Luis Obispo County: California Men's Colony, County of San Luis Obispo, Cuesta College, City of Morro Bay, Avila Beach Community Services District, Avila Valley Mutual Water Company, Oceano Community Services District, City of Pismo Beach, San Luis Coastal Unified School District and San Miguelito Mutual Water Company.

Facilities

The Authority's facilities include a water treatment plant located at Polonio Pass in northeastern San Luis Obispo County and a distribution system that delivers water from the State Water Project to project participants in Santa Barbara and San Luis Obispo Counties. The distribution system consists of an approximate 130 mile long pipeline, treated water tanks at the water treatment plant, three interim storage facilities, one energy dissipation facility, ten turnouts, four isolation valve facilities, a chloramines removal and water pumping facility and Cachuma Lake inlet monitoring facility.

Central Coast Water Authority is innovative and forward thinking in its methods to provide high-quality water, through an efficient and reliable system that is capable of delivering supplemental water from other water sources in addition to allocations through the State Water Project for our project participants. During the recent and ongoing drought in California, this delivery system was instrumental in allowing our project participants to maintain adequate water resources for their communities by providing a link to the statewide water supply system.

The Authority receives its water through the State Water Project, which is a network of canals, pipelines, tunnels and reservoirs. The State Water Project is managed by the California Department of Water Resources (DWR), a State agency which protects, conserves, develops, and manages much of California's water supply including the State Water Project which provides water for 25 million residents, farms, and businesses. Through the Santa Barbara County Flood Control and Water Conservation District (SBCFC&WCD), the Authority holds a contract with the Department of Water Resources (DWR) to purchase up to 45,486 acre-feet of water per year. The costs for this water are charged to the Authority's Santa Barbara County project participants. San Luis Obispo County pays DWR directly for its DWR costs.

LOCAL ECONOMY

Santa Barbara County is dominated by three principal economic activities: tourism, Vandenberg Air Force Base, and education, and is characterized by three geographically diverse regions. The Santa

Barbara Project Participants are located in all three different geographic areas of Santa Barbara County: North County (City of Santa Maria, City of Guadalupe, Golden State Water Company and Vandenberg Air Force Base); the Santa Ynez Valley (City of Buellton and Santa Ynez River Water Conservation District, Improvement District No. 1, which includes within its boundaries the City of Solvang); and the South Coast (City of Santa Barbara, Goleta Water District, Montecito Water District, Carpinteria Valley Water District, La Cumbre Mutual Water Company, Raytheon Systems Company and Morehart Land Company).

Historically the North County has been an agricultural area, but it has experienced significant urban development in the last twenty-six years and expects additional urban development in the future; the Santa Ynez Valley is a rural agricultural area and tourist destination; and the South Coast is a generally developed urban area which does not expect significant growth in the future. The general location of certain of the Santa Barbara Project Participants and of the major components of the Authority Project in Santa Barbara County is shown on the map under the caption "Project Map" in the end of the Introductory Section of the CAFR.

LONG-TERM FINANCIAL PLANNING

To assist our project participants, the Authority prepares a Ten-Year Financial plan to provide pro forma projections of the Authority's expenditures and includes projections for both the Authority and the Department of Water Resources portions of the budget. The Department of Water Resources provides projections for each of these years for both the fixed and variable costs (comprising approximately 80% of the Authority budget annually), and the Authority expenses are generally projected with a 3% inflation factor to all operating expenses.

The Ten-Year Financial Plan is prepared only as an informational tool and is used by the member agencies and other project participants for their planning and long-term budgeting purposes.

RELEVANT FINANCIAL POLICIES AND CONTROLS

The Authority has adopted a comprehensive set of financial policies governing Reserves, Purchasing, Budget, Investments, Debt Management, and Capital Improvements. Following is a brief discussion on the policies that were relevant this year:

Capital Improvement Projects and Carryover

The Capital Improvements Projects (CIP) is a component of the non-operating expenses section of the budget. Certain capital expenditures included in the Fiscal year 2017/18 budget were not expended due to timing and scheduling.

When appropriate, capital improvements will be paid through current revenue sources rather than financing capital projects over a period of time. During Fiscal Year 2017/18 the Board approved \$856,560 in carryover funds to be used for capital projects not completed in Fiscal Year 2016/17. Also approved by the Board was \$1,159,913 of carryover funds for capital projects funded for Fiscal Year 2017/18 and carried over into Fiscal Year 2018/19 for completion.

Investment Policy

The Authority will operate its idle cash investments in compliance with Government Code Section 16045-16054 Uniform Prudent Investor Act which states: "...in investing...property for the benefit of another, a trustee shall exercise judgment and care, under the circumstances then prevailing, which

persons of prudence, discretion and intelligence exercise in the management of their own affairs....". As such, the Board has adopted an Investment Policy governing cash investments.

In April 2018 the Authority's adopted Investment Policy was amended as a part of the annual review to comply with changes in Government Code Section 53630-53686 which addresses investment of surplus funds by local government agencies. Section III(F) was revised to remove an outdated Civil Code reference, and to update language to include the entire definition of the "Prudent Investor Standard". Section VI. REPORTING and Section XIII. PERFORMANCE EVALUATION AND OPERATIONS AUDIT were revised to reflect the authority's practice of submitting quarterly reports to the Board rather than monthly reports.

Debt Management Policy

Central Coast Water Authority is authorized to incur indebtedness to finance Authority facilities and to assign and pledge to the repayment by its participants. The Debt Management Policy adopted by the Board in 2017 establishes parameters for issuing debt, covers general provisions for periodic review, conditions for debt issuance, standards for use of debt financing, financing criteria, refinancing outstanding debt, outstanding debt limitations, security for debt, a covenant for bond coverage, method of issuance, debt administration and reporting requirements.

Accounting System

In developing and maintaining the Authority's accounting system, consideration is given to the adequacy of internal accounting controls. Internal accounting controls are designed to provide reasonable but not absolute assurance regarding: a) the safeguarding of assets against losses from unauthorized use or disposition, and b) the reliability of financial records for preparing financial statements and maintaining accountability for assets.

The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that the cost of a control procedure should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived and that the evaluation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management.

All internal control evaluations occur within the above framework. Management believes that the Authority's controls adequately safeguard assets and provide reasonable assurance of proper recording of financial transactions.

MAJOR INITIATIVES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR

The activities of the Board and staff at the Authority are driven by our mission statement: To provide San Luis Obispo and Santa Barbara Counties with reliable, high quality supplemental water.

California Drought

While almost all of California received substantial rainfall in 2017, the Authority and its participants continue to feel the effects of the historic drought and the impacts will continue to be felt for the foreseeable future. For example, many of the CCWA project participants utilized their groundwater resources to help them meet demands during the drought. Therefore, it is anticipated they will need to allow their groundwater resources to recover and may therefore be more dependent on State water in the years ahead. As such, Management anticipates there will be a continued need to ensure State water

deliveries are maximized to the greatest extent possible to meet the ongoing needs of CCWA's project participants.

State Water Project Contract Assignment

The original contract with the Department of Water Resources (DWR) was executed between DWR and the Santa Barbara County Flood Control and Water Conservation District (the County) in 1963. However, there were no facilities to bring State water into Santa Barbara County until CCWA was formed to construct and operate the facilities for the delivery of State Water in 1991.

When CCWA was formed in 1991, it entered into an agreement with the County called the "Transfer of Financial Responsibility Agreement" (TFRA) whereby CCWA agreed to be responsible for all costs of the State Water Project in Santa Barbara County. One of the provisions of the TFRA was that the parties expressed the desire to have the State Water Contract fully assigned from the County to CCWA. However, CCWA did not have ability to levy a property tax in the event of payment default, a key form of payment security in the DWR contracts and bonds, until recent legislation was passed which allows JPAs to exercise the taxing authority of their member agencies. CCWA now has the ability to levy a property tax for State water costs in the event of a payment default to DWR and as such, is actively pursuing full assignment of the State Water contract from the County to CCWA. CCWA will continue to work with DWR and the County to obtain approval for the full assignment of the contract to CCWA.

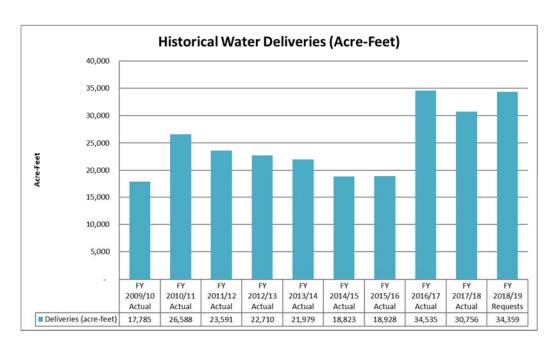
Suspended Water Reacquisition

In the 1980's, Santa Barbara County requested that DWR set aside, or "suspend" 12,214 acre-feet of the County's 57,700 acre-feet of State Water allotment as it was determined the 12,214 acre-feet was in excess of the needs of the various Santa Barbara County water purveyors. DWR agreed to suspend this water and agreed that the County could reacquire the water at a future date, which has been extended a number of times.

CCWA has requested, and DWR has agreed to allow CCWA, through the County, to reacquire the 12,214 acre-feet of suspended contract allotment. CCWA will continue to pursue this reacquisition in the coming year.

Water Deliveries

Total deliveries during FY 2017/18 by CCWA to the Santa Barbara and San Luis Obispo County project participants were 30,756 acre-feet compared to the actual FY 2016/17 deliveries of 34,535 acre-feet. The graph below shows water deliveries for the last ten fiscal years.



CCWA Supplemental Water Purchase Program

In response to the continued ongoing drought in California, the CCWA Board of Directors has authorized the development of a Supplemental Water Purchase Program (SWPP). The SWPP allows those CCWA project participants to purchase additional water supplies to help meet their demand not being met with other water sources, beginning in calendar year 2014 and extending through calendar year 2018.

In total, over the course of three years, CCWA has acquired just over 32,700 acre-feet of water under the SWPP at a total cost of approximately \$13.8 million, or roughly \$422 per acre-foot.

THE FUTURE

Water Delivery Projections

For calendar years 2018 and 2019, Santa Barbara and San Luis Obispo County project participants have requested State water deliveries of 34,359 acre-feet for each year.

Department of Water Resources (DWR) Activities and Related Costs

During FY 2018/19, CCWA staff will continue to work through the State Water Contractor (SWC) board and committees that interact with the Department of Water Resources (DWR) which impact CCWA and the California water agencies as a whole. There are many significant issues on which DWR and the SWC are working which have water supply, operational, and fiscal impacts on CCWA. Some of these activities could potentially have a significant fiscal impact to CCWA in the current and future years. Therefore, staff will place a high priority on working through the various available venues to minimize the fiscal impacts to CCWA and ensure that we continue to meet our goal of providing reliable, high quality supplemental water.

The Authority received the DWR Statement of Charges (SOC) for calendar year 2019 in May 2018, which reflected a large increase in the calendar year DWR Transportation Minimum OMP&R cost

component. Transportation Minimum costs are fixed Operation & Maintenance (O&M) costs related to the O&M of the State Water Project (SWP) facilities which do not vary with the quantity of water delivered to the 29 SWP Contractors. Historically, the Transportation Minimum cost component of DWR SOC has been the most volatile DWR charge for CCWA. The volatility is partly based on DWR's SOC being based on estimates and then reconciling or preparing a "true-up" based on the actual costs incurred.

One financial reach which tends to create the most volatility from year-to-year is Reach 33A, due to work done by DWR on the facilities within that reach. Because Reach 33A is located on the coastal branch of the SWP and there are only two SWP Contractors within the coastal branch, the Counties of Santa Barbara (90%) and San Luis Obispo (10%), any changes (up or down) are allocated to only these two counties, further amplifying the variances.

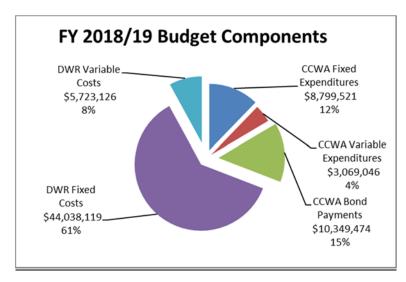
In the calendar year 2018 SOC, DWR estimated the 2019 Transportation Minimum cost of \$7.8 million. In preparing the FY 2018/19 budget, CCWA added an additional \$2 million above the DWR estimate for a total of \$9.8 million. The actual SOC for the calendar year 2019 Transportation Minimum is \$24.3 million, a \$15.5 million increase over the amount used to prepare the FY 2018/19 budget, one-half of which would be due by January 1, 2019.

CCWA staff and State Water Contractors (SWC) accounting staff are both working with DWR to analyze the reason for the large increases. Additionally, CCWA retained auditors, Ernst & Young to further examine the DWR accounting records to ensure costs that are being charged to CCWA are accurate.

On October 11, 2018, CCWA issued a supplemental assessment to all CCWA project participants for their share of the increased costs for FY 2018/19, which is included the FY 2018/19 Budget Components graph below.

Fiscal Year 2018/19 Budget Summary

The FY 2018/19 budget calls for total project participant payments of \$71.1 million compared to the FY 2017/18 budget of \$61.4 million, a \$9.7 million increase, which is discussed above in the fourth paragraph under DWR Activities and Related Costs. These amounts include \$0.9 million in CCWA credits for FY 2018/19 and \$0.4 million for FY 2017/18. The following graph shows the breakout of the various cost components in the CCWA FY 2017/18 Budget:



vii

AWARDS AND ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

The Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to Central Coast Water Authority for its comprehensive annual financial report (CAFR) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017. This was the twenty-first consecutive year the Authority has achieved this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, the Authority had to publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable program requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one fiscal year. We believe that our current CAFR continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting Program's requirements and we are submitting to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

The authority also received the GFOA's Distinguished Budget Presentation Award for its annual budget document dated April 26, 2018. This was the twenty-second consecutive year the Authority has achieved this prestigious award. To qualify for the Distinguished Budget Presentation Award, the Authority's budget document had to be judged proficient as a policy document, financial plan, an operations guide, and a communications device.

The preparation of this report would not have been possible without the skill, effort, and dedication of the entire staff of the Finance and Administration Department. We wish to thank each member of both departments for their assistance in providing the data necessary to prepare this report. Credit is also due to Senior Management and the Board of Directors for leadership and support in maintaining the highest standards of professionalism in the management of Central Coast Water Authority's finances.

I am pleased to present this report to the Board for formal adoption.

Respectfully submitted,

Executive Director

Introductory Section

June 30, 2018

Central Coast Water Authority Board of Directors

Jack Boysen, Chairman City of Santa Maria
Richard Shaikewitz, Vice Chairman Montecito Water District

Ed Andrisek City of Buellton

Harlan Burchardi Santa Ynez River Water Conservation District,

Improvement District #1 City of Santa Barbara

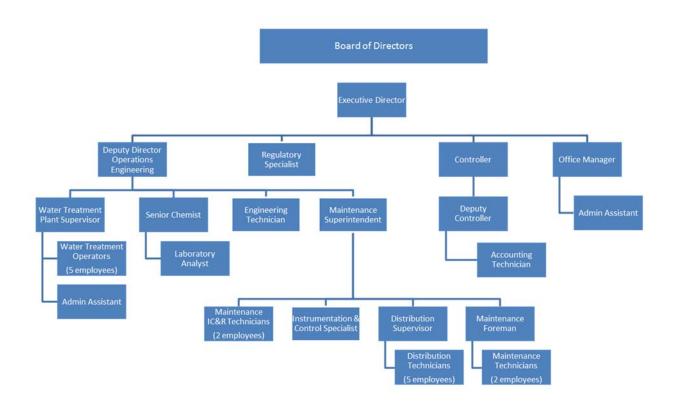
Eric Friedman City of Santa Barbara
Richard Merrifield Goleta Water District
Gina Rubalcaba City of Guadalupe

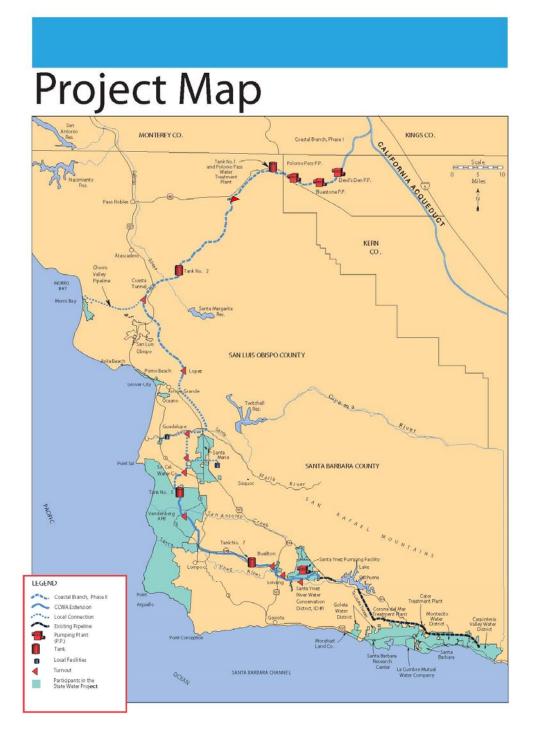
Shirley Johnson Carpinteria Valley Water District

Authority Staff

Ray Stokes Executive Director

John Brady Deputy Director Operations /Engineering







GOVERNMENT FINANCE OFFICERS ASSOCIATION

Distinguished Budget Presentation Award

PRESENTED TO

Central Coast Water Authority

California

For the Fiscal Year Beginning

July 1, 2017

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director

FINANCIAL SECTION





104 West Anapamu Street, Suite B | Santa Barbara, CA 93101 Main: (805) 966-1521 | Fax: (805) 963-1780 | www.nhhco.com William J. Nasif Steven J. Hicks, Retired Jeffery P. Harris Jody Dolan Holehouse Thomas W. Burk Robert Swayne Lyons Lawrence W. Brown Sarah E. Turner Thomas A. Olson Joseph G. Bishop

December 14, 2018

Independent Auditors' Report

To the Member Agencies of the Central Coast Water Authority

We have audited the accompanying statements of net position of the Central Coast Water Authority ("CCWA") as of June 30, 2018 and 2017, and the related statements of revenues, expenses and change in net position and cash flows for the years then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements which collectively comprise CCWA's basic financial statements, as listed in the foregoing table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audits to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control.

Accordingly, we express no such opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the CCWA as of June 30, 2018 and 2017, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows thereof for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise the CCWA's basic financial statements. The introductory section and statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Implementation of New Accounting Standard

As disclosed in Note 12 CCWA implemented GASB Statement No. 75, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits other than Pensions* during fiscal year 2017-2018. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Nasif, Hicks, Harris & Co., LLP

Masis, Him, Hami & 10.140

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

This section presents management's analysis of the Authority's financial condition and activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018. This information should be read in conjunction with the financial statements and the additional information that we have included in our letter of transmittal.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Authority operates as a proprietary fund-type. All proprietary fund-types are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. Under this measurement focus, all assets and liabilities associated with the operation of these funds are included on the balance sheet. Proprietary fund-type operating statements present increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in net total assets.

All proprietary fund-types utilize the accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when earned, regardless of when received, and expenses are recognized at the time the related liabilities are incurred, regardless of when paid.

Summary of Organization and Business

The Central Coast Water Authority is a public entity duly organized and existing under a Joint Exercise of Powers Agreement – Central Coast Water Authority, dated as of August 1, 1991, by and among nine public agencies in Santa Barbara County, two of which have subsequently merged. The members entered into the Agreement to exercise their common power to acquire, construct, operate and maintain works and facilities for the development and use of water resources and water rights including without limitation, works and facilities to divert, store, pump, treat and deliver water for beneficial uses. In particular, the members expressed their desire to create the Authority to finance, develop, operate, and maintain the Authority facilities for their mutual benefit and to act on behalf of the members with respect to the Department of Water Resources (DWR) facilities. The Authority currently has a staff of twenty-eight full-time employees and three part-time employees.

The Authority is presently composed of eight members, all of which are public agencies: the Cities of Buellton, Guadalupe, Santa Barbara and Santa Maria, Carpinteria Valley Water District, Goleta Water District, Montecito Water District and Santa Ynez River Water Conservation District, Improvement District No. 1 (in which the City of Solvang is located). (A founding member of the Authority, the Summerland Water District, merged into the Montecito Water

District.) In addition, the Authority has an Associate Member, La Cumbre Mutual Water Company. Each member appoints a representative to the Authority's Board of Directors. San Luis Obispo County Flood Control and Water Conservation District (SLOCFCWCD and/or San Luis Obispo Water Purchasers) has expressed an interest in joining the Authority. However, any decision to do so must be approved by the unanimous vote of the present members.

The member agencies are represented on the CCWA Board of Directors by an individual chosen by each public entity's Board or City Council. Each vote on the Authority Board of Directors is weighted roughly in proportion to the entity's allocation of State water entitlement.

The following table shows the voting percentage for each member of the CCWA Board of Directors.

City of Guadalupe	1.15%
City of Santa Maria	43.19%
City of Buellton	2.21%
Santa Ynez R.W.C.D., Improvement District #1	7.64%
Goleta Water District	17.20%
City of Santa Barbara	11.47%
Montecito Water District	9.50%
Carpinteria Valley Water District	7.64%
TOTAL	100.00%

CCWA Committees

There are currently three Central Coast Water Authority committees. They are the Finance, Operating, and Personnel Committees.

The Operating Committee is composed of the general managers, city administrators or water supply managers from each of the various water districts and cities served by the Authority. The Operating Committee typically meets quarterly to act on matters such as construction, operations, and financial issues and recommends actions to the Authority Board of Directors.

The Finance and Personnel Committees are composed of CCWA Board members appointed by the CCWA Board Chairman. The Committees review and recommend actions to the Authority Board of Directors with regard to finance and personnel related matters.

Santa Barbara County Project Participants

Each Santa Barbara County project participant is a water purveyor or user located in Santa Barbara County which obtained contractual rights to receive water from the State Water Project prior to 1991. Those rights have been assigned to the Authority pursuant to the terms of the Water Supply Agreements.

San Luis Obispo County Water Purchasers

Each San Luis Obispo County water purchaser is a water purveyor or user located in San Luis Obispo County which obtained contractual rights from SLOCFCWCD to receive water from the State Water Project.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

The following table shows a condensed version of the Authority's balance sheet with corresponding analysis regarding significant variances.

Condensed Balance Sheet

	J	une 30, 2018	J	une 30, 2017	J	une 30, 2016	2018-17 Change	2017-16 Change
Current Assets	\$	70,701,493	\$	66,317,495	\$	65,379,930	\$ 4,383,998	\$ 937,565
Non-Current Restricted Assets		10,930,215		10,432,165		11,540,910	498,050	(1,108,745)
Capital Assets		94,214,034		95,816,473		97,942,623	(1,602,439)	(2,126,150)
Other Assets		3,688,475		4,818,107		5,811,328	(1,129,632)	(993,221)
Total Assets	\$	179,534,217	\$	177,384,240	\$	180,674,791	\$ 2,149,977	\$ (3,290,551)
Revenue Bond Deferred Amount	\$	944,761	\$	1,489,720	\$	2,132,166	\$ (544,959)	\$ (642,446)
Pension Plan Deferred Amount		1,532,296		1,338,314		558,325	193,982	779,989
OPEB Plan Deferred Amount		53,122		43,201		-	9,921	43,201
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$	2,530,179	\$	2,871,235	\$	2,690,491	\$ (341,056)	\$ 180,744
		_				0		(
Current Liabilities	\$	77,563,390	\$	72,117,045	\$	73,834,676	\$ 5,446,345	\$ (// //) /
Non-current Liabilities		45,883,095		55,577,775		63,682,508	(9,694,680)	(8,104,733)
Total Liabilities		123,446,485		127,694,820		137,517,184	(4,248,335)	(9,822,364)
Revenue Bond Deferred Amount	\$	491,308	\$	776,829	\$	-	\$ (285,521)	\$ 776,829
Pension Plan Deferred Amount		139,586		178,146		420,485	(38,560)	(242,339)
OPEB Deferred Amount		9,280		-		-	9,280	
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		640,174		954,975		420,485	(314,801)	534,490
Net investment in capital assets	\$	57,630,257	\$	55,164,579	\$	44,108,951	\$ 2,465,678	\$ 11,055,628
Restricted - total		10,411,593		9,978,731		11,513,337	432,862	(1,534,606)
Unrestricted		(10,064,113)		(13,537,630)		(10,194,675)	3,473,517	(3,342,955)
Total Net Position		57,977,737		51,605,680		45,427,613	6,372,057	6,178,067
Total Liabilities and Net Position	\$	182,064,396	\$	180,255,475	\$	183,365,282	\$ 1,808,921	\$ (3,109,807)

BALANCE SHEET ANALYSIS

June 30, 2018 Comparison to June 30, 2017

- Total assets as of June 30, 2018 are \$179.5 million, or \$2.1 million more than the amount on June 30, 2017.
- Capital and other assets are \$2.7 million lower than the prior year amount due to depreciation of the Authority's capital assets and amortization of the CCWA 2016A revenue bond issuance costs.
- Non-current liabilities are \$9.7 million lower due to the revenue bond principal payment during the year.

June 30, 2017 Comparison to June 30, 2016

- Total assets as of June 30, 2017 were \$177.4 million, or \$3.3 million less than the amount on June 30, 2016.
- Capital and other assets were \$3.1 million lower than the prior year amount due to depreciation of the Authority's capital assets and amortization of the CCWA 2006A & 2016A revenue bond issuance costs.
- Non-current liabilities were \$8.1 million lower due to the revenue bond principal payment during the year, along with the issuance of the 2016A refunding revenue bonds to realize lower interest rates and a \$1.1 million long-term liability reduction.

The following table shows a condensed version of the Authority's Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position with corresponding analysis regarding significant variances.

Condensed Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position

	Jui	ne 30, 2018	Ji	une 30, 2017	Ju	ine 30, 2016	2018-2017 Change	2017-2016 Change
Operating Revenues	\$	19,025,855	\$	20,825,040	\$	19,334,566	\$ (1,799,185)	\$ 1,490,474
Operating Expenses excluding depreciation and amortization (1)		(9,529,429)		(10,177,940)		(7,922,797)	648,511	(2,255,143)
Depreciation and Amortization		(1,061,706)		(1,027,928)		(2,710,417)	(33,778)	1,682,489
Operating Income		8,434,720		9,619,172		8,701,352	(1,184,452)	917,820
Non-operating Revenues		635,825		334,430		213,252	301,395	121,178
Non-operating Expenses		(2,698,488)		(3,775,535)		(3,181,726)	1,077,047	(593,809)
Change in Net Postion		6,372,057		6,178,067		5,732,878	193,990	445,189
Net position at beginning of year (1)		51,605,680		45,427,613		39,694,735	6,178,067	5,732,878
Net position at end of year	\$	57,977,737	\$	51,605,680	\$	45,427,613	\$ 6,178,067	\$ 5,732,878

⁽¹⁾ As restated, see Note 12 for details

June 30, 2018 Comparison to June 30, 2017

Operating revenues as of June 30, 2018 are about \$1.8 million lower than the prior year amount. The decrease is primarily attributed to a decrease in the operating reimbursements from project participants for decreases in operations and maintenance cost for the year.

It is the Authority's policy to return O&M assessment surpluses to the project participants in the form of credits against future assessments. For FY 2017/18, this credit totaled \$0.67 million for the fixed component of the O&M assessments, as compared to the FY 2016/17 credit of \$0.73 million. Credits for the variable assessment component were applied throughout the fiscal year with each quarterly variable assessment when applicable.

Operating expenses, excluding depreciation and amortization expense are about \$0.6 million lower than the prior year amount due to:

- 1. Decrease in personnel expenses of about \$0.05 million due primarily to the required recording of GASB 75 actuarial OPEB costs including a GASB 75 prior period actuarial adjustment increasing the prior year personnel expenses.
- 2. Decrease in unexpended operating reimbursements of \$.06 million due to a decrease in the budget surplus for FY 2017/18 which is payable back to the Authority's project participants.
- 3. Increase in professional services of \$0.08 for an increase in legal services.
- 4. Decrease in supplies, equipment and monitoring expenses of \$0.3 million for lower chemical costs associated with a decrease in water deliveries and therefore a decrease in chemical usage.
- 5. Decrease in other expenses of \$0.3 million for reductions seen in non-capital projects and appropriated contingency funds.

Non-operating revenues are higher by about \$0.3 million due to the increase of interest income.

Non-operating expenses are \$1.1 million lower due to reduced interest expense of the Series 2016A bond.

Also seen was a \$0.3 million increase in interest income paid to the CCWA project participants.

June 30, 2017 Comparison to June 30, 2016

Operating revenues as of June 30, 2017 were about \$1.5 million higher than the prior year amount. The increase is primarily attributed to an increase in the operating reimbursements from project participants for an increase in operations and maintenance cost for the year.

It is the Authority's policy to return O&M assessment surpluses to the project participants in the form of credits against future assessments. For FY 2016/17, this credit totaled \$0.7 million for the fixed component of the O&M assessments, as compared to the FY 2015/16 credit of \$0.3 million. Credits for the variable assessment component were applied throughout the fiscal year with each quarterly variable assessment when applicable.

Operating expenses, excluding depreciation and amortization expense were about \$2.3 million higher than the prior year amount due to:

- 1. Increase in personnel expenses of about \$0.5 million due to GASB 68 actuarial pension costs and a restatement of OPEB actuarial expenses in implementing GASB 75 to record required OPEB actuarial costs. Also included is a GASB 68 prior period actuarial adjustment reducing the prior year personnel cost.
- 2. Increase in unexpended operating reimbursements of \$0.4 million due to an increase in the budget surplus for FY 2016/17 which is payable back to the Authority's project participants.
- 3. Increase in supplies, equipment and monitoring expenses of \$0.2 million for higher chemical costs associated with an increase in water deliveries and therefore an increase in chemical usage.
- 4. Increase in utility expenses of \$0.6 million attributed to an increase water deliveries over the prior fiscal year and the increase in electrical costs for pumping water.

Depreciation and Amortization expenses were approximately \$1.7 million lower due largely to the refunding of the Series 2006A revenue bonds with the Series 2016A revenue bonds. The bonds were issued at a significant premium and with a significant deferred gain on refunding. The amortization of premiums and gains reduces depreciation and amortization expense by \$2.0 million unlike typical depreciation and amortization of a fixed or intangible asset which acts to defer the expense of an asset over its useful life.

Non-operating revenues were higher by about \$0.1 million due to the increase of interest income and a gain on the sale of a capital asset.

Non-operating expenses were \$0.6 million higher due to Series 2016 A bond issuance costs paid on the refunding of the 2006A Series bond.

Also seen was an increase in the cost of asset disposal and interest income paid to the CCWA project participants.

Capital Assets

The following table provides a summary of the Authority's capital assets and changes from the prior year.

				2018-2017	2017-2016	
_	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2017	June 30, 2016	Change	Change	
Land	\$ 3,178,700	\$ 3,178,700	\$ 3,178,700	\$ -	\$ -	
Furniture fixtures and equipment	491,748	434,462	423,907	57,286	10,555	
Lab, transportation, plant and pipeline equipment	28,896,483	28,714,588	28,681,299	181,895	33,289	
Buildings and structures	48,696,149	48,696,149	48,696,149	-	-	
Underground pipeline	59,925,077	59,925,077	59,925,077	-	-	
Construction in progress	834,306	464,918	361,911	369,388	103,007	
Total property, plant and						
equipment	142,022,463	141,413,894	141,267,043	608,569	146,851	
Accumulated depreciation	(47,808,429)	(45,597,421)	(43,324,419)	(2,211,008)	(2,273,002)	
Net property, plant and equipment	\$ 94,214,034	\$ 95,816,473	\$ 97,942,623	\$ (1,602,439)	\$ (2,126,151)	

Please refer to Note 3 on Capital Assets in the Notes to the Financial Statements for additional information regarding the Authority's capital assets.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Debt Administration

On September 28, 2006, the Authority issued Series 2006A refunding revenue bonds in the amount of \$123,190,000, which refunded the outstanding \$142,985,000 Series 1996A revenue bonds. The 2006A revenue bonds were issued at a true interest cost of 4.24% for the purpose of reducing the Authority's total debt service payments over the next 15 years by \$4.4 million and to obtain an economic gain (difference between the present values of the old and new debt service payments) of \$3.4 million. At June 30, 2016, the Authority had \$59,645,000 of outstanding 2006A revenue bonds.

The Authority's 2006 revenue bond indenture and the Water Supply Agreements require that certain CCWA project participants and contractors maintain a ratio of net revenues to contract payments of at least 1.25. Additionally, the Authority has complied with the Securities and Exchange Commission Rule 15c12, which requires all local governments that bring municipal debt to market after July 3, 1995 to provide specified financial and operating information on an annual basis which mirrors the information provided in the 2006 revenue bond official statement.

On June 28, 2016 the Authority issued Series 2016A refunding revenue bonds in the amount of \$45,470,000, which refunded the outstanding \$59,645,000 Series 2006A revenue bonds on October 1, 2016. The 2016A refunding revenue bonds were issued for the purpose of reducing the Authority's total debt service payments over the next 5 years by \$5.6 million and to obtain an economic gain (difference between the present values of the old and new debt service payments) of \$5.4 million. The Authority also realized the benefits of lower interest rates, which were issued at a true interest cost of 1.355% compared to the 4.24% true interest costs of the 2006A bonds. The bond refunding transaction was completed at the close of escrow on July 21, 2016.

At June 30, 2018, the Authority had \$37,590,000 of outstanding 2016A revenue bonds.

Please refer to Note 5 in the Notes to the Financial Statements for additional information regarding the Authority's long-term debt.

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

ASSETS	June 30, 201	3 June 30, 2017
A35E13		
Current Assets		
Cash and investments (Note 2 & 11) Interest receivable (Note 11) Prepaid Expenses Inventory Total Unrestricted Current Assets	\$ 25,700,75: 48,018 482,30: 99,548 26,330,62	39,903 7 231,021 84,653
Restricted Current Assets		
Cash and investments held for payment to DWR Total Current Assets	44,370,866 70,701,49	
Non-Current Assets		
Restricted Assets Cash and investments for debt service payments Cash and investments for Escrow Deposits (Note 11) Interest receivable Total Restricted Non-Current Assets	10,411,59 408,67 109,94 10,930,21	406,931 46,503
Capital Assets (Note 3)		
Capital Assets (Note 5) Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation Land, not depreciated Total Capital Assets	91,035,334 3,178,700 94,214,034	3,178,700
Unamortized bond insurance costs, net Long-term accounts receivable	55,77 ⁵ 3,632,70	
Total Non-Current Assets	108,832,72	111,066,745
Total Assets	\$ 179,534,21	7 \$ 177,384,240
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Deferred amount on refunding Deferred amount from pension plan (Note 6) Deferred amount from OPEB (Note 7 &12) Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	944,76 1,532,290 53,12 \$ 2,530,170	5 1,338,314 2 43,201
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources	182,064,390	180,255,475
The notes to the financial statements are an integral	oart of these statemer	nts. Continued

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2017
Current Liabilities	ound 66, 26 io	04.10 CG, 2017
Accounts payable Deposits for payment to DWR Accrued interest payable Deposits for supplemental water purchases Other liabilities (Note 11) Compensated absences payable Debt due within one year Project participant deposits and unearned revenue	\$ 238,286 44,462,834 469,876 1,803,949 90,411 222,039 8,720,000 21,555,995	\$ 214,788 41,636,741 568,376 - 36,935 200,624 7,880,000 21,579,581
Total Current Liabilities	77,563,390	72,117,045
Non-Current Liabilities		
Bonds payable, net (Note 5) OPEB liability (6/30/2017 balance restated - Note 7 & 12) Rate coverage reserve fund (Note 1) Escrow Deposits (Note 11) Net pension liability (Note 6) Total Non-Current Liabilities Total Liabilities	31,552,251 883,831 9,282,179 408,675 3,756,159 45,883,095	41,831,029 805,688 9,215,803 406,931 3,318,324 55,577,775
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Deferred amount on refunding Deferred amount from pension plan (Note 6) Deferred amount from OPEB (Note 7 & 12) Total Deferred Inflows of Resources Net Position	491,308 139,586 9,280 640,174	776,829 178,146 954,975
Net investment in capital assets Restricted - future payment of debt service Unrestricted (Note 12) Total Net Position	60,312,509 10,411,593 (12,746,365) 57,977,737	55,164,579 9,978,731 (13,537,630) 51,605,680
Total Liabilities and Net Position	\$ 182,064,396	\$ 180,255,475

 $The \ notes \ to \ the \ financial \ statements \ are \ an \ integral \ part \ of \ these \ statements.$

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGE IN NET POSITION

		une 30, 2018	J	une 30, 2017
Operating Revenues				
Operating reimbursements				
from project participants	\$	18,868,309	\$	20,524,251
Other revenues		157,546		300,789
Total Operating Revenues		19,025,855		20,825,040
Operating Expenses				
Personnel expenses (Note 12)		5,005,522		5,059,629
Office expenses		17,966		19,732
General and administrative		229,679		218,690
Professional services		358,647		282,612
Supplies and equipment		1,152,515		1,458,869
Monitoring expenses		78,986		98,483
Repairs and maintenance		276,386		238,290
Utilities		1,194,942		1,212,960
Unexpended operating reimbursements (Note 1)		670,991		729,234
Depreciation and amortization		1,061,706		1,027,928
Other expenses		543,795		859,441
Total Operating Expenses		10,591,135		11,205,868
Operating Income		8,434,720		9,619,172
Non-Operating Revenues				
Interest income		635,825		328,130
Gain on disposal of capital assets		-		6,300
Total Non-Operating Revenues		635,825		334,430
Non-Operating Expenses				
Interest expenses		1,978,000		2,869,594
Bond issuance expenses		-		576,155
Loss on disposal of capital assets		84,561		28,156
Interest income paid to project participants		635,927		301,630
Total Non-Operating Expenses		2,698,488		3,775,535
Increase in net position		6,372,057		6,178,067
Change in Net Position		6,372,057	_	6,178,067
		~1 <i>)11</i> -1~ <i>)1</i>		5,.,5,557
Net position, at beginning of year, as restated (Note 12)		51,605,680		45,427,613
Net position, at end of year	\$	57,977,737	\$	51,605,680

 $The \ notes \ to \ the \ financial \ statements \ are \ an \ integral \ part \ of \ these \ statements.$

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

Cach Flows From Operating Activities June 30, 2018 June 30, 2017 Cash received from project participants and other operating activities \$ 19,800,629 \$ 21,364,032 (2,999,207) \$ 21,364,032 (2,999,207) (2,999,207) (2,999,207) (2,999,207) (2,999,207) (2,999,207) (2,999,207) (2,990,207) (2,990,207) (2,990,207) (2,900,207) <td< th=""><th></th><th>For the fisca</th><th>l year ended</th></td<>		For the fisca	l year ended
Cash received from project participants and other operating activities \$ 19,800,629 \$ 21,364,032 Cash payments to suppliers (3,916,408) (2,999,307) Cash payments to suppliers (5,955,190) (6,148,251) Net cash provided by operating activities 10,729,031 12,216,574 Cash Flows from Investing Activities 562,522 290,460 Interest and dividends on investments (Note 11) 562,522 290,460 Net cash provided by investing activities 562,522 290,460 Cach Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities (811,276) (254,360) Acquisition of capital assets (811,276) (254,360) Deposits received for encroachment permits - 43,389 Payments on encroachment permit projects (1,361) (38,992) Interest paid on long-term debt (2,076,500) (3,023,619) Principal payments on long-term debt (7,880,000) (8,825,000) Proceeds received from sale of capital assets - - 6,300 Net cash (used) for capital and related financing activities (10,769,137) (12,092,276) Cach Flowe from Non-C		June 30, 2018	Jun <i>e 30</i> , 2017
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Net cash provided by operating activities	Cash payments to employees	(3,116,408)	(2,999,207)
Interest and dividends on investments (Note 11) Net cash provided by investing activities Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities Acquisition of capital assets Acquisition of capital assets Acquisition of capital assets Deposits received for encroachment permits Principal payments on long-term debt (1,361) Principal payments on long-term debt (2,076,500) Proceeds received from sale of capital assets Net cash (used) for capital and related financing Activities Proceeds received from sale of capital assets Net cash (used) for capital and related financing activities Proceeds received from sale of capital assets Proceeds received from sale of capital assets Proceeds received from Non-Capital Financing Activities Proceeds received for DWR and Warren Act charges Proceeds received for DWR and Warren Act charges Proceeds received for supplemental water purchases Proceeds received for supplemental water purchases Proceeds received for supplemental water purchases Proceeds received (used) by non-capital financing activities Proceeds received for DWR and Warren Act charges Proceeds received for burn purchases Proceeds received for supplemental water purchases Proceeds received for supplemental water purchases Proceeds received for burn purchases Proceeds received for supplemental water purchases Proceeds receive	Cash payments to suppliers	(5,955,190)	(6,148,251)
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	Net cash provided by operating activities		

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of these statements.

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

Supplemental Disclosures of Cash Flow Information

	For the fiscal year ended		
	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2017	
Schedule of Non-Cash Capital and Related Financing Activities The Authority completed the construction of certain assets and transferred them from construction in progress to property, plant and equipment.	\$ 441,368 <u></u>	\$ 151,352	
The Authority disposed of certain property, plant and equipment which were determined to no longer be usable. The aggregate original purchase cost of the assets was disposed.	\$ 202,187	\$ 107,509	
The Authority issued refunding revenue bonds to realize the benefits of lower interest rates and a principal reduction.	<u>\$</u>	\$ 5,350,000	
Difference between cost and fair value of investments held by the Authority at the end of the fiscal year.	\$ 46,417	\$ 68,185	

 ${\it The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of these statements}.$

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accounting policies of the Central Coast Water Authority ("Authority") conform to Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP). The following summary of the Authority's more significant accounting policies is presented to assist the reader in interpreting the financial statements and other data in this report. These policies should be viewed as an integral part of the accompanying financial statements.

A. Reporting Entity

The primary purpose of the Central Coast Water Authority is to provide for the development, financing, construction, operation and maintenance of certain local (non-state owned) facilities required to deliver water from the State Water Project (the "SWP") to certain water purveyors and users in Santa Barbara County.

The Central Coast Water Authority was created by its members in August 1991. The Authority is presently composed of eight members, all of which are public agencies, as follows: the cities of Buellton, Guadalupe, Santa Barbara, and Santa Maria, Carpinteria Valley Water District, Goleta Water District, Montecito Water District and the Santa Ynez River Water Conservation District, Improvement District No. I (SYRWCD, ID#1, in which the City of Solvang is located). (A founding member of the Authority, the Summerland Water District, merged into the Montecito Water District.) In addition, the Authority has one associate member, the La Cumbre Mutual Water Company (together with the members, the "Purveyor Participants"). Each of the Purveyor Participants has entered into a Water Supply Agreement with the Authority, as have non-members: Vandenberg Air Force Base ("Vandenberg AFB"), Raytheon Systems Company (formerly Santa Barbara Research Center), Morehart Land Company and Golden State Water Company (the "Consumer Participants").

The Authority Participants are located in three different geographic areas of Santa Barbara County: North County (Guadalupe, Santa Maria, Golden State Water Company and Vandenberg AFB); the Santa Ynez Valley (Buellton and SYRWCD, ID#I); and the South Coast (Carpinteria, Goleta, La Cumbre Mutual Water Company, Montecito, Morehart Land Company, Santa Barbara and Raytheon Systems Company, formerly Santa Barbara Research Center).

Historically, the North County has been an agricultural area but has seen significant urban development in the last twenty years and expects additional urban development in the future; the Santa Ynez Valley is a rural agricultural area and tourist destination; and the South Coast is a generally developed urban area which does not expect significant growth in the future.

In October 1992, the Central Coast Water Authority entered into an agreement with San Luis Obispo (SLO) County to treat water delivered through the SWP. The entities covered by the agreement include: Avila Beach Community Services District, Avila Valley Mutual Water Company, California Men's Colony, City of Morro Bay, City of Pismo Beach, County of San Luis Obispo Community Services Area #16, Irrigation District #1, Cuesta College, Oceano Community Services District, San Luis Obispo County Operations Center, San Luis Coastal Unified School District and San Miguelito Mutual Water Company.

Facilities Constructed by the Authority

The facilities constructed by the Authority include a water treatment plant located at Polonio Pass in northern San Luis Obispo County and two pipeline extensions: (1) the Mission Hills Extension, a buried pipeline approximately eleven miles long running from the terminus of the Coastal Branch (Phase II) southerly to the vicinity of the Lompoc Valley, and (2) the Santa Ynez Extension, a buried pipeline approximately thirty-two miles long running from the terminus of the Mission Hills Extension easterly through the Santa Ynez Valley, to a terminus at Cachuma Lake and includes one pumping plant near Santa Ynez and one storage tank. Water transported to Lake Cachuma is transported through the existing Tecolote Tunnel, which traverses the Santa Ynez Mountains, to the South Coast of Santa Barbara County.

The water treatment plant receives raw water from the SWP and delivers treated water to purveyors and users located in San Luis Obispo and Santa Barbara Counties.

Contractual Relationships

The State of California Department of Water Resources ("DWR") entered into contracts (the "State Water Supply Contracts") with San Luis Obispo and Santa Barbara Counties in 1963 pursuant to which the counties received Table A amounts of water from the SWP. San Luis Obispo County's Table A amount was 25,000 acre-feet per year and Santa Barbara County's Table A amount was 57,700 acre-feet per year. In 1981, Santa Barbara County amended its contract to reduce its Table A amount to 45,486 acre-feet per year.

In 1983, Santa Barbara County entered into a series of Water Supply Retention Agreements ("WSRAs") with local water purveyors and users within Santa Barbara County. These WSRAs initially granted the purveyors and users an option to obtain an assignment of Santa Barbara County's State Water Supply Contract rights and, as of July 1, 1989, actually granted the full assignment of those rights. Thereafter, certain of the local water purveyors and users holding the WSRA rights transferred those rights to the Authority, a newly formed Joint Powers Authority, in consideration for Water Supply Agreements dated August 1, 1991, which provide for the delivery of SWP water by the Authority and the payment of required costs by the transferors. The Authority's obligation to make such payments to DWR from the payments it receives pursuant to the Water Supply Agreements is senior to its obligation to make payments with respect to the Bonds. These transfers have been consented to by DWR and were validated by an agreement between Santa Barbara County and the Authority on November 12, 1991 (the "Transfer of Financial Responsibility Agreement").

The Water Supply Agreements

Each Project Participant has entered into a Water Supply Agreement to provide for the development, financing, construction, operation and maintenance of the Project. The purpose of the Water Supply Agreements is to assist in carrying out the purposes of the Authority with respect to the Project by: (1) requiring the Authority to sell, and the Project Participants to buy, a specified amount of water from the project, and (2) assigning the Project Participants' Table A amount rights in the Project to the Authority.

In accordance with the provisions of each Water Supply Agreement, the Authority fixes charges for each Project Participant to produce revenues from the Project equal to the amounts anticipated to be needed by the Authority to meet the costs of the Authority to deliver to each Project Participant its pro rata share of water from the Project as set forth in each Water Supply Agreement. Each Project Participant is required to pay to the Authority an amount equal to its share of the total Fixed Project Costs and certain other costs in the proportion established in accordance with the applicable Water Supply Agreement, including the Santa Barbara Project Participant's share of payments to DWR under the State Water Supply Contract, as amended (including capital, operation, maintenance, power and

replacement costs of the DWR Facilities), debt service on the Bonds and all Authority operating and administrative costs. Such obligation is to be honored by each Project Participant whether or not water is furnished to it from the Project at all times or not at all and whether or not the Project is completed, operable, operated or retired. Such payments are not subject to any reduction and are not conditioned upon performance by the Authority or any other Project Participant under any agreement.

The Water Supply Agreements set forth detailed provisions concerning the time and method of payment by each Contractor of certain costs, including Fixed Project Costs and other operation and maintenance costs, as well as the method of allocation of such costs and expenses and the remedies available to the Authority in the event a project participant defaults in its payments to the Authority.

B. Basis of Accounting

The Authority operates as a proprietary fund-type. All proprietary fund-types are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. Under this measurement focus, all assets and liabilities associated with the operation of these funds are included on the balance sheets. Where appropriate, net total position (i.e., fund equity) is segregated into net position invested in capital assets, net of related debt and unrestricted net assets. Proprietary fund-type operating statements present increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in net total assets.

All proprietary fund-types utilize the accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when earned, regardless of when received, and expenses are recognized at the time the related liabilities are incurred, regardless of when paid.

This report has been prepared in conformance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) as promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). Additionally, the Authority applies all Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) statements and interpretations, Accounting Principles Board (APB) opinions, and Accounting Research Bulletins (ARB's) issued on or before November 30, 1989, unless those pronouncements conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements.

C. Investments

The Authority has developed an investment policy that exceeds the minimum requirements established by the State of California. The Authority believes that it has adhered to established policies for all investment activities. As of June 30, 2018, the investment portfolio has a weighted average maturity of 225.33 days and a yield to maturity of 2.229%.

The Authority reports investments with a maturity greater than one year at the time of purchase at fair value. As of June 30, 2018 all investments are reported at amortized cost.

D. Capital Assets

Capital assets, consisting of property, plant and equipment purchased or constructed by the Authority which meet or exceed the Authority's capitalization threshold of \$10,000 and an estimated useful life of five years or more, are stated at cost. Depreciation has been computed over the estimated useful life of each asset using the straight-line method. Interest costs have been capitalized based on the average outstanding capital expenditures. In addition, certain technical and engineering related studies associated with the Project have also been capitalized and included in the basis of the assets. The ranges of depreciation rates are:

Furniture fixtures and equipment 5-10 years
Equipment 10-50 years
Buildings and structures 30-50 years
Underground pipeline 75 years

E. Inventories

Certain chemical purchases for use at the water treatment plant have been recorded to an inventory account to be expensed in proportion to the amount of water treated at the water treatment plant on a monthly basis.

F. Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the Statement of Net Position and/or the balance sheet will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows and inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents a consumption of resources that applies to a future period(s) and therefore will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. In addition to liabilities, the Statement of Net Position and/or the balance sheet will report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents an

acquisition of resources that applies to a future period(s) and therefore will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. See Note 4 for a detailed listing of the deferred outflows and inflows of resources the Authority has recognized.

G. Deposits

Deposits include cash receipts from project participants for amounts payable to the Department of Water Resources (DWR) and Warren Act Charges payable to the U.S. Bureau of Reclamation and the Cachuma Operations and Maintenance Board (COMB).

H. Operating Reimbursements from Project Participants

Operating reimbursements from project participants include amounts paid for Authority operating expenses and debt service payments. Debt service operating assessment receipts for both principal and interest are recorded as operating revenues.

I. Unexpended Operating Assessments

Prior to fiscal year 2015/16, it was the Authority's policy to return unexpended fixed and variable operating assessments and interest income to the project participants after the close of each fiscal year. Beginning fiscal year 2015/16 the Authority revised this policy with respect only to the variable operating assessment component. A quarterly true-up process of variable operating costs was implemented to help avoid over and under collections due to changes in water deliveries. For fiscal year 2017/18 the unexpended fixed and variable operating assessments and the investment income earned on the Authority's unrestricted cash balances are recorded as unearned revenue and returned to the project participants as a credit against the following year's operating assessments.

J. Operating and Non-Operating Revenues and Expenses

Project participant assessment payments for operations and maintenance expenses, revenue bond debt service payments and miscellaneous revenues are considered operating revenues. Interest income and gains on sale of capital assets and investments are considered non-operating revenues.

Operations and maintenance expenses and depreciation and amortization expenses are considered operating expenses. Revenue bond interest expenses and other extraordinary expenses are considered non-operating expenses.

K. Long-Term Accounts Receivable

Certain project participants requested that the Authority finance local facilities and other costs associated with the State water project owned and operated by the individual project participants. These costs are recorded as a long-term receivable on the Authority's statement of net position, and repaid by the project participants in the form of revenue bond debt service payments to the Authority.

L. Rate Coverage Reserve Fund

In December 1997, the Authority adopted the rate coverage reserve fund policy to provide a mechanism to allow the Authority's project participants to satisfy a portion of their obligation under Section 20(a) of the Water Supply Agreement to impose rates and charges sufficient to collect 125% of their contract payments as defined in the Water Supply Agreement.

Under the rate coverage reserve fund policy, a project participant may deposit with the Authority up to twenty five percent (25%) of its State water contract payments in a given year. Amounts on deposit in the rate coverage reserve fund are used to satisfy a portion of the rate coverage obligation found in the Water Supply Agreement.

The following table shows a summary of project participant deposits in the rate coverage reserve fund as of June 30, 2018.

Project Participant	June 30, 2018
City of Buellton	\$ 277,145
Carpinteria Valley Water District	830,581
City of Guadalupe	191,013
La Cumbre Mutual Water Company	400,354
Montecito Water District	1,443,212
City of Santa Maria	5,042,842
Shandon (SLO County)	15,334
Santa Ynez Water Conservation	616,938
District, ID #1 (City of Solvang	
portion)	
Santa Ynez WCD,ID #1	464,760
Total	\$9,282,179

M. Self-Funded Dental/Vision Insurance Plan

The Authority maintains a self-insured plan for dental and vision coverage offered to employees. Under the provisions of the plan, each full-time employee was provided \$3,345 this fiscal year to pay dental and vision expenses for the employee and their qualified dependents.

The following table shows a summary of the claims liability and claims paid for the plan years ended June 30, 2017 and 2016.

	<u>2018</u>	<u> 2017</u>
Maximum claims liability	\$ 97,005	\$ 92,660
Actual claims paid	(61,323)	(56,196)

N. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reported period. Actual results will differ from those estimates.

O. New and Future Accounting Pronouncements

In June 2015, the GASB issued Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions. This statement addresses reporting by governments that provide OPEB to their employees and for governments that finance OPEB for employees of other governments and parallels the pension standards issued in 2012 – GASB Statement No. 68. The requirements of this Statement are effective for financial statements for periods beginning after June 15, 2017. The provisions of this Standard require the Authority to report a liability for the proportionate share of the net OPEB obligation.

In March 2016, the GASB issued Statement No. 82, Pension Issues, an amendment of GASB Statements No. 67, No. 68, and No. 73. This Statement addresses issues regarding (1) the presentation of payroll-related measures in required supplementary information, (2) the selection of assumptions and the treatment of deviations from the guidance in an Actuarial Standard of Practice for financial reporting purposes, and (3) the classification of payments made by employers to satisfy employee (plan member) contribution requirements. The requirements of this Statement are effective in the first reporting period in which the measurement date of the pension liability is on or after June 15, 2017.

In March 2017, the GASB issued Statement No. 85, Omnibus 2017 to address issues identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements. This Statement address as variety of topics including issues related to blending component units, goodwill, fair value measurement and application, and postemployment benefits (pensions and other postemployment benefits (OPEB). The requirements of this Statement are effective for financial statements for periods beginning after June 15, 2017.

Future GASB Pronouncements:

Statement No. 83, "Certain Asset Retirement Obligations." The requirements of this Statement may affect the Authority's financial statements beginning in fiscal year 2018/2019.

Statement No. 87, "Leases." The requirements of this Statement may affect the Authority's financial statements beginning in fiscal year 2020/2021.

P. Net Pension Liability

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position and additions to/deductions from the fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the CalPERS Financial Office, and are in accordance with the implementation of GASB Statement No. 68. Investments are reported at fair value. CalPERS audited financial statements are publicly available reports that can be obtained at CalPERS' website under Forms and Publications.

Q. Other Post Employment Benefit (OPEB) Liability

In measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to the OPEB benefit and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position and additions to/deductions from the fiduciary net position have been prepared in accordance with GASB Statement No. 75. The valuation for the fiscal year 2017/18 was actuarially prepared and was based on the Authorities Plan provisions, participant data and asset information provided by the Authority. As permitted under GASB 75, the total OPEB liability has been calculated using the June 30, 2017 actuarial valuation.

Note 2: Cash and Investments

A. Pooling

The Authority follows the practice of pooling cash and investments for all funds under its direct daily control. Funds held by outside fiscal agents under provisions of the bond indenture are maintained separately. Interest income from cash and investments with fiscal agents is credited directly to the related accounts. The Authority considers all pooled cash and investments to be cash equivalents.

B. Demand Deposits

The custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that the Authority will not be able to recover deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in possession of an outside party. This risk is mitigated in that of the total bank balance, \$250,000 is insured by Federal depository insurance.

The California Government Code requires California banks and savings and loan associations to secure the Authority's deposits by pledging government securities as collateral. The market value of pledged securities must equal at least 110% of the Authority's deposits. California law also allows financial institutions to secure Authority deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150% of the Authority's total deposits.

As of June 30, 2018, the reported amount of the Authority's demand deposits was \$260,541 and the bank balance was \$415,651. The difference of \$155,110 was principally due to checks which had not yet cleared the bank.

As of June 30, 2017, the reported amount of the Authority's demand deposits was \$222,736 and the bank balance was \$392,016. The difference of \$169,280 was principally due to checks which had not yet cleared the bank.

C. Cash and Investments

The Authority is authorized by its investment policy, in accordance with Section 53601 of the California Government Code, to invest in the following instruments: securities issued or guaranteed by the Federal Government or its agencies, commercial paper, money market funds, and the State Treasurer's Local Agency Investment Funds (LAIF).

All of the Authority's deposits, except certain cash balances held by fiscal agents, are entirely insured or collateralized. The California Government Code requires California banks and savings and loans to secure the Authority's deposits by pledging government securities as collateral. The fair value of the pledged securities must equal 110% of the Authority's deposits. California law also allows financial institutions to secure Authority deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes equal to 150% of the Authority's deposits. The Authority may waive collateral requirements for deposits, which are fully insured up to \$250,000 by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC).

The fair value of pooled investments is determined annually and is based on current market prices received from the securities custodian. The fair value of participants' position in the pool is the same as the value of the pool shares. The method used to determine the value of participants' equity withdrawn is based on the book value of the participants' percentage participation at the date of such withdrawal. LAIF is required to invest in accordance with State statutes.

At June 30, 2018, the carrying value of the Authority's position in LAIF is \$39,700,846 and the fair value is \$39,626,481.

As of June 30, 2017, the carrying value of the Authority's position in LAIF was \$64,366,195 and the fair value was \$64,298,010.

The par value of U.S. Treasury Notes held by the Authority as of June 30, 2018 was \$33,000,000. The net unamortized discounts and premiums associated with these bonds of (216,195) resulted in a carrying value of \$32,783,805 of the bonds. These bonds had a fair value \$32,811,753 as of June 30, 2018. Fair value in this instance is the value at which the notes held were actively trading on open markets at the date of the financial statements.

As of June 30, 2017 U.S. Treasury Notes were not held by the Authority.

Credit Risk and Concentration of Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of an investment in a single issuer. The Treasurer mitigates these risks by holding a diversified portfolio of high quality investments. The policy sets specific parameters by type of investment for credit quality, maturity length, and maximum percentage investment.

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty to a transaction, the Authority will not be able to recover the value of investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party.

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The Treasurer mitigates this risk by investing in shorter-term investments that are not subject to significant adjustments due to interest rate fluctuations.

Note 3: Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018:

	Ju	Balance ne 30, 2017	Additions/ Transfers	Deletions/ Transfers	Balance June 30, 2018
Capital Assets, not depreciated					
Land	\$	3,178,700	\$ -	\$ - :	\$ 3,178,700
Construction-in-process		464,918	811,276	(441,888)	834,306
Total Capital Assets, not depreciated		3,643,618	811,276	(441,888)	4,013,006
Depreciable Assets:					
Furniture fixtures and equipment		434,462	57,285	-	491,748
Lab Equipment		267,902	-	-	267,902
Transportation Equipment		679,028	40,654	-	719,682
Plant Equipment		16,349,022	133,139	(62,123)	16,420,038
Pipeline Equipment		11,418,636	118,126	(47,900)	11,488,862
Buildings and structures		48,696,149	92,163	(92,163)	48,696,149
Underground pipeline		59,925,077	-	-	59,925,077
Total depreciable assets		137,770,276	441,368	(202,186)	138,009,457
Accumulated Depreciation:					
Furniture fixtures and equipment		(401,122)	(28,080)	-	(429,202)
Lab Equipment		(247,704)	(3,320)	-	(251,024)
Transportation Equipment		(539,525)	(89,681)	-	(629,206)
Plant Equipment		(7,453,568)	(343,979)	58,495	(7,739,052)
Pipeline Equipment		(7,099,157)	(346,818)	33,325	(7,412,650)
Buildings and structures		(14,043,139)	(712,688)	25,806	(14,730,022)
Underground pipeline		(15,813,207)	(804,067)	-	(16,617,274)
Total Accumulated Depreciation		(45,597,421)	(2,328,634)	117,626	(47,808,429)
Total Depreciable Capital Assets, net		92,172,855	(1,887,267)	(84,560)	90,201,028
Total Capital Assets, net	\$	95,816,473	\$ (1,075,990)	\$ (526,448)	\$ 94,214,034

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017:

	Ju	Balance ne 30, 2016	Additions/ Transfers	Deletions/ Transfers	Balance ne 30, 2017
Capital Assets, not depreciated)-,			J-,,
Land	\$	3,178,700	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,178,700
Construction-in-process		361,911	254 , 360	(151,352)	464,918
Total Capital Assets, not depreciated		3,540,611	254,360	(151,352)	3,643,618
Depreciable Assets:					
Furniture fixtures and equipment		423,907	10,555	-	434,462
Lab Equipment		267,902	-	-	267,902
Transportation Equipment		677,177	27,721	(25,869)	679,029
Plant Equipment		16,317,584	61,491	(30,054)	16,349,021
Pipeline Equipment		11,418,636	51,585	(51,585)	11,418,636
Buildings and structures		48,696,149	-	-	48,696,149
Underground pipeline		59,925,077	-	-	59,925,077
Total depreciable assets		137,726,432	151,352	(107,509)	137,770,276
Accumulated Depreciation:					
Furniture fixtures and equipment		(370,692)	(30,430)	-	(401,122)
Lab Equipment		(244,384)	(3,320)	-	(247,704)
Transportation Equipment		(454,057)	(111,336)	25,869	(539,524)
Plant Equipment		(7,130,386)	(343,135)	19,953	(7,453,568)
Pipeline Equipment		(6,787,839)	(344,849)	33,531	(7,099,157)
Buildings and structures		(13,327,921)	(715,217)	-	(14,043,138)
Underground pipeline		(15,009,140)	(804,067)	-	(15,813,207)
Total Accumulated Depreciation		(43,324,419)	(2,352,354)	79,352	(45,597,421)
Total Depreciable Capital Assets, net		94,402,013	(2,201,002)	(28,156)	92,172,855
Total Capital Assets, net	\$	97,942,623	\$ (1,946,642)	\$ (179,508)	\$ 95,816,473

Note 4: Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources

Beginning in fiscal year 2014/2015, the Authority reported deferred outflows and inflows of resources in connection with its issue of revenue bonds in 2006 & 2016 and pension-related adjustments in accordance with GASB 68, and in fiscal year 2017/2018 began reporting OPEB related adjustments in accordance with GASB 75. The table below presents the balances of deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources as of June 30, 2018.

Deferred

	Deferred
	Outflows of
	Resources
Difference Between the Reacquisition Price of New	
Debt and the Net Carrying Value of the Old Debt	\$ 13,195,235
Accumulated Amortization	(12,250,474)
Difference Between the Reacquisition Price of New	\$ 944,761
Debt and the Net Carrying Value of the Old Debt, net	
Pension-related adjustments	1,532,296
OPEB-related adjustments	53,122
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources, Net	\$ 2,530,179
·	
	Deferred
	Inflows of
	Resources
Deferred amount on refunding	\$ 491,308
Pension-related adjustments	139,586
OPEB-related adjustments	9,280
Total Deferred inflows of Resources	\$ 640,174

The table below presents the balances of deferred outflows and inflows of resources as of June 30, 2017, as restated. Please refer to Note 12 in the Notes to the Financial Statements for additional information regarding the restatement.

	Deferred Outflows of Resources
Difference Between the Reacquisition Price of New	
Debt and the Net Carrying Value of the Old Debt	\$ 13,195,235
Accumulated Amortization	(11,705,515)
Difference Between the Reacquisition Price of New	\$ 1,489,720
Debt and the Net Carrying Value of the Old Debt, net	
Pension-related adjustments	1,338,314
OPEB-related adjustments	43,201
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources, Net	\$ 2,871,235
	Deferred
	Inflows of
	Resources
Deferred amount on refunding	\$ 776,829
Pension-related adjustments	178,146
Total Deferred inflows of Resources	\$ 954,975

Note 5: Long-Term Debt

On September 28, 2006, the Authority issued \$123,190,000 in revenue bonds with an average interest rate of 4.24% to refund \$142,985,000 of outstanding 1996 Revenue Bonds with an Average interest rate of 5.47%.

The refunding resulted in a difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the old debt of \$8.25 million. This difference, reported in the accompanying financial statements as deferred outflow of resources, is being charged to operations through the year 2022 in proportion to the bond interest expense incurred for each fiscal year. The Authority completed the refunding to reduce its total debt service payments over the next 15 years by \$4.4 million and to obtain an economic gain (difference between the present values of the old and new debt service payments) of \$3.4 million.

The 1996 Revenue Bonds were issued to advance refund the 1992 Revenue Bonds. The 1992 Revenue Bonds were issued by the Authority for the benefit of its participants to finance a portion of the costs of developing a pipeline and water treatment plant, to reimburse certain project participants for costs incurred in connection with the State Water Project, and to finance certain other facilities. Each of the participants in the financing held elections authorizing issuance of revenue bonds for the construction of the State Water Project. In order to reduce issuance costs and insure the proceeds are available on a timely basis, the Authority issued the bonds for all participants requiring financing.

The City of Santa Maria, Golden State Water Company, Vandenberg AFB, Avila Valley Mutual Water Company, San Luis Coastal Unified School District, and San Miguelito Mutual Water Company contributed cash for their proportionate share of capital costs. Such net contributions totaling \$22,562,433 at June 30, 2016 and June 30, 2015 have been accounted for as contributed capital. Under the Water Supply Agreements, each Project Participants is obligated to make payments to the Authority, with the payments pledged to secure the payment of the principal and interest of the bonds. The 2006 bonds are backed by a municipal bond insurance policy issued by Financial Security Assurance.

On June 28, 2016 the Authority issued Series 2016A refunding revenue bonds in the amount of \$45,470,000, which refunded the outstanding \$59,645,000 Series 2006A revenue bonds on October 1, 2016. The 2016A refunding revenue bonds were issued for the purpose of reducing the

Authority's total debt service payments over the next 5 years by \$5.6 million and to obtain an economic gain (difference between the present values of the old and new debt service payments) of \$5.4 million. The Authority also realized the benefits of lower interest rates, which were issued at a true interest cost of 1.355% compared to the 4.24% true interest costs of the 2006A bonds. The bond refunding transaction was completed at the close of escrow on July 21, 2016. Aggregate savings between the 2006A and 2016A Bond debt service at the time of the refunding is shown below:

Refunding Revenue Bond Savings						
	2016A Series	2006A Series	Refunding			
	Revenue Bond	Revenue Bond	Savings			
Fiscal Year	Principal and	Interest Due	(Costs)			
2017 ⁽¹⁾	1,578,819	1,224,175	(354,644)			
2018	9,956,500	11,528,050	1,571,550			
2019	10,381,500	11,476,750	1,095,250			
2020	10,374,500	11,467,625	1,093,125			
2021	10,360,125	11,453,750	1,093,625			
2022	10,347,375	11,439,000	1,091,625			
Total	52,998,819	58,589,350	5,590,531			

⁽¹⁾ Fiscal Year 2017 only reflects the increase cost of interest due to the timing of refunding.

The annual requirements to pay all debt outstanding, as of June 30, 2018, are as follows:

Fiscal Year	Interest	Principal	Total
2019	1,661,500	8,720,000	10,381,500
2020	1,214,500	9,160,000	10,374,500
2021	745,125	9,615,000	10,360,125
2022	252,375	10,095,000	10,347,375
	\$ 3,873,500	\$ 37,590,000	\$ 41,463,500

The 2016A bond outstanding bears interest of 5.00%, with a true interest cost of 1.355%.

The long-term liability activity for the year ended June 30, 2018 is as follows:

	Balance				Balance
Revenue Bonds:	July 1, 2017	Additions	Reductions	Ju	ine 30, 2018
Series 2016A Revenue Bonds	\$ 45,470,000	\$ -	\$ (7,880,000)	\$	37,590,000
Premium on issuance of 2016 Series A	4,241,029	-	(1,558,778)		2,682,251
Total	49,711,029	-	(9,438,778)		40,272,251
Less: Current Portion	 (7,880,000)	-	(840,000)		(8,720,000)
Total Bonds Payable, net	41,831,029	-	(10,278,778)		31,552,251
OPEB Liability	805,688	264,376	(186,233)		883,831
Rate Coverage Reserve Fund	9,215,803	66,376	-		9,282,179
Escrow Deposits	406,931	3,957	(2,213)		408,675
Net Pension Liability	3,318,324	437,835	-		3,756,159
Total Non-Current Liabilities	\$ 55,577,775	\$ 772,543	\$ (10,467,224)	\$	45,883,095

The long-term liability activity for the year ended June 30, 2017 (as restated) was as follows:

	Balance				Balance
Revenue Bonds:	July 1, 2016	Additions	Reductions	Ju	ine 30, 2017
Series 2006A Revenue Bonds	\$ 59,645,000	\$ -	\$ (59,645,000)	\$	-
Premium on issuance of 2006 Series A	1,086,773	-	(1,086,773)		-
Series 2016A Revenue Bonds	-	45,470,000	-		45,470,000
Premium on issuance of 2016 Series A	-	5,933,141	(1,692,112)		4,241,029
Total	60,731,773	51,403,141	(62,423,885)		49,711,029
Less: Current Portion	(8,825,000)		945,000		(7,880,000)
Total Bonds Payable, net	51,906,773	51,403,141	(61,478,885)		41,831,029
OPEB Liability	38,078	805,688	(38,078)		805,688
Rate Coverage Reserve Fund	9,185,782	30,021	-		9,215,803
Escrow Deposits	406,191	4,428	(3,688)		406,931
Net Pension Liability	2,551,875	766,449			3,318,324
Total Non-Current Liabilities	\$ 64,088,699	\$ 53,009,727	\$ (61,520,651)	\$	55,577,775

Note 6: Pension Plan

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position and additions to/deductions from the fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the CalPERS Financial Office. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when currently due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

A. General Information about the Pension Plans

Plan Description - All qualified employees and probationary employees are required to participate in the Authority's cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan (Plan) administered by the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS). The Plan consists of individual rate plans (benefit tiers) within a miscellaneous risk pool. Plan assets may be used to pay benefits for any employer rate plan of the miscellaneous pools. Accordingly, rate plans are not separate plans under GASB Statement No. 68. Individual employers may sponsor more than one rate plan in the miscellaneous pool. The Authority currently sponsors one miscellaneous rate plan. Benefit provisions under the Plan are established by State statute and the Authority's resolution. Requests for detailed plan provisions and copies of CalPERS' annual financial report can be obtained from CalPERS Fiscal Services Division, P.O. Box 942703, Sacramento, CA, 94229-2703 or http://www.calpers.ca.gov.

Benefits Provided – CalPERS provides service retirement and disability benefits, annual cost of living adjustments and death benefits to plan members, who must be public employees and beneficiaries. Benefits are based on years of credited service, equal to one year of full time employment. Classic and PEPRA members with five years of total service are eligible to retire at age 50 or 52 respectively with statutorily reduced benefits. All members are eligible for non-duty disability benefits after 10 years of service. The death benefit is one of the following: the Basic Death Benefit, the 1959 Survivor Benefit, or the Optional Settlement 2W Death Benefit. The cost of living adjustments for each plan are applied as specified by Public Employees' Retirement Law.

The rate plan provisions and benefits in effect at June 30, 2017, are summarized as follows:

	Authority Plan		
Hire date	Classic Member* Prior to January 1, 2013	PEPRA On or after January 1, 2013	
Benefit formula	2% @ 55	2% @ 62	
Benefit vesting schedule	5 years' service	5 years' service	
Benefit payments	monthly for life	monthly for life	
Retirement age	50 - 63	52 - 67	
Monthly benefits, as a % of eligible compensation	1.426% to 2.418%	1.000% to 2.500%	
Required employee contribution rates	7%	6.50%	
Required employer contribution rates	16.04%	6.908%	

Beginning in fiscal year 2016, CalPERS collects employer contributions for the Plan as a percentage of payroll for the normal cost portion as noted in the rates above and as a dollar amount for contributions toward the unfunded liability and side fund. The dollar amounts are billed on a monthly basis. The Authority's required contribution for the unfunded liability was \$192,554 in fiscal year 2017/18.

*A Classic PERS member is an employee who qualifies under one of the following categories: An employee who was brought into CalPERS membership for the first time prior to January 1, 2013. An employee that was hired on or after January 1, 2013, yet is eligible for reciprocity with another public retirement system. An employee who is brought back by the same CalPERS employer, regardless of the length of break in service.

Contributions - Section 20814(c) of the California Public Employees' Retirement Law (PERL) requires that the employer contribution rates for all public employers be determined on an annual basis by the actuary and shall be effective on the July 1 following notice of a change in the rate. Funding contributions for the Plans are determined annually on an actuarial basis as of June 30 by CalPERS. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance any unfunded accrued liability. The Authority is required to contribute the difference between the actuarially determined rate and the contribution rate of employees.

Payments made by the employer to satisfy contribution requirements that are identified by the pension plan terms as plan member contribution requirements are classified as plan member contributions.

The Authority's contributions to the Plan for the year ended June 30, 2018 were \$569,625.

B. Pension Liabilities, Pension Expenses and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

As of June 30, 2018, the Authority reported net pension liabilities for its proportionate share of the net pension liability of each Plan as follows:

Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability/(Asset) Fiscal Year Ending

	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2017
Miscellaneous	\$ 3,756,159	\$ 3,318,324

The Authority's net pension liability for the Plan is measured as the proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability of the Plan is measured as of June 30, 2017, and the total pension liability for the Plan used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2016 rolled forward to June 30, 2017 using standard update procedures. The Authority's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the Authority's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined.

Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability

	Percenta of	Change: Increase	
	6/30/2018	6/30/2017	(Decrease)
Measurement Date	6/30/2017	6/30/2016	
Percentage of Plan (PERF C) NPL	0.037875%	0.038348%	(0.000473%)

Pension Expenses for Fiscal Year

	201//10
Total pension expense for fiscal year	\$ 774,918

For the year ending June 30, 2018, the Authority reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of <u>Resources</u>	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 5,514	\$ 78,993
Changes of assumptions	684,109	52,164
Net differences between projected and actual earnings on plan investments	154,717	
Change in employer's proportion	63,329	1,463
Differences between the employer's contributions and the employer's proportionate share of contributions	55,002	6,966
Pension contributions subsequent to measurement date	569,625	
Total	\$ 1,532,296	\$ 139,586

\$569,625 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized as pension expense as follows:

	Deferred
Year Ending	Outflows/(Inflows)
June 30	of Resources
2019	219,424
2020	429,153
2021	266,367
2022	(91,858)
2023	-
Thereafter	-

Actuarial Assumptions - For the measurement period ending June 30, 2017, the total pension liabilities were determined by rolling forward the June 30, 2016 total pension liability. The June 30, 2016 and June 30, 2017 total pension liabilities were based on the following actuarial methods and assumptions:

	Plan
Valuation Date	June 30, 2016
Measurement Date	June 30, 2017
	Entry Age Normal Cost
Actuarial Cost Method	Method
Discount Rate	7.15%
Inflation	2.75%
Projected salary	
Increase	(1)
Investment Rate of	
Return	7.15% ⁽²⁾
	Derived using CalPERS'
Mortality	Membership Data for all
	funds ⁽³⁾
	Contract COLA up to
Post Retirement Benefit	2.75% until Purchasing
	Power
	Protection Allowance
Increase	Floor on Purchasing
IIICICase	Power applies 2.75%
	thereafter

- (1) Depending on age, service and type of employment
- (2) Net of pension plan investment and administrative expenses; includes inflation
- (3) The mortality table used was developed based on CalPERS' specific data. The table includes 20 years of mortality improvements using Society of Actuaries Scale BB. For more details on this table, please refer to the 2015 experience study report.

All other actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2016 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period 1997 to 2011, including updates to salary increase, mortality and retirement rates. The Experience Study report may be accessed on the CalPERS website at http://www.calpers.ca.gov under Forms and Publications.

Change in Assumptions -

Discount Rate In Fiscal Year 2016-17, the financial reporting discount rate used by CalPERS was reduced from 7.65 percent to 7.15 percent. In December 2016, the CalPERS

Board of Administration approved lowering the funding discount rate used from 7.50 percent to 7.00 percent using a three-year phase-in beginning with the June 30, 2016 actuarial valuation. The discount rate used in the actuarial valuation reflects the long-term expected rate of return for the plan. Lowering the discount rate means the Authority will see increases in both normal costs (the cost of pension benefits accruing in one year for active members) and the accrued liabilities. These increases will result in higher required employer contributions. In addition, active members hired after January 1, 2013, under the PEPRA may also see their contributions rates rise.

To determine whether the municipal bond rate should be used in the calculation of the discount rate for each plan, the amortization and smoothing methods adopted by the CalPERS Board in 2013 were used. CalPERS conducted cash flow projections to determine if assets would run out under the assumed discount rate. CalPERS refers to these projections as "crossover tests". Based on crossover testing of the plan, the tests revealed the assets would not run out. Therefore the 7.15% long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability. The cash flows used in the testing were developed assuming that both members and employers will make their required contributions on time and as scheduled in all future years. The stress test results are presented in a detailed report called "GASB Crossover Testing Report" that can be obtained at CalPERS website under the GASB 68 section.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class.

In determining the long-term expected rate of return, CalPERS took into account both short-term and long-term market return expectations as well as the expected pension fund (PERF) cash flows. Taking into account historical returns of all the Public Employees Retirement Funds' asset classes (which includes the agent plan and two cost-sharing plans or PERF A, B, and C funds), expected compound (geometric) returns were calculated over the short-term (first 10 years) and the long-term (11+ years) using a building-block approach. Using the expected nominal returns for both short-term and long-term, the present value of benefits was calculated for each PERF fund. The expected rate of return was set by calculating the rounded single

equivalent expected return that arrived at the same present value of benefits for cash flows as the one calculated using both short-term and long-term returns. The expected rate of return was then set equal to the single equivalent rate calculated above and adjusted to account for assumed administrative expenses.

The table below reflects long-term expected real rate of return by asset class. The rate of return was calculated using the capital market assumptions applied to determine the discount rate.

	Current		
Asset Class	Target	Real Return	Real Return
	Allocation	Years 1–10 ^(a)	Years 11+ (b)
Global Equity	47.00%	4.9%	5.38%
Fixed Income	19.00%	0.80%	2.27%
Inflation	6.00%	0.60%	1.39%
Sensitive			
Private Equity	12.00%	6.60%	6.63%
Real Estate	11.00%	2.80%	5.21%
Infrastructure	3.00%	3.90%	5.36%
and Forestland			
Liquidity	2.00%	(0.40)%	(0.90)%
Total	100.00%		

⁽a) An expected inflation of 2.5% used for this period.

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate – The following presents the Authority's proportionate share of the net pension liability for the Plan, calculated using the discount rate for the Plan, as well as what the Authority's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower or 1-percentage point higher than the current rate:

	Discount	Current Discount	Discount	
Miscellaneous	Rate – 1% (6.15%)	Rate (7.15%)	Rate + 1% (8.15%)	
Plan's Net Pension Liability/(Asset)	\$6,011,177	\$3,756,159	\$1,888,513	

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position – Detail information about each pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CalPERS financial reports.

Note 7: Post-Employment Benefits Other Than Pensions

A. General Information about OPEB

The Authority provides other post-employment benefits (OPEB), to qualified employees who retire within 120 days of separation from employment with the Authority, and are enrolled in an insurance program under the California Public Employees' Medical and Hospital Care Act (PEMHCA) at the time of retirement. The CalPERS PEMHCA Plan is a defined contribution, cost sharing multiple-employer defined benefit healthcare plan providing benefits to active and retired employees. The healthcare plan is administered by the CalPERS. Copies of the CalPERS annual financial report can be found online at www.calpers.ca.gov.

Plan Description - Eligibility: For full time employees retired prior to September 22, 2016, or retiring with less than 10 years of service with the Authority, the benefit will be the minimum contribution as required by PEMCHA. Vesting will be applied to an enhanced retiree benefit that is provided for employees retired after September 22, 2016, who are at least 62 years of age at retirement and have at least 10 years of service with the Authority. This vesting schedule ranges from 50% to 80% of the retiree premium only and is based on years of CCWA service. The enhanced contribution requirements are established and may be amended by the Board of Directors. Plan information is summarized in the table below:

Plan Information

	Fiscal Year End June 30, 2018
Plan Type	Single Employer
OPEB Trust Special Funding Situation	Yes No
Non-employer contributing entities	No

Covered Participants as of June 30, 2017 Measurement

Date	
In-actives currently receiving benefits	3
In-actives entitled to but not yet receiving	2
benefits	
Active Employees	30
Total	35

⁽b) An expected inflation of 3.0% used for this period.

Applicable Dates and Periods

	Fiscal Year End
	June 30, 2018
Measurement date (MD)	June 30, 2017
Measurement period	July 1, 2016 to
	June 30, 2017
Actuarial Valuation Date	June 30, 2016

Actuarial Assumptions - For the measurement period ending June 30, 2017, the total pension liabilities were determined by rolling forward the June 30, 2016 total pension liability. The June 30, 2016 and June 30, 2017 total OPEB liabilities were based on the following actuarial methods and assumptions:

Significant Actuarial Assumptions used for Total OPEB Liability

Significant Actuarial Ass	Significant Actuarial Assumptions used for Total OPEB Liability			
	June 30, 2017			
Actuarial Assumption	Measurement Date			
Actuarial Valuation Date	June 30, 2017			
Contribution Policy	Authority Contributes full ADC			
Discount Rate	6.50% at June 30, 2017			
	6.50% at June 30, 2016			
	Equals long-term expected rate of			
	return on assets since expected			
	Authority contributions projected to			
	keep sufficient plan assets to pay all			
	benefits from trust			
General Inflation	2.75%			
Retirement,				
Disability,	CalPERS 1997-2015 Experience Study*			
Termination				
Mortality	CalPERS 1997-2011 Experience Study*			
Mortality	Mortality Improvement Society of			
Improvement	Actuaries Scale MP-2017			
	Aggregate – 3%			
Salary Increases	Merit – CalPERS 1997-2015			
	Experience Study			
	Non-Medicare-7.5% for 2019,			
	decreasing to an ultimate rate of			
	4.0% in 2076 and later years			
Medical Trend				
	Medicare-6.5% for 2019, decreasing to			
	an ultimate rate of 4.0% in 2076 and			
	later years			
PEMHCA Minimum				
Increases	4.25%			
Cap Increases	Medical Trend			
Active	45% elect single coverage			
Employee/Spouse	35% elect dual coverage (spouses pay			
Participation at	full premium, no Authority cash			
Retirement	subsidy except for survivors)			
Medical Plan at	Remain in their current plan upon			
Retirement	retirement			
2 ··· · · · · · · · · ·	. sen emene			

*The CalPERS Experience Study reports may be accessed on the CalPERS website at www.calpers.ca.gov under Forms and Publications.

Funding Policy: PEMHCA determines the amount contributed by the Authority toward retiree health In January 2018, the minimum required insurance. contribution the Authority pays toward the cost of retiree health insurance increased from \$128 per month to \$133 per month, which is the same amount contributed toward active employee health insurance. The balance of the retiree premium, averaging approximately \$213 per month, is paid directly by the retirees to CalPERS. The mandatory employer contribution for active and retiree health insurance is increased annually in accordance with PEMHCA Beginning in calendar year 2009, the contribution amount increases by the change in the annual consumer price index. During the 2017-18 fiscal year \$5,123 was recognized for post-retirement health insurance contribution on a pay-as-you-go basis.

Funded Status and Funding Progress:

The funded status of the plan as of June 30, 2018, is shown below:

	Net OPEB Liability Fiscal Year Ending			
		6/30/2017		
	Measurement		Mea	asurement
	Date 6/30/2017		Date 6/30/2016	
Total OPEB Liability	\$	1,118,401	\$	978,065
Fiduciary Net Position		234,570		172,377
Net OPEB Liability	\$	883,831	\$	805,688
Funded Status		21.00%		17.60%

Annual OPEB Cost: For fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, the Authority recorded the OPEB expense as indicated below. This cost is comprised by calculating service cost, interest on Total OPEB Liability, projected earnings on investments, and any return of assets:

OPEB Expense for Fiscal Year 2017/18				
Measurement Period 2016/17				
OPEB Expense	\$	130,624		

	Balances at		
Deferred Outflows/Inflows	June 30,2018		
	Deferred	Deferred	
	Outflows of	Inflows of	
	Resources	Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ -	\$ -	
Changes of assumptions	-	-	
Net differences between projected and actual earnings on plan investments*	-	9,280	
Employer contributions made subsequent to the measurement date**	53,122	-	
Total	\$ 53,122	\$ 9,280	

^{*} Deferred Inflows and Outflows combined for footnote disclosure

\$53,122 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of net OPEB liability in the year ending June 30, 2018. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized as pension expense as follows:

	Deferred		
Year Ending	Outflows/(Inflows)		
June 30	of Resources		
2019	(\$ 2,320)		
2020	(2,320)		
2021	(2,320)		
2022	(2,320)		
2023	-		
Thereafter	-		

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revisions as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Changes in Net OPEB Liability during the fiscal year are shown below:

Changes in the Net OPEB Liability

	Total OPEB Liability	Fiduciary Net Position	Net OPEB Liability
Balance at 6/30/17 (6/30/16 measurement date)	\$ 978,065	\$ 172,377	\$805,688
Changes for the year:			
Service Cost	77,043	-	77,043
Interest	68,416	-	68,416
Benefit changes	-	-	-
Actual vs. expected exp.	-	-	-
Assumption changes	-	-	-
Contributions–employer *	-	43,201	(43,201)
Contributions-employee	-	-	-
Net investment income**	-	24,237	(24,237)
Benefit payments	(5,123)	(5,123)	-
Administrative Exp.	-	(122)	122
Net Changes	140,336	62,193	78,143
Balance at 6/30/18 (6/30/17 measurement date)	\$1,118,401	\$234,570	\$ 883,831

^{*}Contributions to trust of \$38,078 plus \$5,123 cash benefits paid by the Authority.

Net OPEB Liability

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Interest Rate and Healthcare Trend Rate—The following presents the Authority's net OPEB liability for the Plan, illustrating sensitivity based on changes in the discount rate and changes in the Healthcare Trend Rate:

Chang			
1% Current			1%
	Decrease (5.50%)	Rate (6.50%)	increase (7.50%)
Net OPEB Liability	\$1,080,644	\$ 883,831	\$ 724,554

\$ 694,897

Changes in the Healthcare Trend Rate 1% Current 1% Decrease Trend increase

\$ 883,831

\$1,124,756

CENTRAL COAST WATER AUTHORITY

FY 2017/18 CAFR
32

^{**} Contributions to trust of \$48,658 plus \$4,753 cash benefits and (\$289) implied subsidy benefits paid by the Authority

^{**} Adjusted for rounding issues

Expected Long-Term Rate of Return

	Portfolio Weight * ICMA-RC	Expected Real Rate of Return
Asset Class Component	ICMA-RC	or Return
•		
US Short Duration Govt/Credit	9.70%	1.26%
US Aggregate Bonds	20.05%	1.47%
TIPS	3.40%	1.29%
US High Yield Bonds	4.85%	3.60%
US Large Cap	39.65%	4.36%
US Mid Cap	7.55%	4.86%
US Small Cap	2.10%	5.18%
Int'l Equity – Developed	11.05%	4.60%
Int'l Equity – Emerging Markets	1.65%	5.58%
Assumed Long-Term Rate of Inflation	•	2.75%
Expected Long-Term Net Rate of Return	n **	6.50%

^{*} For VT II Model Portfolio Moderate Fund

Note 8: Commitments and Uncertainties

The Authority entered into a water exchange agreement with Antelope Valley-East Kern Water Agency (AVEK) in 2015 on behalf of certain project participants for a total of 9,600 acre-feet (AF) of water. This exchange was an even 1:1 exchange with participants responsible for the transportation charges for returning the water. Transportation charges include the Variable Operation, Maintenance, Power, and Replacement Component of the Transportation Charge and the Off-Aqueduct Power Facilities Cost for each acre-foot of water returned to AVEK, and are estimated to be \$250 per AF. As of June 2018, 3,781 AF had been returned, leaving a balance of 5,819 AF to be returned in the future. Estimated transportation costs for that water are \$1,454,750. Actual costs and timing of the return are not known at this time, however all water in this exchange must be returned by December 31, 2025.

The Authority entered into an additional exchange agreement with AVEK in 2016 on behalf of certain project participants to allow for delivery of 10,000 AF of water. That agreement was an unbalanced 2:1 exchange requiring return of 5,000 AF, with no obligation to pay transportation charges. As of June 2017, a total of 2,029 AF has been returned, leaving a balance of 2,971 to be returned. Actual timing of the return is not known at this time, however all water in the 2016 AVEK exchange must be returned no later than December 31, 2026.

The Authority entered into a water exchange agreement in December 2016 with the Castaic Lake Water Agency (CLWA) on behalf of certain project participants for a total of up to 1,500 acre-feet (AF) of water. This exchange was an unbalanced 2:1 exchange requiring return of 750 AF, with

participants responsible for the transportation charges for delivery of the water. Transportation charges include the Variable Operation, Maintenance, Power, and Replacement Component of the Transportation Charge and the Off-Aqueduct Power Facilities Cost for each acre-foot of water delivered to CCWA. CLWA will be responsible for the delivery charges of the return water. As of June 30, 2018 a balance remains of 750 AF of water to be returned. Actual timing of the return is not known at this time, however all water in this exchange must be returned by December 31, 2026.

The Authority entered into a water exchange agreement in June 2018 with the Mojave Water Agency (MWA) on behalf of certain project participants for a total of up to 5,633 acrefeet (AF) of water at the cost of \$320 per AF plus administrative costs. This exchange was an unbalanced 4:1 exchange requiring return of 1,409 AF, with participants responsible for the transportation charges for returning the water. Transportation charges include the Variable Operation, Maintenance, Power, and Replacement Component of the Transportation Charge and the Off-Aqueduct Power Facilities Cost for each acre-foot of water returned to MWA, and are estimated to be \$250 per AF.

The Authority leases equipment under non-cancelable operating leases. Lease payments made in FY 2017/18 totaled \$7,031 with future scheduled lease payments as of June 30, 2018 of \$12,596, resulting in total scheduled lease payments of \$17,377. This represents an increase over FY 2016/17 of \$9,902 due to the lease of a new copier for the Administration office in Buellton.

The Authority is involved in various legal proceedings, lawsuits and claims of a nature considered normal for its activities. It is the Authority's policy to accrue for amounts related to these legal matters if it is probable that a liability has been incurred and an amount is reasonably estimable. For the periods ending June 30, 2018 and June 30, 2017, the Authority had no liability for claims or judgments.

All of the accounts receivable recorded by the Authority are payable by its local participants and the DWR under the agreements more fully described in Note 1.

Note 9: Joint Powers Insurance Authority

The Authority participates in the liability, property and fidelity bond insurance program organized by the Association of California Water Agencies Joint Powers Insurance Authority ("ACWA-JPIA"). ACWA-JPIA is a joint powers insurance authority created to provide a self-insurance program to water agencies in the State of California.

^{**} Rounded

ACWA-JPIA provides liability, property, workers' compensation, fidelity, boiler and machinery insurance for approximately 300 water agencies for losses in excess of the members' specified self-insurance retention levels. Individual claims (and aggregate public liability and property claims) in excess of specified levels are covered by excess insurance policies purchased from commercial carriers. ACWA - JPIA is governed by a board composed of members from participating members. The board controls the operations of ACWA - JPIA, including selection of management and approval of operating budgets, independent of any influence by the members beyond their representation on the board.

Each member shares surpluses and deficiencies proportionately to its participation in ACWA - JPIA. The Authority has not incurred any settlements which exceeded insurance coverage for the past three fiscal years.

Note 10: Deferred Compensation Plan

The Authority offers its employees a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code

Section 457. Under the terms of this plan, employees may defer amounts of income up to one hundred percent of salary or \$18,500 per year, whichever is less. Additionally, employees over the age of 50 are permitted to defer up to an additional \$6,000 per year for those years in which they did not fully contribute the annual maximum prior to age 50.

Note 11: Reclassification - Escrow Deposits

In prior fiscal years Escrow deposits were included as current assets and liabilities. Beginning with the CAFR for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2018 Escrow Deposits will be included in non-current assets and liabilities as escrow deposits and interest on those deposits. Escrow deposits from two "non-public agency" project participants are held by the Authority as required under their individual Water Supply Agreements (WSA). These security deposits are to be of an amount equal to their estimated maximum annual WSA payments as security against a payment default.

In order to more accurately reflect these deposits and the interest receivable on these deposits in the financial statements, the following revisions were made to the Statement of Net Position and to the Statement of Cash Flows for FY 2016/17.

Adjustment to Statement of Net Position Balance

Account		June 30, 2017 Balance <u>As originally</u>		ne 30, 2017 Balance
		<u>recorded</u>	<u>A</u>	s Revised
Current Assets:				
Cash and Investments	\$	-	\$	43,201
Non-Current Assets:				
Cash and Investments-Other		-		406,931
Other Liabilities		(442,241)		(36,935)
Escrow Deposits		-		(406,931)
Interest receivable		40,741		39,903

Adjustment to Statement of Cash Flows

Account		une 30, 2017 Balance As originally	June 30, 2017 Balance		
Investment Activities: Interest and dividends on investments	\$	<u>recorded</u> 289,622	<u>As</u> \$	290,460	
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		96,125		95,287	
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year: Unrestricted cash and investments		24,770,780	2	4,364,687	
Restricted cash and investments other		-		406,931	
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year		76,346,742	7	6,347,580	

Note 12: Restatement - GASB 75 Implementation

An opening balance adjustment of \$667,893 was made to the Statement of Net Position as of June 30, 2017, to decrease the beginning net position of the Authority to adjust for the deferred outflows of resources calculations as they related to the Authority's OPEB Plan, and to be in accordance with the implementation of GASB 75. See Note 7 for further details of the OPEB Plan. An adjustment was made to personnel expenses to modify the fiscal year ending June 30, 2017 Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Change in Net Position. Additionally, the Statement of Cash Flows was also changed to reflect the corresponding changes made to both the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Change in Net Position balances.

The Deferred Outflows balance and the Personnel expenses for the fiscal year were adjusted from the balances as they appeared on the June 30, 2017 CAFR, as shown in the following tables:

Adjustment to Statement of Net Position Balance

Account		June 30, 2017 Balance <u>As originally</u> <u>recorded</u>		June 30, 2017 Balance As Revised			
Deferred outflows of resources: Deferred OPEB-related adjustments	\$	-	\$	43,201			
OPEB Liability		94,594		805,688			
Unrestricted net assets		(12,869,737)	(13,537,630)			

Adjustments to Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Change in Net Position

Account		ine 30, 2017 Balance <u>as originally</u>	June 30, 2017 Balance		
		<u>recorded</u>	As Revised		
Personnel Expenses	\$	4,391,736	\$ 5,059,629		
Increase in Net Position		6,845,960	6,178,067		
Total Net Position		52,273,573	51,605,680		

Adjustment to Statement of Cash Flows

Account		une 30, 2017 Balance As originally	June 30, 2017 Balance			
		<u>recorded</u>	<u>A</u>	s Revised		
Operating Income	\$	10,287,065	\$	9,619,172		
Operating revenues paid from credits and unearned		296,653		964,546		
revenue						

The financial statements are adjusted in accordance with Government Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 75 (GASB 75) to provide what the Authority believes is a more complete and accurate reporting of information as it relates to applicable account balances and expenses in their relation to the periods ending June 30, 2017 and June 30, 2018.

Required Supplementary Information

SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY FOUR YEAR REVIEW 1

As of June 30, 2018

Fiscal Year End 6/30/2018 6/30/2016 6/30/2017 6/30/2015 06/30/2017 06/30/2017 Measurement Date 06/30/2015 06/30/2014 Authority's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability 0.037875% 0.038348% 0.037178% 0.040196% Authority's Proportionate Share of the Net \$2,501,206 Pension Liability \$3,756,159 \$3,318,324 \$2,551,875 2,771,667 Authority's covered Payroll 2,835,039 2,713,663 2,860,537 Authority's Proportionate Share of the net pension liability as percentage of covered payroll 87.44% 132.49% 119.72% 94.04% Plan's fiduciary net position as a percentage of the plan's total pension liability 74.06% 78.40% 79.28% 73.31%

(1) Information in this schedule is not available prior to 2014. Additional years will be added to this schedule in the future fiscal years until 10 years of data is presented.

SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS - LAST 10 YEARS ¹ As of June 30, 2018

	Mi	scellaneous Plan 2017-18 1	2016-17 ¹	2015-16 ¹	2014-15 ¹
Actuarial determined contributions Contributions in relation to the actuarially	\$	444,625 \$	423,429 \$	395,321 \$	392,033
determined contribution ²		(569,625)	(548,429)	(395,321)	(392,033)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	(125,000) \$	(125,000) \$	- \$	-
Authority's covered payroll ^{3, 4} Contributions as a percentage of	\$	2,980,919 \$	2,835,039 \$	2,771,667 \$	2,713,663
covered payroll ³		19.11%	19.34%	14.26%	14.45%

¹ Fiscal year 2015 was the 1st year of implementation, therefore only four years are shown.

² Employers are assumed to make contributions equal to the actuarially determined contributions. However, some employers may choose to make additional contributions towards their unfunded liability. Employer contributions for such plans exceed the actuarially determined contributions.

³ Covered Payroll represented above is based on pensionable earnings provided by the employer. However, GASB 68 defines covered payroll as the total payroll of employees that are provided pensions through the pension plan. Accordingly, if pensionable earnings are different than total covered earnings, the employer should display in the disclosure footnotes the payroll based on total earnings for the covered group and recalculated the required payroll-related ratios.

⁴ Fiscal Payroll from prior year was assumed to increase by the 3.00% payroll growth assumption

Required Supplementary Information

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS As of June 30, 2018

2017-18

	Measurement Period 2016/17			
Changes in Total OPEB Liability				
Service Cost	\$	77,043		
Interest		68,416		
Actual vs. Expected Experience		-		
Assumption Changes		-		
Benefit Payments		(5,123)		
Changes of benefit terms		-		
Net Changes		140,336		
Total OPEB Liability (beginning of year)		978,065		
Total OPEB Liability (end of year)		1,118,401		
Changes in Plan Fiduciary Net Position				
Contributions - employer	\$	43,201		
Contributions - employee		-		
Net Investment income		24,237		
Benefit payments		(5,123)		
Administrative Expenses		(122)		
Other Changes		-		
Net Changes		62,193		
Plan Fiduciary Net Position (beginning of year)		172,377		
Plan Fiduciary Net Position (end of year)		234,570		
Net OPEB Liability		883,831		
Fiduciary Net Postion as a percentage of Total OPEB				
Liability		21.0%		
Covered Payroll*		3,194,536		
Net OPEB Liability as a percentage of covered payroll		27.7%		

^{*}For the 12 month period ending on June 30, 2017 (Measurement Date)

Required Supplementary Information

SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER OPEB CONTRIBUTIONS As of June 30, 2018

	2017-18
Actuarial determined contributions (ADC)	\$ 147,785
Contributions in relation to the actuarially	
determined contribution ¹	(53,122)
Contribution deficiency	\$ 94,663
Authority's covered payroll ² Contributions as a percentage of	\$ 3,273,043
covered payroll	1.6%

¹ Actual 2017/18 contribution

Notes to Schedule

The actuarial methods and assumptions used to set the actuarially determined contributions for Fiscal Year 2017-18 were derived from the June 30, 2017 funding valuation report.

Actuarial cost method Entry Age Normal

Amortization method Level percentage of payroll, closed Amortization period 20-year fixed period for 2017/18

Asset valuation method Investment gains and losses spread over 5-year rolling period

Discount Rate 6.50% General Inflation 2.75%

Medical Trend Non-Medicare - 7.5% for 2019, decreasing to an ultimate rate of

4.0% in 2076 and later years

Medicare - 6.5% for 2019, decreasing to an ultimate rate of

4.0% in 2076 and later years

Mortality CalPERS 1997-2011 Experience Study

Mortality Improvement Society of Actuaries Scale MP-2017

² For the 12 month period ending on June 30, 2018 (fiscal year end)



STATISTICAL SECTION



STATISTICAL SECTION NARRATIVE SUMMARY

The information in this section is not covered by the Independent Auditor's Report, but is presented as supplemental data for the benefit of the readers of the comprehensive annual financial report. The objectives of statistical section information are to provide financial statement users with additional historical perspective, context and detail to assist in using the information in the financial statements, notes to financial statements, and required supplementary information to understand and assess a government's economic condition.

Financial Trends

These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the Authority's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.

Debt Capacity

These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the Authority's current level of outstanding debt.

Economic and Demographic Information

These schedules offer economic and demographic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the Authority's financial activities take place.

Operating Information

These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the Authority's financial report relates to the activities performed by the Authority.

TABLE 1

General Governmental Revenues by Source

Fiscal Year 2008/09	\$ Operating Assessments 7,583,365	\$ Debt Service Assessments 10,894,767	\$ Other Revenues 77,193	\$ Interest Income 1,012,428	\$ Total Revenues 19,567,753
2009/10	7,706,451	10,837,837	144,825	287,296	18,976,409
2010/11	7,100,093	10,828,491	105,552	236,522	18,270,658
2011/12	7,056,434	10,751,690	64,258	166,276	18,038,658
2012/13	7,504,558	10,758,676	125,443	139,554	18,528,231
2013/14	8,642,389	10,669,540	329,292	120,693	19,761,914
2014/15	9,100,035	10,620,321	146,713	118,755	19,985,824
2015/16	8,702,151	10,560,476	108,915	176,276	19,547,818
2016/17	9,667,165	10,857,086	307,089	328,130	21,159,470
2017/18	9,901,333	8,966,976	157,546	635,825	19,661,680

Source: Central Coast Water Authority

(1) Operating Assessments exclude yearend credits for unexpended operating reimbursements.

Total Revenue Comparison

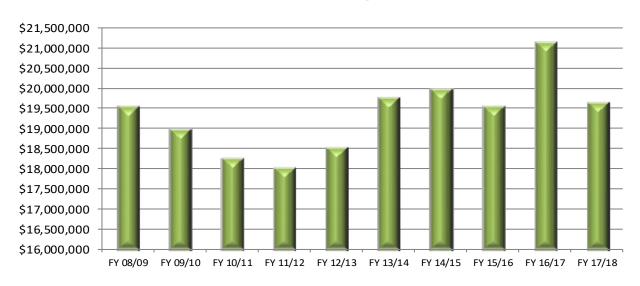


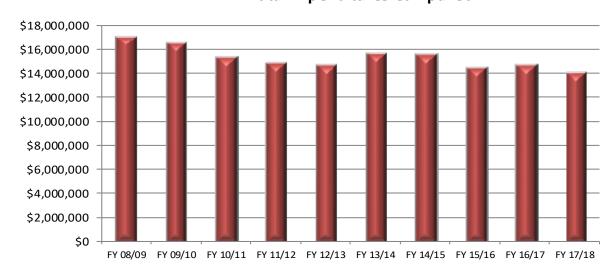
TABLE 2

General Governmental Expenses by Function

Fiscal Year 2008/09	\$ Operating Expenses 10,464,755	_	oital ements 293,537	\$ Interest Expense 5,338,226	Interest paid to Participants \$ 986,862	\$ Total Expenses 17,083,380
2009/10	10,640,777		428,879	5,083,426	273,944	16,427,026
2010/11	10,058,131		180,428	4,818,276	236,432	15,293,267
2011/12	9,786,406		365,801	4,490,322	165,476	14,808,006
2012/13	9,908,687		459,637	4,169,532	139,500	14,677,356
2013/14	10,937,701		749,170	3,805,662	120,693	15,613,226
2014/15	11,671,645		314,087	3,409,975	118,755	15,514,462
2015/16	10,633,214		629,440	2,994,662	176,276	14,433,592
2016/17	11,205,868		254,360	2,869,594	301,630	14,631,452
2017/18	10,591,135		811,276	1,978,000	635,927	14,016,338

Source: Central Coast Water Authority

Total Expenditures Comparison



⁽¹⁾ Operating Expenses include yearend credits for unexpended operating reimbursements, and interest credits paid to project participants are shown on a separate line.

TABLE 3

Change in Net Position and Net Position Components

Last Ten Fiscal Years

	June 30, 2009	June 30, 2010	June 30, 2011	June 30, 2012	June 30, 2013
Net position, at beginning of year	\$ 16,440,986	\$ 19,070,613	\$ 22,020,369	\$ 25,026,753	\$ 28,570,625
Operating revenues	18,512,443	18,685,951	18,018,693	17,872,382	18,383,991
Operating Expenses					
Operating expenses	6,387,774	5,765,512	6,006,570	5,855,361	6,451,537
Depreciation and amortization	3,104,697	3,078,809	3,053,027	2,980,787	2,770,306
Unexpended operating reimbursements	972,284	1,796,456	998,534	950,258	686,844
Total operating expenses	10,464,755	10,640,777	10,058,131	9,786,406	9,908,687
Operating Income	8,047,688	8,045,174	7,960,562	8,085,976	8,475,304
Non-operating revenues					
Interest income and miscellaneous	1,012,428	304,506	251,965	166,276	144,240
Non-Operating Expenses					
Interest expense	5,338,226	5,083,426	4,818,276	4,490,322	4,169,532
Bond issuance expenses	-	-	-	-	-
Interest income to project participants	986,862	273,944	236,432	165,476	139,500
Other expenses	105,401	42,553	151,435	52,582	37,362
Total non-operating expenses	6,430,489	5,399,923	5,206,143	4,708,380	4,346,394
Increase in Net Position	2,629,627	2,949,757	3,006,384	3,543,872	4,273,150
Refund of capital contributions	-	-	-	-	-
Restatement of net position	-	-	-	-	
Net position, at end of year	19,070,613	22,020,369	25,026,753	28,570,625	32,843,775
Net investment in capital assets	12,359,972	15,969,556	19,447,578	23,467,011	28,134,152
Restricted - capital projects	-	-	-	-	-
Restricted - debt service	11,589,832	11,590,054	11,545,053	11,597,425	11,540,588
Unrestricted	(4,879,191)	(5,539,241)	(5,965,878)	(6,493,811)	(6,830,965)
Total Net Postion	\$ 19,070,613	\$ 22,020,369	\$ 25,026,753	\$ 28,570,625	\$ 32,843,775

Continued

TABLE 3 (continued)

Change in Net Position and Net Position Components Last Ten Fiscal Years

Net position, at beginning of year \$ 32,843,775 \$ 37,640,493 \$ 39,694,735 \$ 45,427,613 \$ 51,605,680 Operating revenues 19,641,221 19,831,984 19,334,566 20,825,040 19,025,855 Operating Expenses Operating expenses 7,261,549 7,805,038 7,592,444 9,448,706 8,858,438 Depreciation and amortization 2,715,546 2,710,711 2,710,417 1,027,928 1,061,706 Unexpended operating reimbursements 960,606 1,155,896 330,353 729,334 670,991 Total operating expenses 10,937,701 11,671,645 10,633,214 11,205,868 10,591,135 Operating Income 8,703,520 8,160,339 8,701,352 9,619,172 8,434,720 Non-Operating Expenses Interest income and miscellaneous 120,693 153,840 213,252 334,430 635,825 Non-Operating Expenses Interest income to project participants 120,693 118,755 176,276 301,630 635,927 Other expenses		June 30, 2014	June 30, 2015	June 30, 2016	June 30, 2017	June 30, 2018
Operating Expenses Operating expenses 7,261,549 7,805,038 7,592,444 9,448,706 8,858,438 Depreciation and amortization 2,715,546 2,710,711 2,710,417 1,027,928 1,061,706 Unexpended operating reimbursements 960,606 1,155,896 330,353 729,234 670,991 Total operating expenses 10,937,701 11,671,645 10,633,214 11,205,868 10,591,135 Operating Income 8,703,520 8,160,339 8,701,352 9,619,172 8,434,720 Non-operating revenues Interest income and miscellaneous 120,693 153,840 213,252 334,430 635,825 Non-Operating Expenses 1 2,994,662 2,869,594 1,978,000 635,825 Non-Operating Expenses 1 12,0,693 118,755 2,994,662 2,869,594 1,978,000 635,825 Interest income to project participants 120,693 118,755 176,276 301,630 635,927 0ther expenses 101,140 88,164 10,788 28,156 84,561	Net position, at beginning of year	\$ 32,843,775	\$ 37,640,493	\$ 39,694,735	\$ 45,427,613	\$ 51,605,680
Operating expenses 7,261,549 7,805,038 7,592,444 9,448,706 8,858,438 Depreciation and amortization 2,715,546 2,710,711 2,710,417 1,027,928 1,061,706 Unexpended operating reimbursements 960,606 1,155,896 330,353 729,234 670,991 Total operating expenses 10,937,701 11,671,645 10,633,214 11,205,868 10,591,135 Operating Income 8,703,520 8,160,339 8,701,352 9,619,172 8,434,720 Non-operating revenues Interest income and miscellaneous 120,693 153,840 213,252 334,430 635,825 Non-Operating Expenses Interest expense 3,805,662 3,409,975 2,994,662 2,869,594 1,978,000 Bond issuance expenses 120,693 118,755 176,276 301,630 635,927 Interest income to project participants 120,693 118,755 176,276 301,630 635,927 Other expenses 101,140 88,164 10,788 2,8156 84,56	Operating revenues	19,641,221	19,831,984	19,334,566	20,825,040	19,025,855
Depreciation and amortization 2,715,546 2,710,711 2,710,417 1,027,928 1,061,706 Unexpended operating reimbursements 960,606 1,155,896 330,353 729,234 670,991 Total operating expenses 10,937,701 11,671,645 10,633,214 11,205,868 10,591,135 Operating Income 8,703,520 8,160,339 8,701,352 9,619,172 8,434,720 Non-operating revenues Interest income and miscellaneous 120,693 153,840 213,252 334,430 635,825 Non-Operating Expenses Interest expense 3,805,662 3,409,975 2,994,662 2,869,594 1,978,000 Bond issuance expenses - - - 576,155 - Interest income to project participants 120,693 118,755 176,276 301,630 635,927 Other expenses 101,140 88,164 10,788 28,156 84,561 Total non-operating expenses 4,027,495 3,616,894 3,181,726 3,775,535 2,698,488 Increase in Net Position	Operating Expenses					
Unexpended operating reimbursements 960,606 1,155,896 330,353 729,234 670,991 Total operating expenses 10,937,701 11,671,645 10,633,214 11,205,868 10,591,135 Operating Income 8,703,520 8,160,339 8,701,352 9,619,172 8,434,720 Non-operating revenues Interest income and miscellaneous 120,693 153,840 213,252 334,430 635,825 Non-Operating Expenses Interest expense 3,805,662 3,409,975 2,994,662 2,869,594 1,978,000 Bond issuance expenses - - - 576,155 - Interest income to project participants 120,693 118,755 176,276 301,630 635,927 Other expenses 101,140 88,164 10,788 28,156 84,561 Total non-operating expenses 4,027,495 3,616,894 3,181,726 3,775,535 2,698,488 Increase in Net Position 4,796,718 4,697,285 5,732,878 6,178,067 6,372,057 Refund of capital contributions	Operating expenses	7,261,549	7,805,038	7,592,444	9,448,706	8,858,438
Total operating expenses 10,937,701 11,671,645 10,633,214 11,205,868 10,591,135 Operating Income 8,703,520 8,160,339 8,701,352 9,619,172 8,434,720 Non-operating revenues Interest income and miscellaneous 120,693 153,840 213,252 334,430 635,825 Non-Operating Expenses Interest expense 3,805,662 3,409,975 2,994,662 2,869,594 1,978,000 Bond issuance expenses - - 576,155 - Interest income to project participants 120,693 118,755 176,276 301,630 635,927 Other expenses 101,140 88,164 10,788 28,156 84,561 Total non-operating expenses 4,027,495 3,616,894 3,181,726 3,775,535 2,698,488 Increase in Net Position 4,796,718 4,697,285 5,732,878 6,178,067 6,372,057 Refund of capital contributions - - - - - - Net position, at en	Depreciation and amortization	2,715,546	2,710,711	2,710,417	1,027,928	1,061,706
Total operating expenses 10,937,701 11,671,645 10,633,214 11,205,868 10,591,135 Operating Income 8,703,520 8,160,339 8,701,352 9,619,172 8,434,720 Non-operating revenues Interest income and miscellaneous 120,693 153,840 213,252 334,430 635,825 Non-Operating Expenses Interest expense 3,805,662 3,409,975 2,994,662 2,869,594 1,978,000 Bond issuance expenses - - - 576,155 - Interest income to project participants 120,693 118,755 176,276 301,630 635,927 Other expenses 101,140 88,164 10,788 28,156 84,561 Total non-operating expenses 4,027,495 3,616,894 3,181,726 3,775,535 2,698,488 Increase in Net Position 4,796,718 4,697,285 5,732,878 6,178,067 6,372,057 Restudement of net position - - - - - - Ne	Unexpended operating reimbursements	960,606	1,155,896	330,353	729,234	670,991
Non-operating revenues Interest income and miscellaneous 120,693 153,840 213,252 334,430 635,825 Non-Operating Expenses Interest expense 3,805,662 3,409,975 2,994,662 2,869,594 1,978,000 Bond issuance expenses - - - 576,155 - Interest income to project participants 120,693 118,755 176,276 301,630 635,927 Other expenses 101,140 88,164 10,788 28,156 84,561 Total non-operating expenses 4,027,495 3,616,894 3,181,726 3,775,535 2,698,488 Increase in Net Position 4,796,718 4,697,285 5,732,878 6,178,067 6,372,057 Refund of capital contributions - - - - - - Restatement of net position - (2,643,043) - - - - Net position, at end of year 37,640,493 39,694,735 45,427,613 51,605,680 57,977,737 Net investment in capital assets 33,258	Total operating expenses	10,937,701	11,671,645	10,633,214	11,205,868	
Non-Operating Expenses 3,805,662 3,409,975 2,994,662 2,869,594 1,978,000	Operating Income	8,703,520	8,160,339	8,701,352	9,619,172	8,434,720
Non-Operating Expenses 3,805,662 3,409,975 2,994,662 2,869,594 1,978,000						_
Non-Operating Expenses 3,805,662 3,409,975 2,994,662 2,869,594 1,978,000						
Interest expense 3,805,662 3,409,975 2,994,662 2,869,594 1,978,000	Interest income and miscellaneous	120,693	153,840	213,252	334,430	635,825
Bond issuance expenses - - - 576,155 - Interest income to project participants 120,693 118,755 176,276 301,630 635,927 Other expenses 101,140 88,164 10,788 28,156 84,561 Total non-operating expenses 4,027,495 3,616,894 3,181,726 3,775,535 2,698,488 Increase in Net Position 4,796,718 4,697,285 5,732,878 6,178,067 6,372,057 Refund of capital contributions - - - - - - Restatement of net position - (2,643,043) - - - - Net position, at end of year 37,640,493 39,694,735 45,427,613 51,605,680 57,977,737 Net investment in capital assets 33,258,360 38,420,586 44,108,951 55,164,579 60,312,509 Restricted - capital projects - - - - - - Restricted - debt service 11,537,581 11,522,948 11,513,337 9,9	Non-Operating Expenses					
Interest income to project participants 120,693 118,755 176,276 301,630 635,927 Other expenses 101,140 88,164 10,788 28,156 84,561 Total non-operating expenses 4,027,495 3,616,894 3,181,726 3,775,535 2,698,488 Increase in Net Position 4,796,718 4,697,285 5,732,878 6,178,067 6,372,057 Refund of capital contributions - - - - - - Restatement of net position - (2,643,043) - - - - Net position, at end of year 37,640,493 39,694,735 45,427,613 51,605,680 57,977,737 Net investment in capital assets 33,258,360 38,420,586 44,108,951 55,164,579 60,312,509 Restricted - capital projects - - - - - - Restricted - debt service 11,537,581 11,522,948 11,513,337 9,978,731 10,411,593 Unrestricted (7,155,448) (10,248,799)	Interest expense	3,805,662	3,409,975	2,994,662	2,869,594	1,978,000
Other expenses 101,140 88,164 10,788 28,156 84,561 Total non-operating expenses 4,027,495 3,616,894 3,181,726 3,775,535 2,698,488 Increase in Net Position 4,796,718 4,697,285 5,732,878 6,178,067 6,372,057 Refund of capital contributions - - - - - - Restatement of net position - (2,643,043) - - - - Net position, at end of year 37,640,493 39,694,735 45,427,613 51,605,680 57,977,737 Net investment in capital assets 33,258,360 38,420,586 44,108,951 55,164,579 60,312,509 Restricted - capital projects - - - - - - - Restricted - debt service 11,537,581 11,522,948 11,513,337 9,978,731 10,411,593 Unrestricted (7,155,448) (10,248,799) (10,194,675) (13,537,630) (12,746,365)	Bond issuance expenses	-	-	-	576,155	-
Total non-operating expenses 4,027,495 3,616,894 3,181,726 3,775,535 2,698,488 Increase in Net Position 4,796,718 4,697,285 5,732,878 6,178,067 6,372,057 Refund of capital contributions	Interest income to project participants	120,693	118,755	176,276	301,630	635,927
Increase in Net Position 4,796,718 4,697,285 5,732,878 6,178,067 6,372,057 Refund of capital contributions	Other expenses	101,140	88,164	10,788	28,156	84,561
Refund of capital contributions	Total non-operating expenses	4,027,495	3,616,894	3,181,726	3,775,535	2,698,488
Refund of capital contributions	Increase in Net Position	4 706 718	4 607 385	F 722 878	6 178 067	6 272 057
Restatement of net position - (2,643,043) - - - - Net position, at end of year 37,640,493 39,694,735 45,427,613 51,605,680 57,977,737 Net investment in capital assets 33,258,360 38,420,586 44,108,951 55,164,579 60,312,509 Restricted - capital projects - - - - - Restricted - debt service 11,537,581 11,522,948 11,513,337 9,978,731 10,411,593 Unrestricted (7,155,448) (10,248,799) (10,194,675) (13,537,630) (12,746,365)	increase in Net 1 osition	4,/90,/10	4,097,205	5,/52,0/0	0,170,007	0,5/2,05/
Net position, at end of year 37,640,493 39,694,735 45,427,613 51,605,680 57,977,737 Net investment in capital assets 33,258,360 38,420,586 44,108,951 55,164,579 60,312,509 Restricted - capital projects - - - - - Restricted - debt service 11,537,581 11,522,948 11,513,337 9,978,731 10,411,593 Unrestricted (7,155,448) (10,248,799) (10,194,675) (13,537,630) (12,746,365)	Refund of capital contributions	-	-	-	-	-
Net investment in capital assets 33,258,360 38,420,586 44,108,951 55,164,579 60,312,509 Restricted - capital projects Restricted - debt service 11,537,581 11,522,948 11,513,337 9,978,731 10,411,593 Unrestricted (7,155,448) (10,248,799) (10,194,675) (13,537,630) (12,746,365)	Restatement of net position	-	(2,643,043)	-	-	<u>-</u>
Restricted - capital projects Restricted - debt service 11,537,581 11,522,948 11,513,337 9,978,731 10,411,593 Unrestricted (7,155,448) (10,248,799) (10,194,675) (13,537,630) (12,746,365)	Net position, at end of year	37,640,493	39,694,735	45,427,613	51,605,680	57,977,737
Restricted - capital projects Restricted - debt service 11,537,581 11,522,948 11,513,337 9,978,731 10,411,593 Unrestricted (7,155,448) (10,248,799) (10,194,675) (13,537,630) (12,746,365)						
Restricted - capital projects - <t< td=""><td>Net investment in capital assets</td><td>33,258,360</td><td>38,420,586</td><td>44,108,951</td><td>55,164,579</td><td>60,312,509</td></t<>	Net investment in capital assets	33,258,360	38,420,586	44,108,951	55,164,579	60,312,509
Restricted - debt service 11,537,581 11,522,948 11,513,337 9,978,731 10,411,593 Unrestricted (7,155,448) (10,248,799) (10,194,675) (13,537,630) (12,746,365)	•	-	-	-	-	-
Unrestricted (7,155,448) (10,248,799) (10,194,675) (13,537,630) (12,746,365)		11,537,581	11,522,948	11,513,337	9,978,731	10,411,593
	Unrestricted					
	Total Net Postion					

TABLE 4
Fiscal Year Gross Budget History (Excludes Credits)

							Increase	Percentage
Fiscal Year	CC	WA Charges	DWR	(State) Charges	Total	(Decrease)	Change
FY 00/01	\$	10,470,166	\$	29,409,208	\$ 39,879,374	\$	(1,151,718)	-3%
FY 01/02		12,732,473		29,872,420	42,604,893		2,725,519	7%
FY 02/03		15,923,396		28,667,780	44,591,176		1,986,283	5%
FY 03/04		15,826,610		33,290,820	49,117,430		4,526,254	10%
FY 04/05		16,309,830		33,576,516	49,886,346		768,916	2%
FY 05/06		16,898,682		30,918,963	47,817,645		(2,068,701)	-4%
FY 06/07		17,665,638		33,887,106	51,552,744		3,735,099	8%
FY 07/08		17,368,381		34,383,152	51,751,533		198,789	0%
FY 08/09		18,866,218		32,712,348	51,578,566		(172,967)	0%
FY 09/10		19,113,716		34,400,137	53,513,853		1,935,287	4%
FY 10/11		18,542,903		37,656,903	56,199,806		2,685,953	5%
FY 11/12		19,000,056		36,704,353	55,704,409		(495,397)	-1%
FY 12/13		18,871,714		32,473,910	51,345,624		(4,358,785)	-8%
FY 13/14		19,303,293		36,720,999	56,024,293		4,678,669	9%
FY 14/15		19,905,931		38,928,105	58,834,036		2,809,743	5%
FY 15/16		21,408,675		44,258,987	65,667,662		6,833,626	12%
FY 16/17		22,991,413		34,730,498	57,721,911		(7,945,751)	-12%
FY 17/18		21,280,493		40,494,796	61,775,289		4,053,378	7%
FY 18/19	\$	21,485,218	\$	50,494,069	\$ 71,979,287	\$	10,203,998	17%
Note: Excludes	CCWA	credits.						

CCWA Gross Budget by Fiscal Year

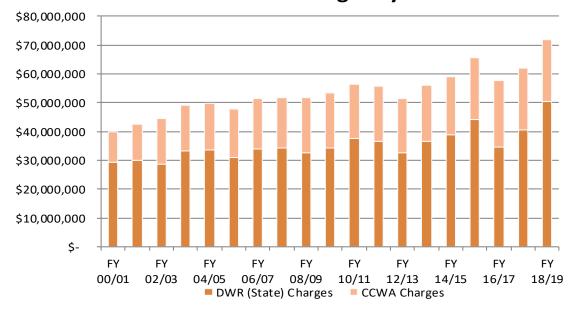


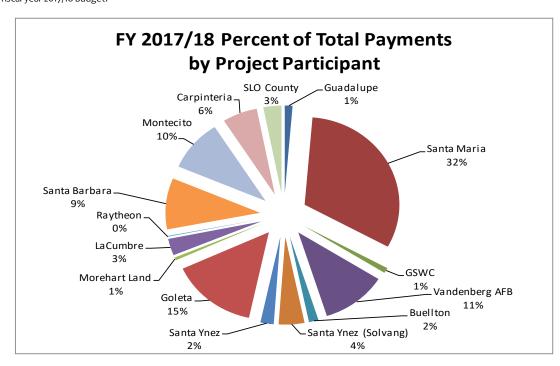
TABLE 5

FY 2017/18 Total Payments by Project Participant

	(FY 2017/18 Operating	FY 2017/18 Debt Service	FY 2017/18 DWR	V	FY 2017/18 Varren Act	FY 2017/18 CCWA	1	FY 2017/18 Total
Project Participant	E	xpenses (1)	Payments	Costs		Charges (2)	Credits		Payments
Guadalupe	\$	132,576	\$ 146,736	\$ 532,965	\$	-	\$ 11,399	\$	823,674
Santa Maria		3,733,320	-	15,305,670		-	(71,642)		18,967,347
Golden State Water Co.		123,728	-	442,684		-	(5,290)		561,123
Vandenberg AFB		1,319,121	-	5,388,481		-	-		6,707,603
Buellton		169,193	259,953	540,271		-	(8,003)		961,414
Santa Ynez (Solvang)		411,751	798,316	1,430,280		-	(13,962)		2,626,386
Santa Ynez		736,115	299,810	658,308		-	(421,328)		1,272,905
Goleta		1,018,384	2,516,143	5,385,133		251,235	58,518		9,229,413
Morehart Land		30,734	115,547	183,000		-	(922)		328,358
La Cumbre		188,454	553,175	1,025,405		35,833	4,201		1,807,068
Raytheon		11,217	24,189	46,595		500	(189)		82,313
Santa Barbara		658,998	1,546,752	3,344,190		203,666	30,355		5,783,961
Montecito		663,203	1,817,864	3,212,020		207,516	(8,434)		5,892,170
Carpinteria		386,162	1,039,347	2,079,648		109,919	23,346		3,638,422
Shandon		19,791	11,675	N/A		-	(532)		30,934
Chorro Valley		299,431	930,037	N/A		-	8,427		1,237,894
Lopez		294,847	240,488	N/A		-	(11,645)		523,690
TOTAL:	\$	10,197,025	\$ 10,300,030	\$ 39,574,651	\$	808,670	\$ (405,701)	\$	60,474,675

 $[\]hbox{(1) Adjusted for Santa Ynez Exchange Agreement Modifications and Regional WTP Treatment Allocation.} \\$

This schedule represents the budgeted amounts plus the increase or decrease in charges for certain participants due to changes in delivery requests which were not included in the original fiscal year 2017/18 budget.



⁽²⁾ Adjusted for Santa Ynez Exchange Agreement Modifications.

TABLE 6

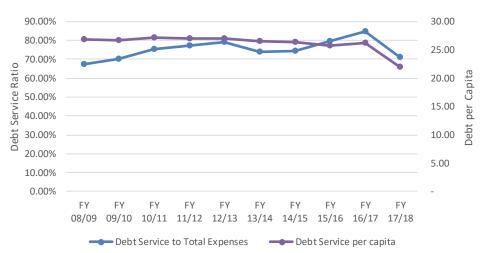
Ratio of Outstanding Debt by Type For Total Bonded Debt to Total Expenses and Per Capita

						Ratio of Debt	
				Total Debt	Total	Service to Total	Debt Service
Fiscal Year	Bond Issue	Principal	Interest (1)	Service	Expenses	Expenses	per capita ⁽²⁾
2008/09	2006 Bonds	6,190,000	5,400,126	11,590,126	17,208,095	67.35%	26.87
2009/10	2006 Bonds	6,430,000	5,147,726	11,577,726	16,545,789	69.97%	26.65
2010/11	2006 Bonds	6,695,000	4,885,226	11,580,226	15,405,833	75.17%	27.17
2011/12	2006 Bonds	6,960,000	4,577,326	11,537,326	14,912,912	77.36%	27.00
2012/13	2006 Bonds	7,335,000	4,247,463	11,582,463	14,677,356	78.91%	26.99
2013/14	2006 Bonds	7,625,000	3,900,975	11,525,975	15,613,226	73.82%	26.59
2014/15	2006 Bonds	8,010,000	3,510,100	11,520,100	15,514,462	74.25%	26.32
2015/16	2006 Bonds	8,405,000	3,099,725	11,504,725	14,433,592	79.71%	25.75
2016/17	06 & 16 Bonds	8,825,000	3,023,619	11,848,619	13,963,559	84.85%	26.29
2017/18	2016 Bonds	7,880,000	2,076,500	9,956,500	14,016,338	71.03%	21.96

⁽¹⁾ Represents actual cash payment without regard to payments from the capitalized interest fund.

Source: Central Coast Water Authority

Debt Service Ratios



⁽²⁾ Shown in dollars. Population data from Santa Barbara County Comprehensive Annual Financial Reports - http://www.countyofsb.org/auditor/publications_historical.sbc

TABLE 7 Selected Demographic Information Santa Barbara County

Santa Barbara County is located on the Pacific coast of the southern portion of the U.S. state of California, just west of Ventura County. The estimated total population of the County as of January 2018 was 453,457 according to the Santa Barbara County 2017/18 CAFR. The county seat is Santa Barbara and the largest city is Santa Maria.

For thousands of years, the area was home to the Chumash tribe of Native Americans, complex hunter-gathers who lived along the coast and in interior valleys leaving rock art in many locations including Painted Cave. European contact had devastating effects on the Chumash Indians, including a series of disease epidemics that drastically reduced Chumash population. The Chumash survived, however, and thousands of Chumash descendants still live in the Santa Barbara area or surrounding counties.

The County has a total area of 3,789 square miles and four of the Channel Islands – San Miguel Island, Anacapa Island, Santa Cruz Island and Santa Rosa Island – are in Santa Barbara County. They form the largest part of the Channel Islands National Park.

Santa Barbara County has a mountainous interior abutting a coastal plains area. The largest concentration of people is on this coastal plain, referred to as the south coast – the part of the county south of the Santa Ynez Mountains – which includes the cities of Santa Barbara, Goleta and Carpinteria, as well as the unincorporated areas of Hope Ranch, Mission Canyon, Montecito and Isla Vista. North of the mountains are the towns of Santa Ynez, Solvang, Buellton, Lompoc; the unincorporated towns of Los Olivos and Ballard; the unincorporated areas of Mission Hills and Vandenberg Village; and Vandenberg Air Force Base, where the Santa Ynez River flows out to the sea. North of the Santa Ynez Valley are the cities of Santa Maria and Guadalupe.

Santa Barbara County is home to a beautiful landscape and great climate for living, playing and working. The County is well known for its strong sense of community, prime agricultural land, award winning wineries, and attractive cultural and tourism opportunities. However, Santa Barbara County also touts its talented and highly skilled workforce and business sectors, from high tech to health care to design. Quality institutions like UC Santa Barbara and Vandenberg Airforce Base continue to attract high quality individuals to the County. It is these attributes that attract and retain businesses in the area.

TABLE 8 Miscellaneous Statistical Information

Form of government	Joint Powers Authority
Date of organization	August 1, 1991
Number of full-time equivalent positions	30.25
Polonio Pass Water Treatment Plant	
design capacity	43 million gallons per day
Authority pipeline (in miles)	42.5
Coastal Branch pipeline (in miles)	100.6
Number of water storage tanks	7
Number of turnouts	10

	Table A Amount
Agency	(AFY)
City of Buellton	578
Carpinteria Valley Water District	2,000
Goleta Water District	4,500
City of Guadalupe	550
La Cumbre Mutual Water Co.	1,000
Montecito Water District	3,000
Morehart Land Co.	200
City of Santa Barbara	3,000
Raytheon Systems Company	50
City of Santa Maria	16,200
Santa Ynez River W.C.D. #1	2,000
Southern California Water Co.	500
Vandenberg Air Force Base	5,500
Total Santa Barbara County *	39,078
Avila Beach C.S.D	400
	100
Avila Valley Mutual Water Co., Inc.	20
California Mens Colony (State)	400
County of SLO C.S.A. No. 16 I.D. #1	100
County of SLO (Op. Center & Reg. Park)	425
City of Morro Bay	1,313
Oceano CSD	750
City of Pismo Beach	1,240
San Luis Coastal Unified School District	7
San Miguelito Mutual Water Co.	275
SLO Co. Comm. Coll. District (Cuesta College)	200
Total San Luis Obispo County	4,830
TOTAL TABLE A AMOUNT	43,908

Note: * Excludes CCWA drought buffer of Table A amount of 3,908 AFY and Goleta Water District additional Table A amount of 2,500 AFY.

TABLE 9

FY 2017/18 Actual State Water Deliveries (acre feet)

	Exchange				
	Table A	Agreement	Total		
Project Participant	Deliveries	Deliveries	Deliveries		
Shandon Turnout (SLO County)	57	N/A	57		
Lopez Turnout (SLO County)	746	N/A	746		
Chorro Valley Turnout (SLO County)	1,540	N/A	1,540		
City of Guadalupe	437	N/A	437		
City of Santa Maria	9,928	N/A	9,928		
Golden State Water Company	403	N/A	403		
Vandenberg Air Force Base	2,117	N/A	2,117		
City of Buellton	276	N/A	276		
Santa Ynez ID #1 (City of Solvang)	562	N/A	562		
Santa Ynez ID #1	692	930	1,622		
Goleta Water District	5,197	(334)	4,863		
Morehart Land Company	40	N/A	40		
La Cumbre Mutual Water Company	586	N/A	586		
Raytheon Systems Company	49	N/A	49		
City of Santa Barbara	3,247	(224)	3,023		
Montecito Water District	3,294	(223)	3,071		
Carpinteria Valley Water District	1,585	(149)	1,436		
TOTAL:	30,756	-	30,756		

Historical Water Deliveries (Acre-Feet)

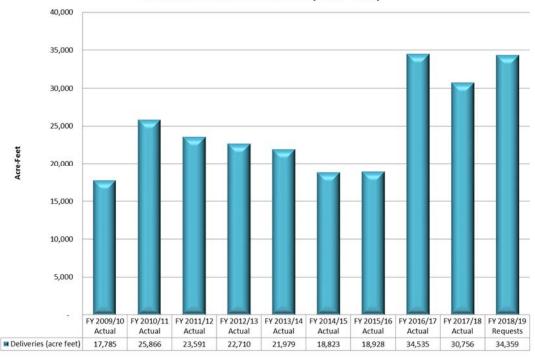


TABLE 10
Historical Water Availability Compared to Actual Deliveries & Costs
Santa Barbara County Project Participants Only

	(Acre-Feet))			
Calendar	Available	Actual	Total CCWA		
Year	Water	Deliveries		Actual Costs	
1998	38,986	18,618	\$	36,225,479	
1999	45,486	20,137		24,898,645	
2000	40,937	22,741		50,707,485	
2001	23,734	18,945		39,445,139	
2002	34,715	27,600		37,237,621	
2003	41,476	26,970		43,929,781	
2004	30,793	29,705		44,152,940	
2005	41,092	23,343		43,750,040	
2006	49,506	23,275		47,067,848	
2007	31,516	27,740		45,660,843	
2008	22,036	18,391		46,236,486	
2009	24,162	15,452		48,521,830	
2010	24,033	17,775		50,707,485	
2011	38,389	21,050		51,876,819	
2012	29,566	19,474		45,904,819	
2013	22,430	18,018		54,450,977	
2014 ⁽¹⁾	9,955	15,942		59,621,280	
2015 ⁽²⁾	14,691	11,673		67,372,895	
2016 ⁽³⁾	45,774	28,807		53,704,188	
2017 ⁽⁴⁾	51,622	29,696		61,352,586	
2018 ⁽⁵⁾	34,883	28,165		65,663,761	
Total:	695,784	463,517	\$	1,018,488,947	
Avg. Cost per Acre-foot:	\$ 1,464 \$	2,197			
Percent of Table A:	76.48%	50.95%			

- (1) 2014 amounts include CCWA Supplemental Water Purchase Program costs of \$4.2 million for 5,909 AF.
- (2) 2015 amounts include CCWA Supplemental Water Purchase Program costs of \$4.8 million for 9,600 AF.
- (3) 2016 amounts include CCWA Supplemental Water Purchase Program costs of \$2.9 million for 11,500 AF.
- (4) No requests were made for a CCWA Supplemental Water Purchase Program (SWPP) in 2017.
- (5) 2018 amounts are estimates, and includes SWPP costs of \$1.8 millon for 5,633 AF.

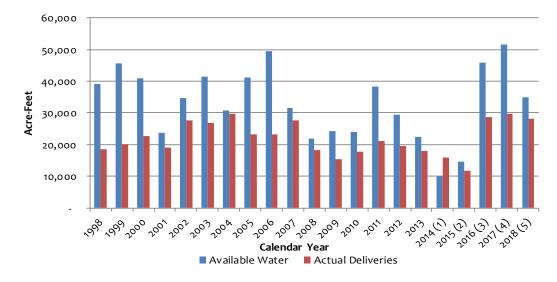


TABLE 11

Schedule of Insurance Valued June 30, 2018

<u>Company</u> Alliant Insurance Services	Policy Period 4-1-18 to 4-1-19	Insurance Type Excess Crime Coverage	<u>Limits</u> e \$ 7,000,00	Coverages Dishonesty, faithful performance, forgery, computer fraud, pension plans including ERISA
ACWA Joint Powers Insurance Authority	4-1-18 to 4-1-19	Crime Coverage	e \$ 300,00	Public employee theft, depositors forgery or alterations, computer and funds transfer fraud
ACWA Joint Powers Insurance Authority	4-1-18 to 4-1-19	Property Insurance	\$ 75,368,00	6 Buildings (\$31,873,798); Personal property (\$1,530,882); Fixed Equipment (\$41,963,326)
ACWA Joint Powers Insurance Authority	10-1-17 to 10-1-18	General and Auto Liability	\$ 5,000,00	o Liability JPIA pooled layer
Allied Public Risk/ Allied World Assurance #5114-0007-02	10-1-17 to 10-1-18	General and Auto Liability	\$ 6,000,00	o Liability umbrella policy
Great American Insurance Company/ Evanston Insurance Company #1827291/#MPEREV0057	10-1-17 to 10-1-18	General and Auto Liability	\$ 9,000,00	o Liability umbrella policy
Great American Insurance Company of New York #EXC1615067	10-1-17 to 10-1-18	General and Auto Liability	\$ 10,000,00	o Liability umbrella policy
Great American Insurance Co. of NY/ Endurance Risk Solutions Assurance #EXC1615068/#EXC10007886202	10-1-17 to 10-1-18	General and Auto Liability	\$ 20,000,00	o Liability umbrella policy
General Security Indemnity Company of Arizona FA0024236-2017-1	10-1-17 to 10-1-18	General and Auto Liability	\$ 10,000,00	o Liability umbrella policy

TABLE 12
Full-time Equivalent Employees by Position

Position Title	Number Authorized FY 2015/16	Number Authorized FY 2016/17	Number Authorized FY 2017/18	Change Over FY 2015/16	Change Over FY 2016/17
Executive Director	1.00	1.00	1.00	-	
Deputy Director of Operations	1.00	1.00	1.00	_	_
Regulatory Specialist	1.00	1.00	1.00	_	_
Controller	1.00	1.00	1.00	_	_
Deputy Controller	-	1.00	1.00	1.00	_
Office Manager	1.00	1.00	1.00	-	_
Accounting Technician	0.75	0.75	0.75	_	_
Administrative Assistant	1.50	1.50	1.50	-	_
WTP Supervisor	1.00	1.00	1.00	-	_
Distribution Supervisor	1.00	1.00	1,00	_	_
Maintenance Superintendent	1.00	1.00	1,00	_	_
Maintenance Foreman	1.00	1.00	1,00	_	_
Senior Chemist	1.00	1.00	1,00	-	-
Chemist	1.00	1.00	1,00	-	-
IT/Instrumentation & Control Specialis	1.00	1.00	1,00	-	-
Engineering Technician	1.00	1.00	1,00	-	-
Maintenance Technician	2.00	2.00	2.00	-	_
Maintenance/IC&R Technician	2.00	2.00	2.00	-	_
WTP Operator	5.00	5.00	5.00	-	_
Distribution Technician	5.00	5.00	5.00	-	_
TOTAL:	29.25	30.25	30.25	1.00	-

TABLE 13
Santa Barbara County Largest Employers

		Percent of Total County
Company or Organization	Jobs (1)	Employment
University of California, Santa Barbara	4,325	2.10%
County of Santa Barbara	4,213	2.05%
Cottage Health Organization	3,606	1.75%
Vandenberg Air Force Base	2,500	1.22%
Santa Maria-Bonita School District	2,120	1.03%
Chumash Casino Resort	2,000	0.97%
Allan Hancock College	1,480	0.72%
Santa Barbara Unified School District	1,400	0.68%
Zodiac Aerospace	1,200	0.58%
Santa Barbara City College	1,193	0.58%
Total ten largest	24,037	11.69%
Total all other	181,645	88.31%
Total companies or organizations	205,682	100.00%

⁽¹⁾ According to the County of Santa Barbara CAFR FY 17-18 a new source for this information beginning FY 17-18 is the Pacific Coast Business Times "Book of Lists".

Statistical Section City of Pismo Beach (San Luis Obispo County)

Historic Water Connections and Sales Revenues

			Water
Fiscal Year		Sales	Deliveries
Ending June 30	Connections	Revenues	(acre-feet per year)
2008	4,713	\$ 2,619,579	2,018
2009	4,540	2,834,803	1,939
2010	4,558	2,874,984	1,735
2011	4,569	3,048,595	1,717
2012	4,584	3,257,915	1,785
2013	4,596	3,390,236	1,828
2014	4,695	3,793,692	1,944
2015	4,718	3,362,918	1,840
2016	4,787	3,201,546	1,644
2017	4,836	3,346,533	1,589

Largest Customers as of June 30, 2017

	Water	Annual
	Usage (1)	Payment
Pismo Beach Mobile Home Park	11,748	\$ 48,344
Cliff's Shell Beach	10,701	39,227
Pismo Coast Village	9,963	41,975
Shorecliff Lodge	9,430	34,129
Oxford Suites Hotel	7,991	28,960
Pismo Lighthouse Suites	6,270	24,968
Seacreast Resort	5,970	22,830
Dolphin Bay	5,700	22,784
Kon Tiki	5,267	20,312
Pismo Dunes Travel	5,077	19,634
Total	78,117	\$ 303,163

⁽¹⁾ In hundred cubic feet.

State Water Payment Coverage Calculations

Fiscal Year	Total	Operating Net		Net		State Water		
Ending June 30	Revenues	Expenses		Revenues		Payments		Coverage
2008	\$ 4,213,435	\$	2,200,406	\$	2,013,029	\$	1,188,969	1.69
2009	4,563,012		1,828,215		2,734,797		1,279,114	2.14
2010	4,316,125		2,954,934		1,361,191		1,290,981	1.05
2011	4,652,847		2,665,865		1,986,982		1,633,880	1.22
2012	5,003,098		2,612,189		2,390,909		1,435,883	1.67
2013	5,002,618		2,616,024		2,386,594		1,413,314	1.69
2014	5,638,215		2,671,261		2,966,954		1,238,740	2.40
2015	6,490,834		2,748,519		3,742,315		1,562,731	2.39
2016	5,975,795		3,384,808		2,590,987		1,503,993	1.72
2017	6,730,397		3,211,371		3,519,026		1,443,742	2.44

Source: City of Pismo Beach

Statistical Section City of Morro Bay (San Luis Obispo County)

Historic Water Connections and Sales Revenues

			Water
Fiscal Year		Sales	Deliveries
Ending June 30	Connections	Revenues	(acre-feet per year)
2008	5,531	\$ 3,610,462	1,187
2009	5,547	3,588,500	1,130
2010	5,545	3,574,319	1,282
2011	5,385	3,421,151	1,250
2012	5,401	3,396,936	1,177
2013	5,455	3,377,534	1,141
2014	5,473	3,491,575	1,214
2015	5,455	3,311,970	1,094
2016	5,455	4,130,990	996
2017	5,483	5,077,312	942

Largest Customers as of June 30, 2017

	Water	Annual
	Usage ⁽¹⁾	Payment
City of Morro Bay	13,277	\$ 369,855
Morro Bay High School	11,197	57,274
Pacific Care Center	8,489	182,313
Missen Linen Center	8,119	177,950
Imperial Coast, LP	4,983	119,510
Silver City Resort	3,693	78,497
Morro Dunes Trailer Park	2,482	57,007
CA Dept of Parks	2,288	78,930
Culligan	2,248	49,925
Morro Bay Mobil	1,969	41,728
Total	58,745	\$ 1,212,989

⁽¹⁾ In hundred cubic feet.

State Water Payment Coverage Calculations

Fiscal Year	Total	Operating		Net			State Water	
Ending June 30	Revenues	Expenses		Revenues		Payments		Coverage
2008	\$ 3,762,674	\$	1,185,688	\$	2,576,986	\$	1,886,622	1.37
2009	3,893,904		1,273,381		2,620,523		2,055,446	1.27
2010	3,661,837		1,587,764		2,074,073		1,968,552	1.05
2011	3,491,186		1,813,559		1,677,627		2,108,814	0.80
2012	3,646,957		2,021,803		1,625,154		2,186,578	0.74
2013	3,453,217		1,764,241		1,688,976		2,155,816	0.78
2014	3,550,868		1,958,281		1,592,587		2,158,842	0.74
2015	3,332,358		1,599,955		1,732,403		2,238,795	0.77
2016	4,487,576		1,969,828		2,517,748		2,166,523	1.16
2017	5,029,287		1,286,244		3,743,043		2,010,166	1.86

Source: City of Morro Bay

Statistical Section City of Guadalupe

Historic Water Connections and Sales Revenues

			Water
Fiscal Year	Municipal	Sales	Deliveries
Ending June 30	Connections	Revenues	(acre-feet per year)
2008	1,916	\$ 1,198,705	920
2009	1,926	1,303,214	966
2010	1,915	1,344,941	900
2011	1,927	1,320,373	921
2012	1,931	1,466,881	989
2013	1,940	1,462,443	912
2014	1,945	1,769,651	1,078
2015	1,960	1,721,143	1,039
2016	1,973	1,624,652	952
2017	2,017	1,727,388	944

Largest Customers as of June 30, 2017

	Water	Annual
	Usage (1)	Payment
Apio Cooler	183,943	\$ 714,734
County Housing Authority	6,451	25,066
Guadalupe Union School	6,406	24,893
Obispo Cooling	5,253	20,411
Riverview Townhomes	4,502	17,494
Guadalupe Laundromat	3,959	15,385
Guadalupe Cemetery	2,713	10,542
JR Simplor Co.	2,574	10,003
Pan American Seed	2,491	9,681
P & M Properties	1,546	6,006
Total	219,838	\$ 854,215

⁽¹⁾ In hundred cubic feet.

State Water Payment Coverage Calculations

Fiscal Year Ending June 30	Total Revenues	Operating Expenses				Rate Coverage Fund Deposit				Net Revenues		State Water Payments		Coverage
2008	\$ 1,327,490	\$	658,667	\$	157,483	\$	826,306	\$	667,157	1.24				
2009	1,418,311		629,726		165,923		954,508		690,201	1.38				
2010	1,402,871		436,644		165,531		1,131,758		699,287	1.62				
2011	1,395,787		426,842		167,444		1,136,389		667,445	1.70				
2012	1,519,883		499,857		167,705		1,187,731		599,469	1.98				
2013	1,515,152		435,004		167,787		1,247,935		758,852	1.64				
2014	1,856,503		505,615		167,787		1,518,675		744,436	2.04				
2015	1,811,430		468,004		186,615		1,530,041		741,040	2.06				
2016	1,729,167		698,968		186,615		1,216,814		663,337	1.83				
2017	1,847,672		453,726		186,819		1,580,765		796,095	1.99				

Source: City of Guadalupe

Statistical Section City of Santa Maria

Historic Water Connections and Sales Revenues

		Water
Water	Sales	Deliveries
Connections	Revenues	(acre-feet per year)
20,830	\$ 24,605,620	14,047
20,919	25,859,215	14,489
20,927	25,411,420	13,986
21,050	26,393,674	13,016
21,199	27,803,548	13,264
21,385	29,938,893	13,338
21,580	31,962,813	13,882
21,901	31,403,212	13,009
22,152	33,883,550	12,022
22,981	37,915,296	12,357
	20,830 20,919 20,927 21,050 21,199 21,385 21,580 21,901 22,152	Connections Revenues 20,830 \$ 24,605,620 20,919 25,859,215 20,927 25,411,420 21,050 26,393,674 21,199 27,803,548 21,385 29,938,893 21,580 31,962,813 21,901 31,403,212 22,152 33,883,550

Largest Customers as of June 30, 2017

	Water	Annual
	Usage (1)	Payment
City of Santa Maria	215,649	\$ 1,370,420
Nipomo Community Services District	374,616	1,365,098
Santa Maria Elementary School	102,841	658,894
SP Village Green, LLC	70,258	403,221
Fresh Venture Foods	71,828	402,196
Titan Frozen Fresh	61,514	330,141
Marian Hospital & Facilities	33,295	253,916
Casa Grande Mobile Homes	52,028	220,282
S.B. County Housing Authority	26 , 950	183,863
Allan Hancock College	43,880	183,071
Total	1,052,859	\$ 5,371,102

⁽¹⁾ In hundred cubic feet.

State Water Payment Coverage Calculations

					Rate			
Fiscal Year		Total	Operating	(Coverage	Net	State Water	
Ending June 30	F	Revenues (1)	Expenses	Fund		Revenues	Payments	Coverage
2008	\$	33,047,470	\$ 8,975,078	\$	4,169,232	\$ 28,241,624	\$ 15,138,443	1.87
2009		33,521,237	11,232,624		4,242,530	26,531,143	15,438,235	1.72
2010		32,956,256	9,282,313		4,258,071	27,932,014	17,103,082	1.63
2011		34,634,358	10,389,795		4,281,382	28,525,945	17,150,434	1.66
2012		36,330,166	10,260,908		4,288,071	30,357,329	14,671,346	2.07
2013		38,305,281	12,698,916		4,290,188	29,896,553	17,851,202	1.67
2014		42,467,011	11,523,665		4,290,188	35,233,534	17,793,198	1.98
2015		41,771,720	13,564,740		5,001,279	33,208,259	19,191,415	1.73
2016		44,478,328	12,193,440		5,001,279	37,286,167	16,072,296	2.32
2017		48,626,344	14,727,515		5,006,756	38,905,585	18,589,602	2.09
() , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,								

⁽¹⁾ Includes wastewater fees and charges.

Source: City of Santa Maria

Statistical Section City of Buellton

Historic Water Connections and Sales Revenues

			Water
		Sales	Deliveries
Connections		Revenues	(acre-feet per year)
1,549	\$	1,474,151	1,295
1,548		1,467,933	1,284
1,558		1,467,931	1,300
1,557		1,387,651	1,184
1,570		1,368,805	1,212
1,569		1,460,658	1,226
1,569		1,532,887	1,300
1,582		1,436,127	1,141
1,584		1,426,171	1,043
1,699		1,865,124	1,089
	1,549 1,548 1,558 1,557 1,570 1,569 1,569 1,582	1,549 \$ 1,548 1,558 1,557 1,570 1,569 1,569 1,582 1,584	Connections Revenues 1,549 \$ 1,474,151 1,548 1,467,933 1,558 1,467,931 1,557 1,387,651 1,570 1,368,805 1,569 1,460,658 1,582 1,436,127 1,584 1,426,171

Largest Customers as of June 30, 2017

	Water	Annual
	Usage ⁽¹⁾	Payment
Professional Investment Planning	16,002	\$ 68,136
Buellton Union School District	14,729	45,567
Flying Flags Association, L.P.	11,700	32,101
Terravant Wine Co	9,248	25,876
Santa Ynez Valley Marriott	7,873	26,168
Rivergrove Mobilehome Park	6,650	22,468
The Inn Group	4,379	15,199
RTA Buellton Hotel, LLC	4,323	17,129
Rancho de Maria	4,134	12,053
Figueroa Mountain Brewing	3,878	11,413
Total	82,916	\$ 276,110

⁽¹⁾ In hundred cubic feet.

State Water Payment Coverage Calculations

Fiscal Year	Total	Operating	Ra	te Coverage	Net		ate Water	
Ending June 30	Revenues	Expenses	F	und Deposit	Revenues		ayments	Coverage
2008	\$ 2,041,664	\$ 455,528	\$	242,535	\$ 1,828,671	\$	933,400	1.96
2009	1,659,083	497,597		255,558	1,417,044		896,715	1.58
2010	1,579,341	542,240		256,494	1,293,595		943,326	1.37
2011	1,494,307	486,807		257,898	1,265,398		938,136	1.35
2012	1,431,453	598,093		258,300	1,091,660		894,257	1.22
2013	1,512,243	550,655		258,427	1,220,015		1,017,156	1.20
2014	1,555,656	553,211		258,427	1,260,872		962,999	1.31
2015	1,642,522	632,937		274,861	1,284,446		1,043,536	1.23
2016	1,983,721	490,933		274,861	1,767,649		908,360	1.95
2017	2,069,593	728,200		275,162	1,616,555		946,522	1.71

Source: City of Buellton

Santa Ynez River Water Conservation District, ID#1 (City of Solvang only)

Historic Water Connections and Sales Revenues

			Water
Fiscal Year		Sales	Deliveries
Ending June 30	Connections	Revenues	(acre-feet per year)
2008	1,964	\$ 4,180,995	1,512
2009	2,017	4,085,678	1,483
2010	1,981	3,957,709	1,315
2011	2,019	3,927,817	1,322
2012	2,118	4,167,680	1,347
2013	2,153	4,455,120	1,416
2014	2,156	4,631,124	1,409
2015	2,178	4,361,233	1,074
2016	2,211	4,378,420	962
2017	2,225	4,490,615	997

Largest Customers as of June 30, 2017

Wate		Annual
Usage	(1) 2	Payment
City of Solvang	9,107	\$ 94,848
Rancho Santa Ynez Mobile Estates	16,529	90,950
Alisal Gues Ranch	13,766	74,279
Atterdag Village	5,498	66,330
Worldmark	5,427	56,559
Chumash Casino Resort (Hotel Corque)	7,032	55,337
Mission Oaks	5,655	42,931
Solvang School	8,279	38,568
Holiday Inn	6,395	37 , 123
Skytt Property, LLC	3,736	34,705
Total	81,424	\$ 591,630

(1) In hundred cubic feet.

State Water Payment Coverage Calculations

Fiscal Year Ending June 30		Total Revenues	Operating Expenses	te Coverage ınd Deposit	Net Revenues			tate Water Payments	Coverage
	_			 	_		-		
2008	\$	4,340,564	\$ 1,247,155	\$ 569,041	\$	3,662,450	\$	2,446,021	1.50
2009		4,199,436	1,537,148	599,048		3,261,336		2,448,490	1.33
2010		4,043,117	1,321,839	603,156		3,324,434		2,637,865	1.26
2011		3,995,627	1,214,624	604,939		3,385,942		2,647,201	1.28
2012		4,230,365	1,231,366	605,884		3,604,883		2,438,576	1.48
2013		4,677,242	1,436,931	606,183		3,846,494		2,656,129	1.45
2014		5,152,838	1,998,916	606,183		3,760,105		2,743,342	1.37
2015		4,920,397	1,580,530	606,183		3,946,050		2,960,871	1.33
2016		4,751,452	1,317,454	606,183		4,040,181		2,534,152	1.59
2017		4,668,636	1,213,706	606,847		4,061,777		2,557,331	1.59

Source: City of Solvang

Santa Ynez River Water Conservation District, ID#1

Historic Water Connections and Sales Revenues

			Water
Fiscal Year		Sales	Deliveries
Ending June 30	Connections	Revenues	(acre-feet per year)
2008	2,567	\$ 4,883,168	5,926
2009	2,583	5,030,245	5,947
2010	2,579	5,096,678	5,416
2011	2,519	5,009,463	5,255
2012	2,515	5,371,780	5,260
2013	2,598	5,531,585	5,371
2014	2,624	6,889,450	5,358
2015	2,618	6,157,964	4,341
2016	2,664	5,868,155	3,712
2017	2,672	6,367,009	3,712

Largest Customers as of June 30, 2017

	Water	ŀ	Annual
	Usage ⁽¹⁾	Pa	ayment
Private Agriculture	121	\$	40,535
Private Agriculture	118		37,574
Private Agriculture	98		31,637
Private Agriculture	87		25,274
Private Agriculture	62		19,773
Private Agriculture	52		17,317
Private Agriculture	46		15,963
Private Agriculture	41		17,400
Private Agriculture	37		17,284
Private Agriculture	36		13,963
Total	698	\$	236 , 720

⁽¹⁾ In acre-feet per year.

State Water Payment Coverage Calculations

Fiscal Year	Total	(Operating	R	ate Coverage	Net		Si	tate Water	
Ending June 30 (1)	Revenues		Expenses		Fund Deposit		Revenues		Payments	Coverage
2008	\$ 8,680,455	\$	3,663,543	\$	961,388	\$	5,978,300	\$	3,869,047	1.55
2009	8,797,488		3,683,262		1,012,862		6,127,088		3,799,166	1.61
2010	8,785,547		3,778,443		1,019,126		6,026,230		3,956,531	1.52
2011	8,759,268		3,597,194		1,022,142		6,184,216		4,003,719	1.54
2012	8,209,585		3,179,858		1,023,739		6,053,466		4,112,646	1.47
2013	8,213,596		3,310,123		1,024,244		5,927,717		4,238,934	1.40
2014	10,538,309		4,610,406		1,024,244		6,952,147		4,307,127	1.61
2015	9,533,850		4,781,398		1,062,841		5,815,293		4,604,806	1.26
2016	9,657,032		4,713,576		1,062,841		6,006,297		3,895,465	1.54
2017	10,127,574		4,585,443		1,064,005		6,606,136		3,606,066	1.83

⁽¹⁾ Includes State water payments for the City of Solvang.

Source: Santa Ynez Improvement District #1

⁽²⁾ Exclusive of Solvang's payments for State Water Project.

Statistical Section Goleta Water District

Historic Water Connections and Sales Revenues

			Water
Fiscal Year		Sales	Deliveries
Ending June 30	Connections	Revenues	(acre-feet per year)
2008	16,466	\$ 22,697,939	14,387
2009	16,373	17,891,752	14,198
2010	16,346	16,554,650	12,971
2011	16,401	15,721,915	12,161
2012	16,295	18,668,008	12,275
2013	16,518	22,171,254	13,923
2014	16,542	24,005,806	14,884
2015	16,441	19,988,107	11,883
2016	16,474	29,771,141	10,773
2017	16,561	28,532,344	9,658

Largest Customers as of June 30, 2017

	Water	Annual
	Usage (1)	Payment
U.C.S.B.	872	\$ 2,919,440
Cavaletto Ranches, LLC	377	728,926
Sandpiper Golf Course	256	315,780
Touchstone Glen Annie Golf	224	371,523
County of Santa Barbara	176	723,198
Wallover, Inc.	146	267,506
Roy Butera	141	289,192
Simple Avo Dos Pueblos, LLC	104	200,835
Las Varas Ranch	90	169,382
Bacara Resort	88	319,004
Total	2,474	\$ 6,304,786

⁽¹⁾ In acre-feet per year.

State Water Payment Coverage Calculations

Fiscal Year	Total	Operating	Rate	Coverage	Net		ate Water	
Ending June 30	Revenues	Expenses	Fund	Deposit	Revenues		Payments	Coverage
2008	\$ 29,703,651	\$ 14,095,042	\$	-	\$ 15,608,609	\$	6,711,214	2.33
2009	31,044,059	14,448,077		-	16,595,982		7,317,439	2.27
2010	24,129,754	16,268,616		-	7,861,138		6,561,134	1.20
2011	25,378,145	11,788,948		-	13,589,197		7,251,071	1.87
2012	27,426,627	14,741,694		-	12,684,933		6,309,979	2.01
2013	32,409,693	15,146,414		-	17,263,279		7,284,547	2.37
2014	34,188,412	18,210,976		-	15,977,436		7,998,066	2.00
2015	32,951,960	16,527,332		-	16,424,628		9,369,850	1.75
2016	39,174,119	21,847,412		-	17,326,707		7,973,075	2.17
2017	38,016,844	24,700,536		-	13,316,308		8,707,040	1.53

Statistical Section La Cumbre Mutual Water Company

Historic Water Connections and Sales Revenues

			Water
Fiscal Year		Sales	Deliveries
Ending Dec. 31	Connections	Revenues	(acre-feet per year)
2007	1,470	\$ 2,267,771	2,059
2008	1,468	2,489,710	1,937
2009	1,468	2,586,518	1,702
2010	1,469	2,377,639	1,523
2011	1,471	2,608,037	1,465
2012	1,471	3,023,989	1,587
2013	1,485	3,279,957	1,776
2014	1,494	3,117,612	1,373
2015	1,494	3,242,513	1,140
2016	1,497	3,241,825	1,067

Largest Customers as of December 31, 2016

	Water	Annual
	Usage (1)	Payment
La Cumbre Golf & Country Club	35,412	\$ 199,803
Timothy Pasquinelli	5,610	71,225
Stephen Redding	5,052	66,255
Jeffrey Henley	3,442	40,536
Frances Nielsen	2,951	38,283
Dean & Darcy Christal	2,894	36,152
Susan Caffrey	2,861	34,656
Overwater, LLC	2,710	34,656
Carriage Hill Association	2,691	28,896
Bradley Sher	2,259	28,657
Total	65,882	\$ 579,119

(1) In hundred cubic feet.

State Water Payment Coverage Calculations

Fiscal Year Ending Dec. 31	Total Revenues	Operating Expenses	Rate Coverage Fund Deposit	Net Revenues	 ate Water Payments	Coverage
2007	\$ 3,320,207	\$ 1,342,427	\$ 358,263	\$ 2,336,043	\$ 1,574,079	1.48
2008	3,451,050	1,408,802	376 , 576	2,418,824	1,540,843	1.57
2009	3,510,409	1,670,353	392,003	2,232,059	1,684,349	1.33
2010	3,261,377	1,649,171	389,217	2,001,423	1,870,892	1.07
2011	3,641,641	1,419,353	391,224	2,613,512	1,962,355	1.33
2012	3,987,385	1,401,788	391,135	2,976,732	1,425,464	2.09
2013	4,402,802	1,530,254	391,135	3,263,683	1,696,315	1.92
2014	4,185,177	1,504,177	391,135	3,072,135	1,875,217	1.64
2015	4,306,838	1,453,837	391,135	3,244,136	2,052,272	1.58
2016	4,526,872	1,911,022	392,065	3,007,915	1,572,834	1.91

Source: La Cumbre Mutual Water Co. CENTRAL COAST WATER AUTHORITY

Statistical Section City of Santa Barbara

Historic Water Connections and Sales Revenues

		Water
Water	Sales	Deliveries
Connections	Revenues	(acre-feet per year)
26,009	\$ 29,448,078	14,926
26,153	28,669,429	13,819
26,504	28,163,162	13,428
26 , 761	27,181,923	13,284
26,649	29,992,081	13,949
26,797	32,683,467	14,366
26,919	33,296,287	14,218
26,921	31,512,114	10,775
26,988	41,433,002	9,935
27,111	46,187,721	9,009
	26,009 26,153 26,504 26,761 26,649 26,797 26,919 26,921 26,988	Connections Revenues 26,009 \$ 29,448,078 26,153 28,669,429 26,504 28,163,162 26,761 27,181,923 26,649 29,992,081 26,797 32,683,467 26,919 33,296,287 26,921 31,512,114 26,988 41,433,002

Largest Customers as of June 30, 2017

	Water	Annual
	Usage (1)	Payment
Cottage Hospital	33,118	\$ 391,832
Santa Barbara Unified School District	28,790	365,270
Dario Pini	21,975	266,849
Housing Authority	20,901	240,800
City of Santa Barbara Parks	24,985	239,405
Santa Barbara Community College District	10,749	194,433
Mission Linen Supply	18,117	151,509
Hyatt Centric Santa Barbara	15,201	150,625
Fess Parker Double Tree	18,143	144,578
City of Santa Barbara Waterfront	10,328	140,671
Total	202,307	\$ 2,285,972

(1) In hundred cubic feet.

State Water Payment Coverage Calculations

Fiscal Year Ending June 30	Total Revenues	Operating Expenses	Net Revenues	State Water Payments	P	arity Debt Service	Coverage
2008	\$ 34,798,063	\$ 17,454,896	\$ 17,343,167	\$ 4,089,554	\$	1,859,603	2.92
2009	33,914,071	18,885,951	15,028,120	4,314,561		1,857,100	2.44
2010	33,763,232	18,546,457	15,216,775	4,466,645		1,697,698	2.47
2011	32,082,335	17,793,001	14,289,334	4,619,893		1,847,271	2.21
2012	37,696,027	19,547,823	18,148,204	4,180,184		1,738,160	3.07
2013	38,439,062	21,464,993	16,974,069	4,744,097		1,847,618	2.58
2014	37,185,303	22,994,993	14,190,310	5,230,535		2,774,171	1.77
2015	35,348,935	25,475,134	9,873,801	6,348,335		2,654,446	1.10
2016	45,677,508	21,316,587	24,360,921	5,780,222		3,225,980	2.70
2017	52,271,592	22,533,661	29,737,931	6,335,560		4,274,453	2.80

Source: City of Santa Barbara

Statistical Section Montecito Water District

Historic Water Connections and Sales Revenues

			Water
Fiscal Year		Sales	Deliveries
Ending June 30	Connections	Revenues	(acre-feet per year)
2008	4,630	\$ 9,893,221	6,518
2009	4,583	10,015,310	5,963
2010	4,558	9,429,322	5,274
2011	4,575	8,401,945	4,715
2012	4,577	9,345,967	5,302
2013	4,585	10,573,025	5,945
2014	4,597	11,260,539	5,775
2015	4,593	6,752,280	3,331
2016	4,601	7,652,442	3,440
2017	4,602	7,470,909	3,127

Largest Customers as of June 30, 2017

	water	Annuai
	Usage ⁽¹⁾	Payment
Resort Hotel	40,103 \$	410,971
Golf Club	27,303	310,210
Agricultural	22,627	152,612
Golf Club	21,264	222,474
Resort Hotel	18,739	284,606
Agricultural	18,710	128,659
Agricultural	14,012	110,737
Private College	13,502	146,767
Single Family Residential Community	10,911	115,231
Retirement Community	8,951	105,673
Total	196,122 \$	1,987,940

(1) In hundred cubic feet.

State Water Payment Coverage Calculations

Fiscal Year Ending June 30	Total Revenues	Operating Expenses	e Coverage nd Deposit	Net Revenues	 tate Water Payments	Coverage
2008	\$ 13,967,947	\$ 6,049,992	\$ 1,021,131	\$ 8,939,086	\$ 4,645,281	1.92
2009	13,873,852	6,528,920	1,075,696	8,420,628	5,144,227	1.64
2010	14,555,964	5,931,617	1,079,637	9,703,984	5,123,778	1.89
2011	12,277,049	5,588,083	1,085,554	7,774,520	5,334,729	1.46
2012	13,224,023	6,299,364	1,087,250	8,011,909	4,412,658	1.82
2013	14,315,026	6,497,450	1,087,787	8,905,363	4,898,038	1.82
2014	16,880,381	8,222,385	1,087,787	9,745,783	5,978,116	1.63
2015	16,264,644	8,048,179	1,417,526	9,633,991	6,573,858	1.47
2016	20,063,580	9,007,873	1,417,526	12,473,233	5,778,933	2.16
2017	18,583,907	7,760,628	1,419,078	12,242,357	5,491,272	2.23

Source: Montecito Water District

Statistical Section Carpinteria Valley Water District

Historic Water Connections and Sales Revenues

			Water
Fiscal Year		Sales	Deliveries
Ending June 30	Connections	Revenues	(acre-feet per year)
2008	4,272	\$ 10,529,618	4,506
2009	4,288	10,393,601	4,099
2010	4,326	10,089,936	3,825
2011	4,322	10,101,197	3,599
2012	4,339	10,575,216	3,871
2013	4,441	10,798,634	4,352
2014	4,444	11,229,175	4,551
2015	4,485	11,031,043	3,728
2016	4,501	12,023,205	3,604
2017	4,503	12,457,730	3,395

Largest Customers as of June 30, 2017

	Water	Annual
	Usage ⁽¹⁾	Payment
Ota, Tom	27,939	\$ 59,319
Reiter Brothers, Inc	27,692	55,877
Emmett, Morgan	24,253	63,122
Schaff, Victor	19,545	40,164
Sandpiper Village	17,680	242,762
Cate School	17,643	88,237
Casitas Village Home Assn	16,973	266,739
Villa Del Mar HOA	16,718	244,008
Circle G	15,629	38,676
Westerlay Orchids	14,489	46,119
Total	198,561	\$ 1,145,023

⁽¹⁾ In hundred cubic feet.

State Water Payment Coverage Calculations

Fiscal Year Ending June 30	Total Revenues	Operating Expenses	Rate Coverage Net Fund Deposit Revenues		 ate Water Payments	Coverage	
2008	\$ 11,683,095	\$ 4,713,897	\$ 765,941	\$	7,735,139	\$ 2,741,075	2.82
2009	11,005,014	5,395,430	807,038		6,416,622	2,923,214	2.20
2010	10,499,950	4,639,111	809,995		6,670,834	3,006,719	2.22
2011	10,350,057	4,791,179	814,431		6,373,309	3,107,837	2.05
2012	11,267,253	5,052,870	815,699		7,030,082	2,785,680	2.52
2013	11,835,527	5,068,463	816,100		7,583,164	3,135,384	2.42
2014	12,218,169	5,711,413	816,100		7,322,856	3,539,365	2.07
2015	12,349,806	5,467,213	816,100		7,698,693	3,909,986	1.97
2016	13,112,109	6,345,931	816,100		7,582,278	3,324,260	2.28
2017	12,760,851	5,337,062	816,994		8,240,783	3,444,393	2.39

Source: Carpinteria Valley Water District

Central Coast Water Authority



COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT
FISCAL YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2019 AND 2018
A CALIFORNIA JOINT POWERS AUTHORITY

Central Coast Water Authority Comprehensive Annual Financial Report Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2019 and 2018

Table of Contents

INTRODUCTORY SECTION

Letter of Transmittal	i
Officials of the CCWA	ix
Organization Chart FY 2018-19	ix
FINANCIAL SECTION	
Independent Auditors' Report	1
Management's Discussion and Analysis	3
Basic Financial Statements:	
Statement of Net Position	11
Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Change in Net Position	13
Statement of Cash Flows	14
Notes to Financial Statements	16
Required Supplementary Information:	
Schedule of the Agency's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	36
Schedule of Plan OPEB Contributions	36
Schedule of Changes in Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios	37
Schedule of Employer OPEB Contributions	38
STATISTICAL SECTION	
Statistical Section Narrative Summary	39
General Governmental Revenues by Source	40
General Governmental Expenses by Function	41
Change in Net Position and Net Position Components	42
Fiscal Year Gross Budget History (Excludes Credits)	44

Table of Contents

FY 2018/19 Total Payments by Project Participant	45
Ratio of Outstanding Debt by Type for Total Bonded Debt to Total Expenses	46
Selected Demographic Information	47
Miscellaneous Statistical Information	48
FY 2018/19 Actual State Water Deliveries (acre feet)	49
Historical Water Availability Compared to Actual Deliveries and Costs	50
Schedule of Insurance	51
Full-time Equivalent Employees by Position	52
Santa Barbara County Largest Employers	53
City of Pismo Beach	54
City of Morro Bay	55
City of Guadalupe	56
City of Santa Maria	57
City of Buellton	58
Santa Ynez River Water Conservation District, ID#1 (City of Solvang only)	59
Santa Ynez River Water Conservation District, ID#1	60
Goleta Water District	61
La Cumbre Mutual Water Company	62
City of Santa Barbara	63
Montecito Water District	64
Carpinteria Valley Water District	65

INTRODUCTORY SECTION





Eric Friedman Chairman

Ed Andrisek Vice Chairman

Ray Stokes Executive Director

Brownstein Hyatt Farber Schreck General Counsel

Member Agencies

City of Buellton

Carpinteria Valley Water District

City of Guadalupe

City of Santa Barbara

City of Santa Maria

Goleta Water District

Montecito Water District

Santa Ynez River Water Conservation District, Improvement District #1

Associate Member

La Cumbre Mutual Water Company January 23, 2020

Members of the Board Central Coast Water Authority

State law requires that every general purpose local government publish, within six months of the close of each fiscal year, a complete set of audited financial statements. This report is published to fulfill that requirement for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report ("CAFR") of the Central Coast Water Authority for the fiscal year ("FY") ended June 30, 2019 is submitted as prepared by the Authority's Finance and Administration Departments. The report is published to provide to our project participants, the Authority Board, and the investment community detailed information about the financial condition and operating results of the Authority as measured by the financial activity of the Authority.

Responsibility for both the accuracy of the financial report and the completeness and fairness of the presentation rests with the Authority. To the best of our knowledge, the information presented is accurate in all material aspects and includes all disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain an understanding of the Authority's financial activities.

The Authority requires that its financial statements be audited by a Certified Public Accountant selected by the Authority's Board of Directors, and Nasif, Hicks, Harris & Co., LLP, Certified Public Accountants, have issued an unmodified ("clean") opinion on Central Coast Water Authority's financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2019. The independent auditor's report is located at the front of the financial section of this report.

Management's discussion and analysis ("MD&A") immediately follows the independent auditor's report and provides a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis of the financial statements. MD&A complements this letter of transmittal and should be read in conjunction with it.

PROFILE OF THE AUTHORITY

The Central Coast Water Authority ("CCWA" or "Authority") is a public entity organized under a Joint Exercise of Powers Agreement dated August 1, 1991 and operates as a Joint Powers Authority ("JPA"). CCWA is a wholesale water provider to 13 water purveyors and private companies in Santa Barbara County, and another 11 water purchasers in San Luis Obispo County.

255 Industrial Way Buellton, CA 93427-9565 (805) 688-2292 FAX: (805) 686-4700 CCWA is presently composed of eight members, all of which are public agencies within Santa Barbara County: the Cities of Buellton, Guadalupe, Santa Barbara and Santa Maria, Carpinteria Valley Water District, Goleta Water District, Montecito Water District and Santa Ynez River Water Conservation District, Improvement District No. 1 (in which the City of Solvang is located). Each member agency is represented on the CCWA Board of Directors by one individual and an alternate. In addition, CCWA has one associate member, the La Cumbre Mutual Water Company and three non-member, private water users, Raytheon Systems Company, Morehart Land Company, and Golden State Water Company. Water service is also provided to Vandenberg Air Force Base through a Utility Agreement.

The member agencies are represented on the CCWA Board of Directors by an individual chosen by each public entity's Board or City Council. Each vote on the Authority's Board of Directors is weighted roughly in proportion to the entity's allocation of State water entitlement.

The Authority also provides supplemental water to certain entities within San Luis Obispo County: California Men's Colony, County of San Luis Obispo, Cuesta College, City of Morro Bay, Avila Beach Community Services District, Avila Valley Mutual Water Company, Oceano Community Services District, City of Pismo Beach, San Luis Coastal Unified School District and San Miguelito Mutual Water Company.

Facilities

The Authority's facilities include a water treatment plant located at Polonio Pass in northeastern San Luis Obispo County and a distribution system that delivers water from the State Water Project to project participants in Santa Barbara and San Luis Obispo Counties. The distribution system consists of an approximate 130 mile long pipeline, treated water tanks at the water treatment plant, three interim storage facilities, one energy dissipation facility, ten turnouts, four isolation valve facilities, a chloramines removal and water pumping facility and Cachuma Lake inlet monitoring facility.

Central Coast Water Authority is innovative and forward thinking in its methods to provide high-quality water, through an efficient and reliable system that is capable of delivering supplemental water from other water sources in addition to allocations through the State Water Project for our project participants. During the recent and ongoing drought in California, this delivery system was instrumental in allowing our project participants to maintain adequate water resources for their communities by providing a link to the statewide water supply system.

The Authority receives its water through the State Water Project, which is a network of canals, pipelines, tunnels and reservoirs. The State Water Project is managed by the California Department of Water Resources ("DWR"), a State agency which protects, conserves, develops, and manages much of California's water supply including the State Water Project which provides water for more than 27 million residents and businesses, and irrigates about 750,000 acres of farmland. Through the Santa Barbara County Flood Control and Water Conservation District ("SBCFC&WCD"), the Authority holds a contract with DWR to purchase up to 45,486 acre-feet of water per year. The costs for this water are charged to the Authority's Santa Barbara County project participants. San Luis Obispo County pays DWR directly for its DWR costs.

LOCAL ECONOMY

Santa Barbara County is dominated by three principal economic activities: tourism, Vandenberg Air Force Base, and education, and is characterized by three geographically diverse regions. The Santa

Barbara Project Participants are located in all three different geographic areas of Santa Barbara County: North County (City of Santa Maria, City of Guadalupe, Golden State Water Company and Vandenberg Air Force Base); the Santa Ynez Valley (City of Buellton and Santa Ynez River Water Conservation District, Improvement District No. 1, which includes within its boundaries the City of Solvang); and the South Coast (City of Santa Barbara, Goleta Water District, Montecito Water District, Carpinteria Valley Water District, La Cumbre Mutual Water Company, Raytheon Systems Company and Morehart Land Company).

Historically the North County has been an agricultural area, but it has experienced significant urban development in the last twenty-years and expects additional urban development in the future; the Santa Ynez Valley is a rural agricultural area and tourist destination; and the South Coast is a generally developed urban area which does not expect significant growth in the future. The general location of certain of the Santa Barbara Project Participants and of the major components of the Authority Project in Santa Barbara County is shown on the map under the caption "Project Map" in the end of the Introductory Section of the CAFR.

LONG-TERM FINANCIAL PLANNING

To assist our project participants, the Authority prepares a Ten-Year Financial plan to provide pro forma projections of the Authority's expenditures and includes projections for both the Authority and the Department of Water Resources portions of the budget. The Department of Water Resources provides projections for each of these years for both the fixed and variable costs, and the Authority expenses are generally projected with a 3% inflation factor to all operating expenses.

The Ten-Year Financial Plan is prepared only as an informational tool and is used by the member agencies and other project participants for their planning and long-term budgeting purposes.

RELEVANT FINANCIAL POLICIES AND CONTROLS

The Authority has adopted a comprehensive set of financial policies governing Reserves, Purchasing, Budget, Investments, Debt Management, and Capital Improvements. Following is a brief discussion on the policies that were relevant this year:

Capital Improvement Projects and Carryover

The Capital Improvements Projects ("CIP") is a component of the non-operating expenses section of the budget. Certain capital expenditures included in the Fiscal year 2018/19 budget were not expended due to timing and scheduling.

When appropriate, capital improvements will be paid through current revenue sources rather than financing capital projects over a period of time. During Fiscal Year 2018/19 the Board approved \$1,159,913 in carryover funds to be used for capital projects not completed in Fiscal Year 2017/18. Also approved by the Board was \$681,425 of carryover funds for capital projects funded for Fiscal Year 2018/19 and carried over into Fiscal Year 2019/20 for completion.

Investment Policy

The Authority will operate its idle cash investments in compliance with Government Code Section 16045-16054 Uniform Prudent Investor Act which states: "...in investing...property for the benefit of another, a trustee shall exercise judgment and care, under the circumstances then prevailing, which persons of prudence, discretion and intelligence exercise in the management of their own affairs....".

As such, the Board has adopted an Investment Policy governing cash investments.

In April 2018 the Authority's adopted Investment Policy was amended as a part of the annual review to comply with changes in Government Code Section 53630-53686 which addresses investment of surplus funds by local government agencies. Section III(F) was revised to remove an outdated Civil Code reference, and to update language to include the entire definition of the "Prudent Investor Standard". Section VI. REPORTING and Section XIII. PERFORMANCE EVALUATION AND OPERATIONS AUDIT were revised to reflect the authority's practice of submitting quarterly reports to the Board rather than monthly reports.

Debt Management Policy

Central Coast Water Authority is authorized to incur indebtedness to finance Authority facilities and to assign and pledge to the repayment by its participants. The Debt Management Policy adopted by the Board in 2017 establishes parameters for issuing debt, covers general provisions for periodic review, conditions for debt issuance, standards for use of debt financing, financing criteria, refinancing outstanding debt, outstanding debt limitations, security for debt, a covenant for bond coverage, method of issuance, debt administration and reporting requirements.

Accounting System

In developing and maintaining the Authority's accounting system, consideration is given to the adequacy of internal accounting controls. Internal accounting controls are designed to provide reasonable but not absolute assurance regarding: a) the safeguarding of assets against losses from unauthorized use or disposition, and b) the reliability of financial records for preparing financial statements and maintaining accountability for assets.

The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that the cost of a control procedure should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived and that the evaluation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management.

All internal control evaluations occur within the above framework. Management believes that the Authority's controls adequately safeguard assets and provide reasonable assurance of proper recording of financial transactions.

MAJOR INITIATIVES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR

The activities of the Board and staff at the Authority are driven by our mission statement: To provide San Luis Obispo and Santa Barbara Counties with reliable, high quality supplemental water.

State Water Project Contract Assignment

The original contract with the Department of Water Resources ("DWR") was executed between DWR and the Santa Barbara County Flood Control and Water Conservation District (the County) in 1963. However, there were no facilities to bring State water into Santa Barbara County until CCWA was formed to construct and operate the facilities for the delivery of State Water in 1991.

When CCWA was formed in 1991, it entered into an agreement with the County called the "Transfer of Financial Responsibility Agreement" ("TFRA") whereby CCWA agreed to be responsible for all costs of the State Water Project in Santa Barbara County. One of the provisions of the TFRA was that the

parties expressed the desire to have the State Water Contract fully assigned from the County to CCWA. However, CCWA did not have ability to levy a property tax in the event of payment default, a key form of payment security in the DWR contracts and bonds, until recent legislation was passed which allows JPAs to exercise the taxing authority of their member agencies. CCWA now has the ability to levy a property tax for State water costs in the event of a payment default to DWR and as such, is actively pursuing full assignment of the State Water contract from the County to CCWA. CCWA will continue to work with DWR and the County to obtain approval for the full assignment of the contract to CCWA.

Suspended Water Reacquisition

In the 1980's, Santa Barbara County requested that DWR set aside, or "suspend" 12,214 acre-feet of the County's 57,700 acre-feet of State Water allotment as it was determined the 12,214 acre-feet was in excess of the needs of the various Santa Barbara County water purveyors. DWR agreed to suspend this water and agreed that the County could reacquire the water at a future date, which has been extended a number of times.

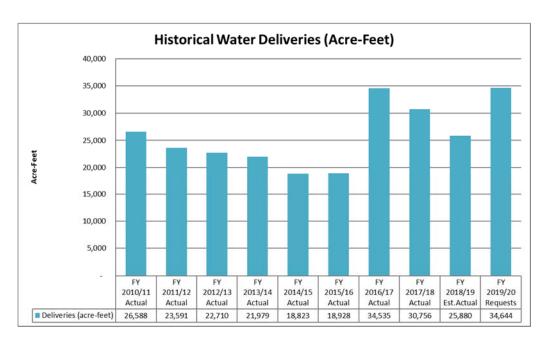
CCWA has requested, and DWR has agreed to allow CCWA, through the County, to reacquire the 12,214 acre-feet of suspended contract allotment. CCWA will continue to pursue this reacquisition in the coming year.

Lake Cachuma Bypass Piping Project

CCWA delivers State Water to the Santa Barbara County south coast water agencies including the City of Santa Barbara, Montecito Water District, Carpinteria Valley Water District and the Goleta Water District via pumping facilities into Lake Cachuma. Those agencies then pump their State Water out of Lake Cachuma for treatment and delivery to their customers. However, due to restrictions imposed on CCWA's ability to pump into Lake Cachuma from various fish and other regulatory agencies, CCWA has been precluded from making State Water deliveries into Lake Cachuma and is in the process of constructing bypass piping which will entail the installation of piping up and over the Lake Cachuma dam, thereby allowing State Water deliveries to commence for the benefit of the south coast agencies. It is anticipated the bypass piping project will be completed toward the end of calendar year 2019.

Water Deliveries

Total deliveries during FY 2018/19 by CCWA to the Santa Barbara and San Luis Obispo County project participants were 25,880 acre-feet compared to the actual FY 2017/18 deliveries of 30,756 acre-feet. The graph below shows water deliveries for the last ten fiscal years.



CCWA Supplemental Water Purchase Program

In response to the continued ongoing drought in California, the CCWA Board of Directors first authorized the development of a Supplemental Water Purchase Program ("SWPP") in 2014. The SWPP allows those CCWA project participants to purchase additional water supplies to help meet their demand not being met with other water sources.

Since 2014, CCWA has acquired just over 32,700 acre-feet of water under the SWPP at a total cost of approximately \$13.8 million, or roughly \$422 per acre-foot.

THE FUTURE

Water Delivery Projections

For calendar years 2019 and 2020, Santa Barbara and San Luis Obispo County project participants have requested State water deliveries of 34,644 acre-feet for each year.

Department of Water Resources ("DWR") Activities and Related Costs

During FY 2019/20, CCWA staff will continue to work through the State Water Contractor ("SWC") board and committees that interact with the DWR which impact CCWA and the California water agencies as a whole. There are many significant issues on which DWR and the SWC are working which have water supply, operational, and fiscal impacts on CCWA. Some of these activities could potentially have a significant fiscal impact to CCWA in the current and future years. Therefore, staff will place a high priority on working through the various available venues to minimize the fiscal impacts to CCWA and ensure that we continue to meet our goal of providing reliable, high quality supplemental water.

The Authority received the DWR Statement of Charges ("SOC") for calendar year 2019 in May 2018, and the calendar year 2020 SOC in May 2019. The Calendar year 2019 SOC reflected a large increase in the calendar year DWR Transportation Minimum OMP&R cost component. Transportation Minimum costs are fixed Operation & Maintenance ("O&M") costs related to the O&M of the State Water Project

("SWP") facilities which do not vary with the quantity of water delivered to the 29 SWP Contractors. Historically, the Transportation Minimum cost component of DWR SOC has been the most volatile DWR charge for CCWA. The volatility is partly based on DWR's SOC being based on estimates and then reconciling or preparing a "true-up" based on the actual costs incurred.

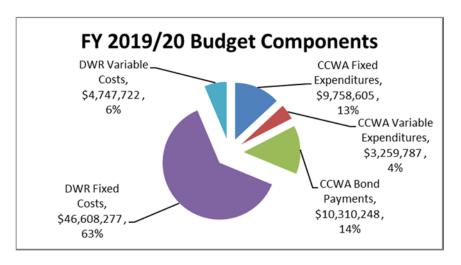
One financial reach which tends to create the most volatility from year-to-year is Reach 33A, due to work done by DWR on the facilities within that reach. Because Reach 33A is located on the coastal branch of the SWP and there are only two SWP Contractors within the coastal branch, the Counties of Santa Barbara (90%) and San Luis Obispo (10%), any changes (up or down) are allocated to only these two counties, further amplifying the variances.

In the calendar year 2018 SOC, DWR estimated the 2019 Transportation Minimum cost of \$7.8 million. In preparing the FY 2018/19 budget, CCWA added an additional \$2 million above the DWR estimate for a total of \$9.8 million. The actual SOC for the calendar year 2019 Transportation Minimum was \$24.3 million, a \$15.5 million increase over the amount used to prepare the FY 2018/19 budget, with one-half due by January 1, 2019, and one-half due by July 1, 2019. The actual SOC for the calendar year 2020 Transportation Minimum was \$15.2 million.

CCWA staff and State Water Contractors ("SWC") accounting staff are both working with DWR to analyze the reason for the large swings in costs. Additionally, CCWA retained auditors, Ernst & Young to further examine the DWR accounting records to ensure costs that are being charged to CCWA are accurate.

Fiscal Year 2019/20 Budget Summary

The FY 2019/20 budget calls for total project participant payments of \$74.7 million compared to the FY 2018/19 budget of \$64.8 million, a \$9.9 million increase, which is discussed above in the fourth paragraph under DWR Activities and Related Costs. These amounts include \$0.4 million in CCWA credits for FY 2019/20 and \$0.9 million for FY 2018/19. The following graph shows the breakout of the various cost components in the CCWA FY 2019/20 Budget:



AWARDS AND ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

The Government Finance Officers Association ("GFOA") awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to Central Coast Water Authority for its comprehensive annual financial report ("CAFR") for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018. This was the twenty-second consecutive year the Authority has achieved this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, the Authority had to publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable program requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one fiscal year. We believe that our current CAFR continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting Program's requirements and we are submitting to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

The authority also received the GFOA's Distinguished Budget Presentation Award for its annual budget document dated April 25, 2019. This was the twenty-third consecutive year the Authority has achieved this prestigious award. To qualify for the Distinguished Budget Presentation Award, the Authority's budget document had to be judged proficient as a policy document, financial plan, an operations guide, and a communications device.

The preparation of this report would not have been possible without the skill, effort, and dedication of the entire staff of the Finance and Administration Department. We wish to thank each member of both departments for their assistance in providing the data necessary to prepare this report. Credit is also due to Senior Management and the Board of Directors for leadership and support in maintaining the highest standards of professionalism in the management of Central Coast Water Authority's finances.

I am pleased to present this report to the Board for formal adoption.

Respectfully submitted,

Executive Director

Introductory Section

June 30, 2019

Central Coast Water Authority Board of Directors

Eric Friedman, Chairman

Ed Andrisek

Etta Waterfield

Floyd Wicks

City of Santa Barbara

City of Buellton

City of Santa Maria

Montecito Water District

Harlan Burchardi Santa Ynez River Water Conservation District,

Improvement District #1
Goleta Water District

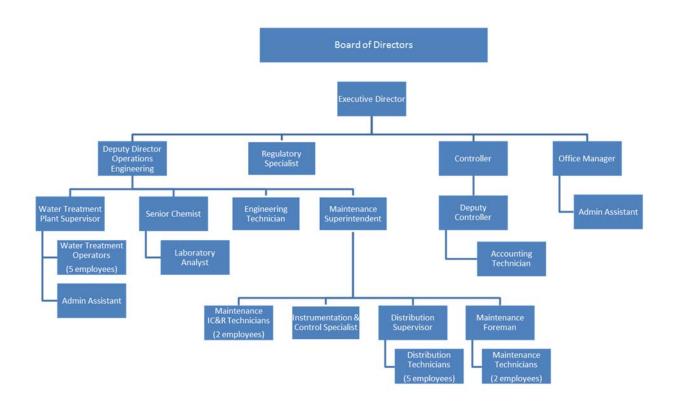
Farfalla Borah Goleta Water District
Gina Rubalcaba City of Guadalupe

Shirley Johnson Carpinteria Valley Water District

Authority Staff

Ray Stokes Executive Director

John Brady Deputy Director Operations /Engineering



Project Map KINGS CO. KERN SAN LUIS OBISPO COUNTY SANTA BARBARA COUNTY CCWA Extension Local Connection Local Facilities



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

Central Coast Water Authority California

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2018

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO

FINANCIAL SECTION





104 West Anapamu Street, Suite B | Santa Barbara, CA 93101 Main: (805) 966-1521 | Fax: (805) 963-1780 | www.nhheo.com Steven J. Hicks, Retired Jeffery P. Harris Jody Dolan Holehouse Robert Swayne Lyons

William J. Nasif Lawrence W. Brown Sarah E. Turner Thomas A. Olson Joseph G. Bishop Thomas W. Burk Rachelle O. Barnier Elena Mund

December 9, 2019

Independent Auditors' Report

To the Member Agencies of the Central Coast Water Authority

We have audited the accompanying statements of net position of the Central Coast Water Authority ("CCWA") as of June 30, 2019 and 2018, and the related statements of revenues, expenses and change in net position and cash flows for the years then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements which collectively comprise CCWA's basic financial statements, as listed in the foregoing table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement. whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control.

Accordingly, we express no such opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the CCWA as of June 30, 2019 and 2018, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows thereof for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise the CCWA's basic financial statements. The introductory section and statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Maris, Hiden, Ham & Co., LLP

Nasif, Hicks, Harris & Co., LLP

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

This section presents management's analysis of the Authority's financial condition and activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. This information should be read in conjunction with the financial statements and the additional information that we have included in our letter of transmittal.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Authority operates as a proprietary fund-type. All proprietary fund-types are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. Under this measurement focus, all assets and liabilities associated with the operation of these funds are included on the balance sheet. Proprietary fund-type operating statements present increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in net total assets.

All proprietary fund-types utilize the accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when earned, regardless of when received, and expenses are recognized at the time the related liabilities are incurred, regardless of when paid.

Summary of Organization and Business

The Central Coast Water Authority is a public entity duly organized and existing under a Joint Exercise of Powers Agreement – Central Coast Water Authority, dated as of August 1, 1991, by and among nine public agencies in Santa Barbara County, two of which have subsequently merged. The members entered into the Agreement to exercise their common power to acquire, construct, operate and maintain works and facilities for the development and use of water resources and water rights including without limitation, works and facilities to divert, store, pump, treat and deliver water for beneficial uses. In particular, the members expressed their desire to create the Authority to finance, develop, operate, and maintain the Authority facilities for their mutual benefit and to act on behalf of the members with respect to the Department of Water Resources ("DWR") facilities. The Authority currently has a staff of twenty-eight full-time employees and three part-time employees.

The Authority is presently composed of eight members, all of which are public agencies: the Cities of Buellton, Guadalupe, Santa Barbara and Santa Maria, Carpinteria Valley Water District, Goleta Water District, Montecito Water District and Santa Ynez River Water Conservation District, Improvement District No. 1 (in which the City of Solvang is located). (A founding member of the Authority, the Summerland Water District, merged into the Montecito Water

District.) In addition, the Authority has an Associate Member, La Cumbre Mutual Water Company. Each member appoints a representative to the Authority's Board of Directors. San Luis Obispo County Flood Control and Water Conservation District ("SLOCFCWCD" and/or San Luis Obispo Water Purchasers) has expressed an interest in joining the Authority. However, any decision to do so must be approved by the unanimous vote of the present members.

The member agencies are represented on the CCWA Board of Directors by an individual chosen by each public entity's Board or City Council. Each vote on the Authority Board of Directors is weighted roughly in proportion to the entity's allocation of State water entitlement.

The following table shows the voting percentage for each member of the CCWA Board of Directors.

City of Guadalupe	1.15%
City of Santa Maria	43.19%
City of Buellton	2.21%
Santa Ynez R.W.C.D., Improvement District #1	7.64%
Goleta Water District	17.20%
City of Santa Barbara	11.47%
Montecito Water District	9.50%
Carpinteria Valley Water District	7.64%
TOTAL	100.00%

CCWA Committees

There are currently three Central Coast Water Authority committees. They are the Finance, Operating, and Personnel Committees.

The Operating Committee is composed of the general managers, city administrators or water supply managers from each of the various water districts and cities served by the Authority. The Operating Committee typically meets quarterly to act on matters such as construction, operations, and financial issues and recommends actions to the Authority Board of Directors.

The Finance and Personnel Committees are composed of CCWA Board members appointed by the CCWA Board Chairman. The Committees review and recommend actions to the Authority Board of Directors with regard to finance and personnel related matters.

Santa Barbara County Project Participants

Each Santa Barbara County project participant is a water purveyor or user located in Santa Barbara County which obtained contractual rights to receive water from the State Water Project prior to 1991. Those rights have been assigned to the Authority pursuant to the terms of the Water Supply Agreements.

San Luis Obispo County Water Purchasers

Each San Luis Obispo County water purchaser is a water purveyor or user located in San Luis Obispo County which obtained contractual rights from SLOCFCWCD to receive water from the State Water Project.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

The following table shows a condensed version of the Authority's balance sheet with corresponding analysis regarding significant variances.

Condensed Balance Sheet

		June 30, 2019	J	une 30, 2018	J	une 30, 2017		2019-18 Change		2018-17 Change
Current Assets	\$	79,211,151	\$	70,701,493	\$	66,317,495	\$	8,509,658	\$	4,383,998
Non-Current Restricted Assets		12,689,543		10,930,215		10,432,165		1,759,328		498,050
Capital Assets		92,914,339		94,214,034		95,816,473		(1,299,695)		(1,602,439)
Other Assets		2,510,452		3,688,475		4,818,107		(1,178,023)		(1,129,632)
Total Assets	\$	187,325,485	\$	179,534,217	\$	177,384,240	\$	7,791,268	\$	2,149,977
Revenue Bond Deferred Amount	\$	513,833	\$	944,761	\$	1,489,720	\$	(430,928)	\$	(544,959)
Pension Plan Deferred Amount		1,256,477		1,532,296		1,338,314		(275,819)		193,982
OPEB Plan Deferred Amount		59,449		53,122		43,201		6 , 327		9,921
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$	1,829,759	\$	2,530,179	\$	2,871,235	\$	(700,420)	\$	(341,056)
Current Liabilities	\$	86,149,904	\$	77,563,390	\$	72,117,045	\$	8,586,514	Ļ	5,446,345
Non-Current Liabilities	۲	37,046,318	۲	45,883,095	۲	55,577,775	۲	(8,836,777)		9,694,680)
Total Liabilities		123,196,222		123,446,485		127,694,820		(250,263)		(4,248,335)
Revenue Bond Deferred Amount	\$	267,207	\$	491,308	\$	776,829	\$	(224,101)	\$	(285,521)
Pension Plan Deferred Amount		146,732		139,586		178,146		7,146		(38,560)
OPEB Deferred Amount		7,770		9,280		-		(1,510)		9,280
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		421,709		640,174		954,975		(218,465)		(314,801)
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$	66,554,791	\$	60,312,509	\$	55,164,579	\$	6,242,282	\$	5,147,930
Restricted - Total		10,418,498		10,411,593		9,978,731		6,905		432,862
Unrestricted		(11,435,976)		(12,746,365)		(13,537,630)		1,310,389		791,265
Total Net Position		65,537,313		57,977,737		51,605,680		7,559,576		6,372,057
Total Linkillation and Not Desiries		190 155 3		192.0(4.25(٠.	190 255 455		7,000,010		1 909 02:
Total Liabilities and Net Position	\$	189,155,244	\$	182,064,396	\$	180,255,475	\$	7,090,848	\$	1,808,921

BALANCE SHEET ANALYSIS

June 30, 2019 Comparison to June 30, 2018

- Total assets as of June 30, 2019 are \$187.3 million, or \$7.8 million more than the amount on June 30, 2018.
- Capital and other assets are \$2.5 million lower than the prior year amount due to depreciation of the Authority's capital assets and amortization of the CCWA 2016A revenue bond issuance costs.
- Non-current liabilities are \$8.8 million lower due to the revenue bond principal payment during the year.

June 30, 2018 Comparison to June 30, 2017

- Total assets as of June 30, 2018 are \$179.5 million, or \$2.1 million more than the amount on June 30, 2017.
- Capital and other assets are \$2.7 million lower than the prior year amount due to depreciation of the Authority's capital assets and amortization of the CCWA 2016A revenue bond issuance costs.
- Non-current liabilities are \$9.7 million lower due to the revenue bond principal payment during the year.

The following table shows a condensed version of the Authority's Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position with corresponding analysis regarding significant variances.

Condensed Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in NetPosition

	June 30, 2019	Ji	une 30, 2018	June 30, 2017	2019-18 Change	2018-17 Change
Operating Revenues	\$ 19,442,445	\$	19,025,855	\$ 20,825,040	\$ 416,590	\$ (1,799,185)
Operating Expenses Excluding Depreciation and Amortization (1)	(9,144,370)		(9,529,429)	(10,177,940)	385,059	648,511
Depreciation and Amortization	(1,299,198)		(1,061,706)	(1,027,928)	(237,492)	(33,778)
Operating Income	8,998,877		8,434,720	9,619,172	564,157	(1,184,452)
Non-Operating Revenues Non-Operating Expenses	1,281,897 (2,721,198)		635,825 (2,698,488)	334,430 (3,775,535)	646,072 (22,710)	301,395 1,077,047
Change in Net Postion	7,559,576		6,372,057	6,178,067	1,187,519	193,990
Net Position at Beginning of Year Net Position at End of Year	\$ 57,977,737 65,537,313	\$	51,605,680 57,977,737	\$ 45,427,613 51,605,680	\$ 6,372,057 6,372,057	\$ 6,178,067 6,178,067

June 30, 2019 Comparison to June 30, 2018

Operating revenues for the period ending June 30, 2018 are about \$0.4 million higher than the prior year amount. The increase is primarily attributed to an increase in the operating reimbursements from project participants for increases in operations and maintenance cost for the year.

It is the Authority's policy to return O&M assessment surpluses to the project participants in the form of credits against future assessments, or as deposits to the DWR Reserve Fund (See Note 1, item M for further information on the DWR Reserve Fund). For FY 2018/19, this credit totaled \$0.9 million for the fixed component of the O&M assessments, as compared to the FY 2017/18 credit of \$0.67 million. Credits for the variable assessment component were applied throughout the fiscal year with each quarterly variable assessment when applicable.

Operating expenses, excluding depreciation and amortization expense are about \$0.4 million lower than the prior year amount due to:

- 1. Decrease in personnel expenses of about \$0.16 million due to salary and benefit savings for unfilled positions during recruitment periods, and new hires entering at a lower pay rate than their predecessors.
- 2. Increase in unexpended operating reimbursements of \$0.2 million due to an increase in the budget surplus for FY 2018/19 which is payable back to the Authority's project participants.
- 3. Decrease in supplies, equipment and monitoring expenses of \$0.12 million for lower chemical costs associated with a decrease in water deliveries and therefore a decrease in chemical usage.
- 4. Decrease in utilities expenses of \$0.3 million for reduced electrical costs for pumping due to decrease in water deliveries.

Non-operating revenues are higher by about \$0.6 million due to the increase of interest income from higher interest rates and the increased balance in cash and investments held for payment to DWR.

Non-operating expenses are \$0.02 million higher due to an increase in interest income paid to CCWA project participants, which was offset by reduced interest expense of the Series 2016A bond.

June 30, 2018 Comparison to June 30, 2017

Operating revenues for the period ending June 30, 2018 are about \$1.8 million lower than the prior year amount. The decrease is primarily attributed to a decrease in the operating reimbursements from project participants for decreases in operations and maintenance cost for the year.

It is the Authority's policy to return O&M assessment surpluses to the project participants in the form of credits against future assessments. For FY 2017/18, this credit totaled \$0.67 million for the fixed component of the O&M assessments, as compared to the FY 2016/17 credit of \$0.73 million. Credits for the variable assessment component were applied throughout the fiscal year with each quarterly variable assessment when applicable.

Operating expenses, excluding depreciation and amortization expense are about \$0.6 million lower than the prior year amount due to:

- 5. Decrease in personnel expenses of about \$0.05 million due primarily to the required recording of GASB 75 actuarial OPEB costs including a GASB 75 prior period actuarial adjustment increasing the prior year personnel expenses.
- 6. Decrease in unexpended operating reimbursements of \$0.06 million due to a decrease in the budget surplus for FY 2017/18 which is payable back to the Authority's project participants.
- 7. Increase in professional services of \$0.08 million for an increase in legal services.
- 8. Decrease in supplies, equipment and monitoring expenses of \$0.3 million for lower chemical costs associated with a decrease in water deliveries and therefore a decrease in chemical usage.
- 9. Decrease in other expenses of \$0.3 million for reductions seen in non-capital projects and appropriated contingency funds.

Non-operating revenues are higher by about \$0.3 million due to the increase of interest income.

Non-operating expenses are \$1.1 million lower due to reduced interest expense of the Series 2016A bond.

Also seen was a \$0.3 million increase in interest income paid to the CCWA project participants.

Capital Assets

The following table provides a summary of the Authority's capital assets and changes from the prior year.

				2019-18	2018-17
_	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2017	Change	Change
Land	\$ 3,178,700	\$ 3,178,700	\$ 3,178,700	\$ -	\$ -
Furniture fixtures and equipment	595,393	491,748	434,462	103,645	57,286
Lab, transportation, plant and pipeline equipment	29,166,337	28,896,483	28,714,588	269,854	181,895
Buildings and structures	48,946,358	48,696,149	48,696,149	250,209	-
Underground pipeline	59,925,077	59,925,077	59,925,077	-	-
Construction in progress	785,149	834,306	464,918	(49,157)	369,388
Total property, plant and					
equipment	142,597,014	142,022,463	141,413,894	574,551	608,569
Accumulated depreciation	(49,682,675)	(47,808,429)	(45,597,421)	(1,874,246)	(2,211,008)
Net property, plant and equipment	\$ 92,914,339	\$ 94,214,034	\$ 95,816,472	\$ (1,299,695)	\$ (1,602,439)

Please refer to Note 3 on Capital Assets in the Notes to the Financial Statements for additional information regarding the Authority's capital assets.

Debt Administration

On September 28, 2006, the Authority issued Series 2006A refunding revenue bonds in the amount of \$123,190,000, which refunded the outstanding \$142,985,000 Series 1996A revenue bonds. The 2006A revenue bonds were issued at a true interest cost of 4.24% for the purpose of reducing the Authority's total debt service payments over the next 15 years by \$4.4 million and to obtain an economic gain (difference between the present values of the old and new debt service payments) of \$3.4 million. At June 30, 2016, the Authority had \$59,645,000 of outstanding 2006A revenue bonds.

The Authority's 2006 revenue bond indenture and the Water Supply Agreements require that certain CCWA project participants and contractors maintain a ratio of net revenues to contract payments of at least 1.25. Additionally, the Authority has complied with the Securities and Exchange Commission Rule 15c12, which requires all local governments that bring municipal debt to market after July 3, 1995 to provide specified financial and operating information on an annual basis which mirrors the information provided in the 2006 revenue bond official statement.

On June 28, 2016 the Authority issued Series 2016A refunding revenue bonds in the amount of \$45,470,000, which refunded the outstanding \$59,645,000 Series 2006A revenue bonds on October 1, 2016. The 2016A refunding revenue bonds were issued for the purpose of reducing the Authority's total debt service payments over the next 5 years by \$5.6 million and to obtain an economic gain (difference between the present values of the old and new debt service payments) of \$5.4 million. The Authority also realized the benefits of lower interest rates, which were issued at a true interest cost of 1.355% compared to the 4.24% true interest costs of the 2006A bonds. The bond refunding transaction was completed at the close of escrow on July 21, 2016.

At June 30, 2019, the Authority had \$28,870,000 of outstanding 2016A revenue bonds.

Please refer to Note 5 in the Notes to the Financial Statements for additional information regarding the Authority's long-term debt.

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

ASSETS	June 30, 2019			June 30, 2018	
Current Assets					
Cash and investments (Note 2)	\$	25,163,750	\$	25,700,752	
Interest receivable		114,578		48,018	
Prepaid expenses		103,309		482,307	
Inventory	-	120,158	_	99,548	
Total Unrestricted Current Assets	-	25,501,795	-	26,330,625	
Restricted Current Assets					
Cash and investments held for payment to DWR		53,709,356		44,370,868	
Total Current Assets	-	79,211,151	-	70,701,493	
Total current Assets	-	/9,211,131	-	70,701,493	
Non-Current Assets					
Restricted Assets					
Cash and investments for debt service payments		10,418,498		10,411,593	
Cash and investments for DWR Reserve (Note 1, Item M)		1,562,433			
Cash and investments for escrow deposits		480,959		408,675	
Interest receivable		227,653		109,947	
Total Restricted Non-Current Assets	-	12,689,543	10,930,215		
	-	, ,,,,,,	-	,,,,,,	
Capital Assets (Note 3)					
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation		89,735,639		91,035,334	
Land, not depreciated		3,178,700		3,178,700	
Total Capital Assets	-	92,914,339	-	94,214,034	
	-	<u> </u>	-	<u> </u>	
Other Assets					
Unamortized bond insurance costs, net		30,333		55,772	
Long-term accounts receivable		2,480,119		3,632,703	
Total Non-Current Assets	-	108,114,334	-	108,832,724	
Total Not-Current Assets	-	100,114,554	=	100,032,724	
Total Assets	\$	187,325,485	\$	179,534,217	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Defensed amount on notice the		F 0		0=6:	
Deferred amount on refunding		513,833		944,761	
Deferred amount from pension plan (Note 6)		1,256,477		1,532,296	
Deferred amount from OPEB (Note 7)		59,449		53,122	
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$_	1,829,759	\$_	2,530,179	
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources	=	189,155,244	=	182,064,396	

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of these statements.

Continued

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION				
	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2018		
Current Liabilities				
Accounts payable	\$ 134,546	\$ 238,286		
Deposits for payment to DWR	53,912,176	44,462,834		
Accrued interest payable	360,876	469,876		
Deposits for supplemental water purchases	-	1,803,949		
Other liabilities	91,840	90,411		
Compensated absences payable	208,967	222,039		
Debt due within one year	9,160,000	8,720,000		
Project participant deposits and unearned revenue	22,281,499	21,555,995		
Total Current Liabilities	86,149,904	77,563,390		
Non-Current Liabilities				
Bonds payable, net (Note 5)	21,168,793	31,552,251		
OPEB liability (Note 7)	970,227	883,831		
Rate coverage reserve fund (Note 1, Item L)	9,369,439	9,282,179		
DWR reserve fund (Note 1, Item M)	1,562,433	-		
Escrow deposits	480,959	408,675		
Net pension liability (Note 6)	3,494,467	3,756,159		
Total Non-Current Liabilities	37,046,318	45,883,095		
Total Liabilities	123,196,222	123,446,485		
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Deferred amount on refunding	267,207	491,308		
Deferred amount from pension plan (Note 6)	146,732	139,586		
Deferred amount from OPEB (Note 7)	7,770	9,280		
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	421,709	640,174		
Net Position				
Net investment in capital assets	66,554,791	60,312,509		
Restricted - future payment of debt service	10,418,498	10,411,593		
Unrestricted	(11,435,976)	(12,746,365)		
Total Net Position	65,537,313	57,977,737		
Total Liabilities and Net Position	\$ 189,155,244	\$ 182,064,396		

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGE IN NET POSITION

		June 30, 2019		June 30, 2018
Operating Revenues				
Operating reimbursements				
from project participants	\$	19,284,409	\$	18,868,309
Other revenues	_	158,036	_	157,546
Total Operating Revenues	-	19,442,445	_	19,025,855
Operating Expenses				
Personnel expenses		4,839,488		5,005,522
Office expenses		18,517		17,966
General and administrative		213,275		229,679
Professional services		335,847		358,647
Supplies and equipment		1,027,130		1,152,515
Monitoring expenses		86,218		78 , 986
Repairs and maintenance		278,452		276,386
Utilities		887,696		1,194,942
Unexpended operating reimbursements (Note 1, Item I)		909,746		670,991
Depreciation and amortization		1,299,198		1,061,706
Other expenses	_	548,001	_	543,795
Total Operating Expenses	_	10,443,568	_	10,591,135
Operating Income	_	8,998,877	_	8,434,720
Non-Operating Revenues				
Interest income	_	1,281,897	_	635 , 825
Total Non-Operating Revenues	_	1,281,897	_	635,825
Non-Operating Expenses				
Interest expenses		1,552,500		1,978,000
Loss on disposal of capital assets		-		84,561
Interest income paid to project participants		1,168,698		635,927
Total Non-Operating Expenses	_	2,721,198	_	2,698,488
Change in Net Position	_	7,559,576	_	6,372,057
Net position, at beginning of year		57,977,737		51,605,680
Net position, at end of year	\$ =	65,537,313	\$ =	57,977,737

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

Cash Flows From Operating Activities June 30, 2019 June 30, 2018 Cash received from project participants and other operating activities \$ 11,727,402 \$ 19,800,629 \$ 10,729,031		For the fisca	l year ended
Cash received from project participants and other operating activities (3,175,026) (3,116,408) Cash payments to employees (5,255,407) (5,955,190) Net cash provided by operating activities 13,256,969 10,729,031 Cach Flows from Investing Activities Interest and dividends on investments Net cash provided by investing activities 1,025,347 562,522 Cach Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities (992,965) (811,276) Deposits received for encroachment permits 800		June 30, 2019	June 30, 2018
Cash payments to employees (3,175,026) (3,175,026) (5,955,190) Cash payments to suppliers (5,295,407) (5,955,190) Net cash provided by operating activities 13,256,069 10,229,031 Cach Flows from Investing Activities 1,025,347 562,522 Net cash provided by investing activities 1,025,347 562,522 Cach Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities 4,021,347 562,522 Cach Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities 800 61,26 Acquisition of capital assets (992,965) (811,276) Deposits received for encroachment permits 800 1,061,361 Payments on encroachment permit projects (1,021) (1,361) Interest paid on long-term debt (8,720,000) (7,880,000) Principal payments on long-term debt (8,720,000) (7,880,000) Net cash (used) for capital and related financing activities (11,374,686) (10,2769,137) Cach Flows from Non-Capital Financing Activities (11,374,686) (19,789,137) Cach Flows from Non-Capital Financing Activities 59,258,808 4,5156,011 Paymen	Cash Flows From Operating Activities		
Cash payments to suppliers (5,295,407) (5,955,190) Net cash provided by operating activities 13;256,969 10,729,031 Cach Flows from Investing Activities 1,025,347 562,522 Interest and dividends on investments 1,025,347 562,522 Net cash provided by investing activities 1,025,347 562,522 Cach Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities (992,965) (811,276) Deposits received for encroachment permits 800 1 Payments on encroachment permit projects (1,021) (1,361) Interest paid on long-term debt (1,661,500) (2,976,500) Principal payments on long-term debt (8,720,000) (7,880,000) Net cash (used) for capital and related financing activities (11,374,686) (10,769,137) Cash Flows from Non-Capital Financing Activities 59,258,808 45,156,011 Proceeds received for DWR and Warren Act charges 59,258,808 45,156,011 Payments of DWR and Warren Act charges 59,258,808 45,156,011 Payments of or supplemental water purchases 59,258,808 45,156,011 Payments of row supplemental wa	Cash received from project participants and other operating activities	\$ 21,727,402	\$ 19,800,629
Net cash provided by operating activities Cash Flows from Investing Activities Interest and dividends on investments Net cash provided by investing activities Net cash provided by investing activities Acquisition of capital and Related Financing Activities Acquisition of capital assets (992,965) Deposits received for encroachment permits 800 -79yments on encroachment permit projects Interest paid on long-term debt (1,661,500) Principal payments on long-term debt (1,661,500) Net cash (used) for capital and related financing Activities Acquisition of capital and related financing Activities Restricted from Non-Capital Financing Activities Cash Flows from Non-Capital Financing Activities Proceeds received for DWR and Warren Act charges Proceeds received for Supplemental water purchases Payments of DWR and Warren Act charges Payments for supplemental water purchases Net cash provided by non-capital financing activities Net cash provided by non-capital financing activities Net increase in cash and cash equivalents Net increase in cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year Net increase in cash and investments Restricted cash and investments Restricted cash and investments tofter Restricted cash and investments held for payment to DWR Restricted cash and investments to How Reserve Restricted cash and investments to How Reserve Restricted cash and investments to How Reserve Restricted cash and investments for debt service payments Cash Flows From Operating Activities Depreciation and amortization Unexpended operating reimbursements payable to project participants Operating revenues paid from credits and unearned revenue 1,299,198 1,299,198 1,061,790 1,299,198 1,061,790 1,299,198 1,061,790 1,299,198 1,061,790 1,299,198 1,061,790 1,299,198 1,061,790 1,299,198 1,061,790 1,299,198 1,061,790 1,299,198 1,061,790 1,299,198 1,061,790 1,299,198 1,061,790 1,299,198 1,061,790 1,061,790 1,061,790 1,061,790 1,061,790 1,061,790 1,061,790 1	Cash payments to employees	(3,175,026)	(3,116,408)
Interest and dividends on investments Net cash provided by investing activities Net cash provided by investing activities Net cash provided by investing activities Acquisition of capital and Related Financing Activities Acquisition of capital assets (992,965) Deposits received for encroachment permits 800 Payments on encroachment permit projects (1,021) Interest paid on long-term debt (1,661,500) Principal payments on long-term debt (8,720,000) Net cash (used) for capital and related financing Activities Net cash (used) for capital and related financing activities Proceeds received for DWR and Warren Act charges Proceeds received for Supplemental water purchases Proceeds received for supplemental water purchases Payments of DWR and Warren Act charges Payments for supplemental water purchases Payments of supplemental water pur	Cash payments to suppliers	(5,295,407)	(5,955,190)
Interest and dividends on investments Net cash provided by investing activities Cach Flowe from Capital and Related Financing Activities Acquisition of capital assets Acquisition of capital assets Begons received for encroachment permits Begons Capital payments on long-term debt Interest paid on long-term debt Inte	Net cash provided by operating activities	13,256,969	10,729,031
Interest and dividends on investments Net cash provided by investing activities Cach Flowe from Capital and Related Financing Activities Acquisition of capital assets Acquisition of capital assets Payments on encroachment permits Beach Payments on encroachment permit projects Interest paid on long-term debt Interes	Cada Floure from Invector a Activities		
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Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities Acquisition of capital assets Deposits received for encroachment permits Boo Fayments on encroachment permit projects Interest paid on long-term debt (1,661),600 (2,076,500) Principal payments on long-term debt (8,720,000) Net cash (used) for capital and related financing activities Cash Flows from Non-Capital Financing Activities Proceeds received for DWR and Warren Act charges Proceeds received for SWR and Warren Act charges Proceeds received for supplemental water purchases Payments of DWR and Warren Act charges (49,980,508) Payments for supplemental water purchases Proceeds received for Supplementa			
Acquisition of capital assets Deposits received for encroachment permits Payments on encroachment permit projects Interest paid on long-term debt Net cash (used) for capital and related financing activities Proceeds received for DWR and Warren Act charges Proceeds received for DWR and Warren Act charges Proceeds received for DWR and Warren Act charges Proceeds received for burnents water purchases Proceeds received for supplemental water purchases Proceeds received for supplemental water purchases Protects by the cash and cash equivalents Net cash provided by non-capital financing activities Total and cash equivalents, beginning of year Unrestricted cash and investments Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year Unrestricted cash and investments other Restricted cash and investments other Restricted cash and investments of payment to DWR Restricted cash and investments of payment to DWR Restricted cash and investments of payment to DWR Restricted cash and investments of bets ervice payments Restricted cash and investments of bets ervice payments of the payments of payments or econcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities Cash Flows From Operating Activities Depreciation and amortization Unexpended operating reimbursements payable to project participants Operating Income Adjustments to reconcile operating activities: Depreciation and amortization Unexpended operating reimbursements payable to project participants Operating revenues paid from credits and unearned revenue 1,206,492 499,993 1,061,766 1,291,993 1,061,766 1,291,993 1,061,766 1,291,993 1,061,766 1,291,993 1,061,766 1,291,993 1,061,766 1,291,740 23,498	Net eash provided by investing activities	1,023,347	
Deposits received for encroachment permits Payments on encroachment permit projects (1,021) (1,361) Interest paid on long-term debt (1,661,500) (2,076,500) Principal payments on long-term debt (8,720,000) Net cash (used) for capital and related financing activities (11,374,686) (10,769,137) Cach Flowe from Non-Capital Financing Activities Proceeds received for DWR and Warren Act charges 59,258,808 45,156,011 Payments of DWR and Warren Act charges (49,980,508) (42,951,100) Proceeds received for supplemental water purchases 59,738 1,816,981 Payments for supplemental water purchases (1,802,560) - 9 Net cash provided by non-capital financing activities 7,535,478 4,021,892 Net increase in cash and cash equivalents 10,443,108 4,544,308 Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year 80,891,888 76,347,580 Unrestricted cash and investments 25,163,750 25,700,752 Restricted cash and investments other 480,959 408,675 Restricted cash and investments beld for payment to DWR 53,709,356 44,370,868 Restricted cash and investments DWR 83,709,356 A4,370,868 Restricted cash and investments of debt service payments 1,562,433 10,418,498 Cash Flowe From Operating Activities Operating Income \$8,998,877 \$8,434,720 Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities: Depreciation and amortization 1,299,198 1,061,706 Unexpended operating reimbursements payable to project participants 909,746 670,991 Operating revenues paid from credits and unearned revenue 2,066,492 459,973 Increase (decrease) in accounts payable (103,740) 23,448	Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities		
Payments on encroachment permit projects Interest paid on long-term debt (1,661,500) (2,076,500) Principal payments on long-term debt (8,720,000) Net cash (used) for capital and related financing activities Proceeds received for DWR and Warren Act charges Proceeds received for DWR and Warren Act charges Proceeds received for supplemental water purchases Payments of Supplemental water purchases Net cash provided by non-capital financing activities Net cash provided by non-capital financing activities Total Adaptive Net increase in cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year Unrestricted cash and investments Estricted cash and investments other Restricted cash and investments other Restricted cash and investments other Restricted cash and investments held for payment to DWR Restricted cash and investments of debt service payments Cash and cash equivalents, end of year Cash Elowe From Operating Activities Depreciation and amortization 1,299,198 1,061,706	Acquisition of capital assets	(992,965)	(811,276)
Interest paid on long-term debt Principal payments on long-term debt Net cash (used) for capital and related financing activities Cash Flows from Non-Capital Financing Activities Proceeds received for DWR and Warren Act charges Proceeds received for DWR and Warren Act charges Proceeds received for supplemental water purchases Proceeds received for supplemental water purchases Payments for supplemental water purchases Payments for supplemental water purchases Net cash provided by non-capital financing activities Net increase in cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year Unrestricted cash and investments Eastricted cash and investments other Restricted cash and investments held for payment to DWR Restricted cash and investments for debt service payments Cash and cash equivalents, end of year Cash rlows From Operating Activities Operating Income Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities: Depreciation and amortization Unexpended operating reimbursements payable to project participants Operating revenues paid from credits and unearned revenue 2,066,492 459,973 Increase (decrease) in accounts payable	Deposits received for encroachment permits	800	-
Principal payments on long-term debt Net cash (used) for capital and related financing activities Cach Flows from Non-Capital Financing Activities Proceeds received for DWR and Warren Act charges 59,258,808 45,156,011 Payments of DWR and Warren Act charges (49,980,508) (42,951,00) Proceeds received for supplemental water purchases 59,738 1,816,981 Payments for supplemental water purchases 59,738 1,816,981 Payments for supplemental water purchases (1,802,560) - Net cash provided by non-capital financing activities 7,535,478 4,021,892 Net increase in cash and cash equivalents 10,443,108 4,544,308 Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year 80,891,888 76,347,580 Unrestricted cash and investments other 480,959 408,675 Restricted cash and investments other 480,959 408,675 Restricted cash and investments held for payment to DWR 8,709,356 44,370,868 Restricted cash and investments other 1,562,433 - Restricted cash and investments or debt service payments 1,562,433 - Restricted cash and investments for debt service payments 1,562,433 - Restricted cash and investments for debt service payments 1,562,433 - Restricted cash and investments for debt service payments 1,562,433 - Restricted cash and investments for debt service payments 1,562,433 - Restricted cash and investments for debt service payments 1,562,433 - Restricted cash and investments for debt service payments 1,562,433 - Restricted cash and investments for debt service payments 1,562,433 - Restricted cash and investments for debt service payments 1,562,433 - Restricted cash and investments for debt service payments 1,562,433 - Restricted cash and investments for debt service payments 1,562,433 - Restricted cash and investments for debt service payments 1,562,433 - Restricted cash and investments	Payments on encroachment permit projects	(1,021)	(1,361)
Net cash (used) for capital and related financing activities Cach Flowe from Non-Capital Financing Activities Proceeds received for DWR and Warren Act charges (49,980,508) (42,951,100) Proceeds received for supplemental water purchases (59,738) (42,951,100) Proceeds received for supplemental water purchases (59,738) (1,802,560) Proceeds received for supplemental water purchases (1,802,560) Net cash provided by non-capital financing activities (1,802,560) Net increase in cash and cash equivalents Net increase in cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year 80,891,888 76,347,580 Unrestricted cash and investments 25,163,750 25,700,752 Restricted cash and investments 10,483,108 25,709,356 25,700,752 Restricted cash and investments beld for payment to DWR 53,709,356 44,370,868 Restricted cash and investments For debt service payments 10,418,498 10,411,593 Cash and cash equivalents, end of year \$9,1334,996 \$80,891,888 Cash rlowe From Operating Activities Operating Income \$8,998,877 \$8,434,720 Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities: Depreciation and amortization 1,299,198 1,061,706 Unexpended operating reimbursements payable to project participants 909,746 670,991 Operating revenues paid from credits and unearned revenue 2,066,492 459,973 Increase (decrease) in accounts payable (103,740) 23,498	Interest paid on long-term debt	(1,661,500)	(2,076,500)
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Proceeds received for DWR and Warren Act charges Proceeds received for DWR and Warren Act charges Proceeds received for supplemental water purchases Payments of DWR and Warren Act charges Proceeds received for supplemental water purchases Payments for supplemental water purchases Net cash provided by non-capital financing activities Net cash provided by non-capital financing activities Payments for supplemental water purchases Net cash provided by non-capital financing activities Net cash provided by non-capital financing activities Net increase in cash and cash equivalents To,443,108 Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year Unrestricted cash and investments Payments of the day			
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Proceeds received for DWR and Warren Act charges (59,258,808 (42,951,100) Payments of DWR and Warren Act charges (49,980,508) (42,951,100) Proceeds received for supplemental water purchases 59,738 1,816,981 Payments for supplemental water purchases (1,802,560) - Net cash provided by non-capital financing activities 7,535,478 4,021,892 Net increase in cash and cash equivalents 10,443,108 4,544,308 Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year 80,891,888 76,347,580 Unrestricted cash and investments 22,163,750 25,700,752 Restricted cash and investments other 480,959 408,675 Restricted cash and investments held for payment to DWR 53,709,356 44,370,868 Restricted cash and investments - DWR Reserve 1,562,433 - 1,562,433 Restricted cash and investments for debt service payments 10,418,498 10,411,593 Cash and cash equivalents, end of year \$91,334,996 \$80,891,888 Cash Flows From Operating Activities Operating Income \$8,998,877 \$8,434,720 Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities: Depreciation and amortization 1,299,198 1,061,706 Unexpended operating reimbursements payable to project participants 909,746 670,991 Operating revenues paid from credits and unearned revenue 2,066,492 459,973 Increase in other post-employment liability 86,396 78,143 Increase (decrease) in accounts payable	Cash Flows from Non-Capital Financing Activities		
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Unrestricted cash and investments Restricted cash and investments other Restricted cash and investments other Restricted cash and investments held for payment to DWR Restricted cash and investments held for payment to DWR Restricted cash and investments - DWR Reserve Restricted cash and investments for debt service payments Cash and cash equivalents, end of year Cash and cash equivalents, end of year Cash Flows From Operating Activities Operating Income \$8,998,877 \$8,434,720 Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities: Depreciation and amortization Unexpended operating reimbursements payable to project participants Operating revenues paid from credits and unearned revenue 2,066,492 459,973 Increase in other post-employment liability 86,396 78,143 Increase (decrease) in accounts payable (103,740) 23,498	Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	80 801 888	76 247 580
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Restricted cash and investments held for payment to DWR Restricted cash and investments - DWR Reserve Restricted cash and investments for debt service payments 1,562,433 Restricted cash and investments for debt service payments 10,418,498 10,411,593 Cash and cash equivalents, end of year Cash Flows From Operating Activities Operating Income Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities: Depreciation and amortization Unexpended operating reimbursements payable to project participants Operating revenues paid from credits and unearned revenue 1,209,198 1,061,706 0,991 Operating revenues paid from credits and unearned revenue 2,066,492 459,973 Increase in other post-employment liability 86,396 78,143 Increase (decrease) in accounts payable	Unrestricted cash and investments	25,163,750	25,700,752
Restricted cash and investments - DWR Reserve Restricted cash and investments for debt service payments Cash and cash equivalents, end of year Cash Flows From Operating Activities Operating Income Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities: Depreciation and amortization Unexpended operating reimbursements payable to project participants Operating revenues paid from credits and unearned revenue Increase in other post-employment liability Reserved 1,562,433 10,411,593 10,411,593 10,411,593 10,411,593 10,411,593 10,411,593 10,411,593 10,411,593 10,411,593 10,411,593 10,411,593 10,411,419 10,411,593 11,611,512 11,611,5	Restricted cash and investments other	480,959	408,675
Restricted cash and investments for debt service payments Cash and cash equivalents, end of year Cash Flows From Operating Activities Operating Income Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities: Depreciation and amortization Unexpended operating reimbursements payable to project participants Operating revenues paid from credits and unearned revenue 1,299,198 1,061,706 670,991 Operating revenues paid from credits and unearned revenue 2,066,492 459,973 Increase in other post-employment liability 86,396 78,143 Increase (decrease) in accounts payable	Restricted cash and investments held for payment to DWR	53,709,356	44,370,868
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year \$ 91,334,996 \$ 80,891,888 Cash Flows From Operating Activities Operating Income \$ 8,998,877 \$ 8,434,720 Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities: Depreciation and amortization 1,299,198 1,061,706 Unexpended operating reimbursements payable to project participants Operating revenues paid from credits and unearned revenue 2,066,492 459,973 Increase in other post-employment liability 86,396 78,143 Increase (decrease) in accounts payable (103,740) 23,498		1,562,433	-
Cach Flows From Operating Activities Operating Income \$ 8,998,877 \$ 8,434,720 Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities: Depreciation and amortization 1,299,198 1,061,706 Unexpended operating reimbursements payable to project participants Operating revenues paid from credits and unearned revenue 2,066,492 459,973 Increase in other post-employment liability 86,396 78,143 Increase (decrease) in accounts payable (103,740) 23,498		10,418,498	10,411,593
Operating Income \$ 8,998,877 \$ 8,434,720 Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities: Depreciation and amortization 1,299,198 1,061,706 Unexpended operating reimbursements payable to project participants Operating revenues paid from credits and unearned revenue 2,066,492 459,973 Increase in other post-employment liability 86,396 78,143 Increase (decrease) in accounts payable (103,740) 23,498	Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$ 91,334,996	\$ 80,891,888
Operating Income Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities: Depreciation and amortization Unexpended operating reimbursements payable to project participants Operating revenues paid from credits and unearned revenue Increase in other post-employment liability Increase (decrease) in accounts payable \$ 8,998,877 \$ 8,434,720 \$ 8,434,720 \$ \$ 8,434,7			
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net cash provided by operating activities: Depreciation and amortization 1,299,198 1,061,706 Unexpended operating reimbursements payable to project participants 909,746 670,991 Operating revenues paid from credits and unearned revenue 2,066,492 459,973 Increase in other post-employment liability 86,396 78,143 Increase (decrease) in accounts payable (103,740) 23,498	Operating Income	\$ 8,998,877	\$ 8,434,720
Depreciation and amortization 1,299,198 1,061,706 Unexpended operating reimbursements payable to project participants 909,746 670,991 Operating revenues paid from credits and unearned revenue 2,066,492 459,973 Increase in other post-employment liability 86,396 78,143 Increase (decrease) in accounts payable (103,740) 23,498			
Unexpended operating reimbursements payable to project participants 909,746 670,991 Operating revenues paid from credits and unearned revenue 2,066,492 459,973 Increase in other post-employment liability 86,396 78,143 Increase (decrease) in accounts payable (103,740) 23,498		1,299,198	1,061,706
Operating revenues paid from credits and unearned revenue2,066,492459,973Increase in other post-employment liability86,39678,143Increase (decrease) in accounts payable(103,740)23,498	·		
Increase in other post-employment liability 86,396 78,143 Increase (decrease) in accounts payable (103,740) 23,498			
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable (103,740) 23,498			
	Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		23,498
	Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 13,256,969	\$ 10,729,031

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

Supplemental Disclosures of Cash Flow Information

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019 June 30, 2018

Schedule of Non-Cash Capital and Related Financing Activities

The Authority completed the construction of certain assets and transferred them from construction in progress to property, plant and equipment.

\$ 1,039,853 \$ 441,368

The Authority disposed of certain property, plant and equipment which were determined to no longer be usable. The aggregate original purchase cost of the assets disposed.

\$ 416,145 \$ 202,187

Difference between cost and fair value of investments held by the Authority at the end of the fiscal year.

\$ (164,490) \$ 46,417

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accounting policies of the Central Coast Water Authority ("Authority") conform to Generally Accepted Accounting Principles ("GAAP"). The following summary of the Authority's more significant accounting policies is presented to assist the reader in interpreting the financial statements and other data in this report. These policies should be viewed as an integral part of the accompanying financial statements.

A. Reporting Entity

The primary purpose of the Central Coast Water Authority is to provide for the development, financing, construction, operation and maintenance of certain local (non-state owned) facilities required to deliver water from the State Water Project ("SWP") to certain water purveyors and users in Santa Barbara County.

The Central Coast Water Authority was created by its members in August 1991. The Authority is presently composed of eight members, all of which are public agencies, as follows: the cities of Buellton, Guadalupe, Santa Barbara, and Santa Maria, Carpinteria Valley Water District, Goleta Water District, Montecito Water District and the Santa Ynez River Water Conservation District, Improvement District No. I (SYRWCD, ID#1, in which the City of Solvang is located). (A founding member of the Authority, the Summerland Water District, merged into the Montecito Water District.) In addition, the Authority has one associate member, the La Cumbre Mutual Water Company (together with the members, the "Purveyor Participants"). Each of the Purveyor Participants has entered into a Water Supply Agreement with the Authority, as have non-members: Vandenberg Air Force Base ("Vandenberg AFB"), Raytheon Systems Company (formerly Santa Barbara Research Center), Morehart Land Company and Golden State Water Company (the "Consumer Participants").

The Authority Participants are located in three different geographic areas of Santa Barbara County: North County (Guadalupe, Santa Maria, Golden State Water Company and Vandenberg AFB); the Santa Ynez Valley (Buellton and SYRWCD, ID#I); and the South Coast (Carpinteria, Goleta, La Cumbre Mutual Water Company, Montecito, Morehart Land Company, Santa Barbara and Raytheon Systems Company, formerly Santa Barbara Research Center).

Historically, the North County has been an agricultural area but has seen significant urban development in the last twenty-six years and expects additional urban development in the future; the Santa Ynez Valley is a rural agricultural area and tourist destination; and the South Coast is a generally developed urban area which does not expect significant growth in the future.

In October 1992, the Central Coast Water Authority entered into an agreement with San Luis Obispo ("SLO") County to treat water delivered through the SWP. The entities covered by the agreement include: Avila Beach Community Services District, Avila Valley Mutual Water Company, California Men's Colony, City of Morro Bay, City of Pismo Beach, County of San Luis Obispo Community Services Area #16, Irrigation District #1, Cuesta College, Oceano Community Services District, San Luis Obispo County Operations Center, San Luis Coastal Unified School District and San Miguelito Mutual Water Company.

Facilities Constructed by the Authority

The facilities constructed by the Authority include a water treatment plant located at Polonio Pass in northern San Luis Obispo County and two pipeline extensions: (1) the Mission Hills Extension, a buried pipeline approximately eleven miles long running from the terminus of the Coastal Branch (Phase II) southerly to the vicinity of the Lompoc Valley, and (2) the Santa Ynez Extension, a buried pipeline approximately thirty-two miles long running from the terminus of the Mission Hills Extension easterly through the Santa Ynez Valley, to a terminus at Cachuma Lake and includes one pumping plant near Santa Ynez and one storage tank. Water transported to Lake Cachuma is transported through the existing Tecolote Tunnel, which traverses the Santa Ynez Mountains, to the South Coast of Santa Barbara County.

The water treatment plant receives raw water from the SWP and delivers treated water to purveyors and users located in San Luis Obispo and Santa Barbara Counties.

Contractual Relationships

The State of California Department of Water Resources ("DWR") entered into contracts (the "State Water Supply Contracts") with San Luis Obispo and Santa Barbara Counties in 1963 pursuant to which the counties received Table A amounts of water from the SWP. San Luis Obispo County's Table A amount was 25,000 acre-feet per year and Santa Barbara County's Table A amount was 57,700 acre-feet per year. In 1981, Santa Barbara County amended its contract to reduce its Table A amount to 45,486 acre-feet per year.

In 1983, Santa Barbara County entered into a series of Water Supply Retention Agreements ("WSRAs") with local water purveyors and users within Santa Barbara County. These WSRAs initially granted the purveyors and users an option to obtain an assignment of Santa Barbara County's State Water Supply Contract rights and, as of July 1, 1989, actually granted the full assignment of those rights. Thereafter, certain of the local water purveyors and users holding the WSRA rights transferred those rights to the Authority, a newly formed Joint Powers Authority, in consideration for Water Supply Agreements dated August 1, 1991, which provide for the delivery of SWP water by the Authority and the payment of required costs by the transferors. The Authority's obligation to make such payments to DWR from the payments it receives pursuant to the Water Supply Agreements is senior to its obligation to make payments with respect to the Bonds. These transfers have been consented to by DWR and were validated by an agreement between Santa Barbara County and the Authority on November 12, 1991 (the "Transfer of Financial Responsibility Agreement").

The Water Supply Agreements

Each Project Participant has entered into a Water Supply Agreement to provide for the development, financing, construction, operation and maintenance of the Project. The purpose of the Water Supply Agreements is to assist in carrying out the purposes of the Authority with respect to the Project by: (1) requiring the Authority to sell, and the Project Participants to buy, a specified amount of water from the project, and (2) assigning the Project Participants' Table A amount rights in the Project to the Authority.

In accordance with the provisions of each Water Supply Agreement, the Authority fixes charges for each Project Participant to produce revenues from the Project equal to the amounts anticipated to be needed by the Authority to meet the costs of the Authority to deliver to each Project Participant its pro rata share of water from the Project as set forth in each Water Supply Agreement. Each Project Participant is required to pay to the Authority an amount egual to its share of the total Fixed Project Costs and certain other costs in the proportion established in accordance with the applicable Water Supply Agreement, including the Santa Barbara Project Participant's share of payments to DWR under the State Water Supply Contract, as amended (including capital, operation, maintenance, power and replacement costs of the DWR Facilities), debt service on the Bonds and all Authority operating and administrative costs. Such obligation is to be honored by each Project Participant whether or not water is furnished to it from the

Project at all times or not at all and whether or not the Project is completed, operable, operated or retired. Such payments are not subject to any reduction and are not conditioned upon performance by the Authority or any other Project Participant under any agreement.

The Water Supply Agreements set forth detailed provisions concerning the time and method of payment by each Contractor of certain costs, including Fixed Project Costs and other operation and maintenance costs, as well as the method of allocation of such costs and expenses and the remedies available to the Authority in the event a project participant defaults in its payments to the Authority.

B. Basis of Accounting

The Authority operates as a proprietary fund-type. All proprietary fund-types are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. Under this measurement focus, all assets and liabilities associated with the operation of these funds are included on the balance sheets. Where appropriate, net total position (i.e., fund equity) is segregated into net position invested in capital assets, net of related debt and unrestricted net assets. Proprietary fund-type operating statements present increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in net total assets.

All proprietary fund-types utilize the accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when earned, regardless of when received, and expenses are recognized at the time the related liabilities are incurred, regardless of when paid.

This report has been prepared in conformance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles ("GAAP") as promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB"). Additionally, the Authority applies all Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") statements and interpretations, Accounting Principles Board ("APB") opinions, and Accounting Research Bulletins ("ARB's") issued after November 30, 1989, unless those pronouncements conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements.

C. Investments

The Authority has developed an investment policy that exceeds the minimum requirements established by the State of California. The Authority believes that it has adhered to established policies for all investment activities. As of June 30, 2019, the investment portfolio has a weighted average maturity of 132.75 days and a yield to maturity of 2.383%.

The Authority reports investments with a maturity greater than one year at the time of purchase at fair value. As of June 30, 2019 all investments are reported at amortized cost.

D. Capital Assets

Capital assets, consisting of property, plant and equipment purchased or constructed by the Authority which meet or exceed the Authority's capitalization threshold of \$10,000 and an estimated useful life of five years or more, are stated at cost. Depreciation has been computed over the estimated useful life of each asset using the straight-line method. Interest costs have been capitalized based on the average outstanding capital expenditures. In addition, certain technical and engineering related studies associated with the Project have also been capitalized and included in the basis of the assets. The ranges of depreciation rates are:

Furniture fixtures and equipment 5-10 years
Equipment 10-50 years
Buildings and structures 30-50 years
Underground pipeline 75 years

E. Inventories

Certain chemical purchases for use at the water treatment plant have been recorded to an inventory account to be expensed in proportion to the amount of water treated at the water treatment plant on a monthly basis.

F. Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the Statement of Net Position and/or the balance sheet will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows and inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents a consumption of resources that applies to a future period(s) and therefore will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. In addition to liabilities, the Statement of Net Position and/or the balance sheet will report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents an acquisition of resources that applies to a

future period(s) and therefore will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. See Note 4 for a detailed listing of the deferred outflows and inflows of resources the Authority has recognized.

G. Deposits

Deposits include cash receipts from project participants for amounts payable to the Department of Water Resources ("DWR") and Warren Act Charges payable to the U.S. Bureau of Reclamation and the Cachuma Operations and Maintenance Board ("COMB").

H. Operating Reimbursements from Project Participants

Operating reimbursements from project participants include amounts paid for Authority operating expenses and debt service payments. Debt service operating assessment receipts for both principal and interest are recorded as operating revenues.

I. Unexpended Operating Assessments

Prior to fiscal year 2015/16, it was the Authority's policy to return unexpended fixed and variable operating assessments and interest income to the project participants after the close of each fiscal year. Beginning fiscal year 2015/16 the Authority revised this policy with respect only to the variable operating assessment component. A quarterly true-up process of variable operating costs was implemented to help avoid over and under collections due to changes in water deliveries. For fiscal year 2018/19, the unexpended fixed operating assessments and the investment income earned on the Authority's unrestricted cash balances are recorded as unearned revenue and returned to the project participants as credits. Beginning fiscal year 2018/19, credits for Participants electing to participate in the newly established and voluntary DWR Reserve Fund were transferred to their DWR Reserve Fund balances. Credits for Participants not electing to participate in the DWR Reserve Fund will be applied to their following year's operating assessments. See Note 1, item M for further information on the DWR Reserve Fund.

J. Operating and Non-Operating Revenues and Expenses

Project participant assessment payments for operations and maintenance expenses, revenue bond debt service payments and miscellaneous revenues are considered operating revenues. Interest income and gains on sale of capital assets and investments are considered non-operating revenues.

Operations and maintenance expenses and depreciation and amortization expenses are considered operating expenses. Revenue bond interest expenses and other extraordinary expenses are considered non-operating expenses.

K. Long-Term Accounts Receivable

Certain project participants requested that the Authority finance local facilities and other costs associated with the State water project owned and operated by the individual project participants. These costs are recorded as a long-term receivable on the Authority's statement of net position, and repaid by the project participants in the form of revenue bond debt service payments to the Authority.

L. Rate Coverage Reserve Fund

In December 1997, the Authority adopted the rate coverage reserve fund policy to provide a mechanism to allow the Authority's project participants to satisfy a portion of their obligation under Section 20(a) of the Water Supply Agreement to impose rates and charges sufficient to collect 125% of their contract payments as defined in the Water Supply Agreement.

Under the rate coverage reserve fund policy, a project participant may deposit with the Authority up to twenty five percent (25%) of its State water contract payments in a given year. Amounts on deposit in the rate coverage reserve fund are used to satisfy a portion of the rate coverage obligation found in the Water Supply Agreement.

The following table shows a summary of project participant deposits in the rate coverage reserve fund as of June 30, 2019.

Project Participant	<u>June 30, 2019</u>
City of Buellton	\$ 278,320
Carpinteria Valley Water District	849,807
City of Guadalupe	193,404
La Cumbre Mutual Water Company	405,364
Montecito Water District	1,476,619
City of Santa Maria	5,064,215
Shandon (SLO County)	15,398
Santa Ynez Water Conservation	619,570
District, ID #1 (City of Solvang	
portion)	
Santa Ynez WCD,ID #1	466,743
Total	\$9,369,440

M. Department of Water Resources (DWR) Reserve Fund

In March 2019, the Authority adopted the DWR reserve fund policy to provide a mechanism to provide the Authority's project participants with a funding source for payments to the State of California Department of Water Resources ("DWR") when there is a difference between estimates used to prepare the DWR portion of the annual CCWA budget and the actual amounts billed to the Authority by DWR.

Contributions to the DWR Reserve Fund are voluntary with Project Participants electing to participate in the reserve fund notifying the Authority. Funding of each participating Project Participant's share of the DWR Reserve Fund will come from a combination of (1) CCWA Operating Expense budget surpluses, if any (2) Interest earnings on funds held in all other accounts on behalf of the participating Project Participant and (3) excess amounts, if any , from any of the DWR Statement of Charges cost components.

The following table shows a summary of project participant deposits in the DWR reserve fund as of June 30, 2019.

Project Participant	June 30, 2019
City of Buellton	\$ 44,953
City of Guadalupe	23,887
La Cumbre Mutual Water Company	68,434
Morehart Land Company	18,772
City of Santa Barbara	182,580
Raytheon	4,889
City of Santa Maria	930,077
Golden State Water Company	37,122
Santa Ynez Water Conservation	123,249
District, ID #1 (City of Solvang	
portion)	
Santa Ynez WCD,ID #1	128,469
Total	\$1,562,432

N. Self-Funded Dental/Vision Insurance Plan

The Authority maintains a self-insured plan for dental and vision coverage offered to employees. Under the provisions of the plan, each full-time employee was provided \$3,345 this fiscal year to pay dental and vision expenses for the employee and their qualified dependents.

The following table shows a summary of the claims liability and claims paid for the plan years ended June 30, 2019 and 2018.

	<u> 2019</u>	<u> 2018</u>
Maximum claims liability	104,726	\$ 97,005
Actual claims paid	(63,476)	(61,323)

O. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reported period. Actual results will differ from those estimates.

P. New and Future Accounting Pronouncements

In June 2015, the GASB issued Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions. This statement addresses reporting by governments that provide OPEB to their employees and for governments that finance OPEB for employees of other governments and parallels the pension standards issued in 2012 – GASB Statement No. 68. The requirements of this Statement are effective for financial statements for periods beginning after June 15, 2017. The provisions of this Standard require the Authority to report a liability for the proportionate share of the net OPEB obligation.

In March 2016, the GASB issued Statement No. 82, Pension Issues, an amendment of GASB Statements No. 67, No. 68, and No. 73. This Statement addresses issues regarding (1) the presentation of payroll-related measures in required supplementary information, (2) the selection of assumptions and the treatment of deviations from the guidance in an Actuarial Standard of Practice for financial reporting purposes, and (3) the classification of payments made by employers to satisfy employee (plan member) contribution requirements. The requirements of this Statement are effective in the first reporting period in which the measurement date of the pension liability is on or after June 15, 2017.

In March 2017, the GASB issued Statement No. 85, Omnibus 2017 to address issues identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements. This Statement addresses a variety of topics including issues related to blending component units, goodwill, fair value measurement and application, and postemployment benefits (pensions and other postemployment benefits (OPEB). The requirements of this Statement are effective for financial statements for periods beginning after June 15, 2017.

In March 2018, the GASB issued Statement No. 88, "Certain Disclosures Related to Debt, including Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements". This Statement addresses

improvement of the information that is disclosed in notes to government financial statements related to debt, including direct borrowings and direct placements. It also clarifies which liabilities governments should include when disclosing information related to debt. Further information regarding acceleration terms of the Authority's bond agreement can be found in Note 5. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2018.

Future GASB Pronouncements:

Statement No. 87, "Leases." The requirements of this Statement may affect the Authority's financial statements beginning in fiscal year 2020/2021.

Q. Net Pension Liability

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position and additions to/deductions from the fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the CalPERS Financial Office, and are in accordance with the implementation of GASB Statement No. 68. Investments are reported at fair value. CalPERS audited financial statements are publicly available reports that can be obtained at CalPERS' website under Forms and Publications.

R. Other Post Employment Benefit ("OPEB") Liability

In measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to the OPEB benefit and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position and additions to/deductions from the fiduciary net position have been prepared in accordance with GASB Statement No. 75. The valuation for the fiscal years 2017/18 and 2018/19 was actuarially prepared and was based on the Authorities Plan provisions, participant data and asset information provided by the Authority. As permitted under GASB 75, the total OPEB liability has been calculated using the June 30, 2017 actuarial valuation.

Note 2: Cash and Investments

A. Pooling

The Authority follows the practice of pooling cash and investments for all funds under its direct daily control. Funds held by outside fiscal agents under provisions of the bond indenture are maintained separately. Interest income from cash and investments with fiscal agents is credited directly to the related accounts. The Authority considers all pooled cash and investments to be cash equivalents.

B. Demand Deposits

The custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that the Authority will not be able to recover deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in possession of an outside party. This risk is mitigated in that of the total bank balance, \$250,000 is insured by Federal depository insurance.

The California Government Code requires California banks and savings and loan associations to secure the Authority's deposits by pledging government securities as collateral. The market value of pledged securities must equal at least 110% of the Authority's deposits. California law also allows financial institutions to secure Authority deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150% of the Authority's total deposits.

As of June 30, 2019, the reported amount of the Authority's demand deposits was \$492,273 and the bank balance was \$575,826. The difference of \$83,553 was principally due to checks which had not yet cleared the bank.

As of June 30, 2018, the reported amount of the Authority's demand deposits was \$260,541 and the bank balance was \$415,651. The difference of \$155,110 was principally due to checks which had not yet cleared the bank.

C. Cash and Investments

The Authority is authorized by its investment policy, in accordance with Section 53601 of the California Government Code, to invest in the following instruments: securities issued or guaranteed by the Federal Government or its agencies, commercial paper, money market funds, and the State Treasurer's Local Agency Investment Funds ("LAIF").

All of the Authority's deposits, except certain cash balances held by fiscal agents, are entirely insured or collateralized. The California Government Code requires California banks and savings and loans to secure the Authority's deposits by pledging government securities as collateral. The fair value of the pledged securities must equal 110% of the Authority's deposits. California law also allows financial institutions to secure Authority deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes equal to 150% of the Authority's deposits. The Authority may waive collateral requirements for deposits, which are fully insured up to \$250,000 by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC").

The fair value of pooled investments is determined annually and is based on current market prices received from the securities custodian. The fair value of participants' position in the pool is the same as the value of the pool shares. The method used to determine the value of participants' equity withdrawn is based on the book value of the participants' percentage participation at the date of such withdrawal. LAIF is required to invest in accordance with State statutes. LAIF invests in Bonds, debentures, and notes issued by corporations organized and operating within the United States. Securities eligible for investment under this subdivision shall be within the top three ratings of a nationally recognized rating service.

At June 30, 2019, the carrying value of the Authority's position in LAIF was \$64,829,784 and the fair value was \$64,940,759, with an overall average maturity of 173 days.

At June 30, 2018, the carrying value of the Authority's position in LAIF was \$39,700,846 and the fair value was \$39,626,481 with an overall average maturity of 193 days.

The par value of U.S. Treasury Notes held by the Authority as of June 30, 2019 was \$10,000,000. The net unamortized discounts and premiums associated with these notes of (\$22,307) resulted in a carrying value of \$9,977,694 of the bonds. These notes had a fair value of \$9,986,562 as of June 30, 2019. Fair value in this instance is the value at which the notes held were actively trading on open markets at the date of the financial statements.

The par value of U.S. Treasury Notes held by the Authority as of June 30, 2018 was \$33,000,000. The net unamortized discounts and premiums associated with these bonds of (\$216,195) resulted in a carrying value of \$32,783,805 of the bonds. These bonds had a fair value of \$32,811,753 as of June 30, 2018. Fair value in this instance is the value at which the notes held were actively trading on open markets at the date of the financial statements.

Credit Risk and Concentration of Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of an investment in a single issuer. The Treasurer mitigates these risks by holding a diversified portfolio of high quality investments. The policy sets specific parameters by type of investment for credit quality, maturity length, and maximum percentage investment.

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty to a transaction, the Authority will not be able to recover the value of investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party.

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The Treasurer mitigates this risk by investing in shorter-term investments that are not subject to significant adjustments due to interest rate fluctuations.

Note 3: Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019:

Canital Assata Nat Danus istad	Balance June 30, 2018			Additions/ Transfers		Deletions/ Transfers	Balance June 30, 2019
Capital Assets, Not Depreciated	_	2 479 700	_		_	1	2.479.700
Land	\$	3,178,700	\$	-	\$	- \$	27 . 7.
Construction-in-process		834,306		992,965		(1,042,123)	785,149
Total Capital Assets, Not Depreciated		4,013,006		992,965		(1,042,123)	3,963,849
Depreciable Assets:							
Furniture fixtures and equipment		491,748		103,645		-	595,393
Lab equipment		267,902		-		-	267,902
Transportation equipment		719,682		66,112		-	785,795
Plant equipment		16,420,038		560,068		(416,145)	16,563,961
Pipeline equipment		11,488,862		59,817		-	11,548,680
Buildings and structures		48,696,149		250,210		-	48,946,358
Underground pipeline		59,925,077		-		-	59,925,077
Total Depreciable Assets		138,009,457		1,039,853		(416,145)	138,633,165
Accumulated Depreciation:							
Furniture fixtures and equipment		(429,202)		(18,122)		-	(447,324)
Lab equipment		(251,024)		(3,320)		-	(254,345)
Transportation equipment		(629,206)		(64,488)		-	(693,694)
Plant equipment		(7,739,052)		(329,853)		416,145	(7,652,761)
Pipeline equipment		(7,412,650)		(353,700)		-	(7,766,350)
Buildings and structures		(14,730,022)		(716,840)		-	(15,446,861)
Underground pipeline		(16,617,274)		(804,067)		-	(17,421,341)
Total Accumulated Depreciation		(47,808,429)		(2,290,391)		416,145	(49,682,675)
Total Depreciable Capital Assets, net		90,201,028		(1,250,539)		-	88,950,490
Total Capital Assets, net	\$	94,214,034	\$	(257,574)	\$	(1,042,123) \$	92,914,339

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018:

	Ju	Balance ne 30, 2017	Additions/ Transfers	Deletions/ Transfers	Ju	Balance ine 30, 2018
Capital Assets, Not Depreciated						
Land	\$	3,178,700	\$ -	\$ -	\$	3,178,700
Construction-in-process		464,918	811,276	(441,888)		834,306
Total Capital Assets, Not Depreciated		3,643,618	811,276	(441,888)		4,013,006
Depreciable Assets:						
Furniture fixtures and equipment		434,462	57,285	-		491,748
Lab equipment		267,902	-	-		267,902
Transportation equipment		679,028	40,654	-		719,682
Plant equipment		16,349,022	133,139	(62,123)		16,420,038
Pipeline equipment		11,418,636	118,126	(47,900)		11,488,862
Buildings and structures		48,696,149	92,163	(92,163)		48,696,149
Underground pipeline		59,925,077	-	-		59,925,077
Total Depreciable Assets		137,770,276	441,368	(202,186)		138,009,457
Accumulated Depreciation:						
Furniture fixtures and equipment		(401,122)	(28,080)	-		(429,202)
Lab equipment		(247,704)	(3,320)	-		(251,024)
Transportation equipment		(539,525)	(89,681)	-		(629,206)
Plant equipment		(7,453,568)	(343,979)	58,495		(7,739,052)
Pipeline equipment		(7,099,157)	(346,818)	33,325		(7,412,650)
Buildings and structures		(14,043,139)	(712,688)	25,806		(14,730,022)
Underground pipeline		(15,813,207)	(804,067)	-		(16,617,274)
Total Accumulated Depreciation		(45,597,421)	(2,328,634)	117,626		(47,808,429)
Total Depreciable Capital Assets, net		92,172,855	(1,887,267)	(84,560)		90,201,028
Total Capital Assets, net	\$	95,816,473	\$ (1,075,990)	\$ (526,448)	\$	94,214,034

Note 4: Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources

Beginning in fiscal year 2014/2015, the Authority reported deferred outflows and inflows of resources in connection with its issue of revenue bonds in 2006 & 2016 and pension-related adjustments in accordance with GASB 68, and in fiscal year 2017/2018 began reporting OPEB related adjustments in accordance with GASB 75.

The table below presents the balances of deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources as of June 30, 2019.

	Deferred Outflows of Resources
Difference Between the Reacquisition Price of New Debt and the Net Carrying Value of the Old Debt Accumulated Amortization	\$ 13,195,235 (12,681,402)
Difference Between the Reacquisition Price of New Debt and the Net Carrying Value of the Old Debt, net	\$ 513,833
Pension-related adjustments	1,256,477
OPEB-related adjustments	59,449
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources, Net	\$ 1,829,759
	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Deferred amount on refunding	\$ 267,207
Pension-related adjustments	146,732
OPEB-related adjustments	7,770
Total Deferred inflows of Resources	\$ 421,709

The table below presents the balances of deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources as of June 30, 2018.

	Deterred
	Outflows of
	Resources
Difference Between the Reacquisition Price of New	
Debt and the Net Carrying Value of the Old Debt	\$ 13,195,235
Accumulated Amortization	(12,250,474)
Difference Between the Reacquisition Price of New	\$ 944,761
Debt and the Net Carrying Value of the Old Debt, net	
Pension-related adjustments	1,532,296
OPEB-related adjustments	53,122
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources, Net	\$ 2,530,179
	Deferred
	Inflows of
	Resources
Deferred amount on refunding	\$ 491,308
Pension-related adjustments	139,586
OPEB-related adjustments	9,280
Total Deferred inflows of Resources	\$ 640,174

Note 5: Long-Term Debt

On September 28, 2006, the Authority issued \$123,190,000 in revenue bonds with an average interest rate of 4.24% to refund \$142,985,000 of outstanding 1996 Revenue Bonds with an Average interest rate of 5.47%.

The refunding resulted in a difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the old debt of \$8.25 million. This difference, reported in the accompanying financial statements as deferred outflow of resources, is being charged to operations through the year 2022 in proportion to the bond interest expense incurred for each fiscal year. The Authority completed the refunding to reduce its total debt service payments over the next 15 years by \$4.4 million and to obtain an economic gain (difference between the present values of the old and new debt service payments) of \$3.4 million.

The 1996 Revenue Bonds were issued to advance refund the 1992 Revenue Bonds. The 1992 Revenue Bonds were issued by the Authority for the benefit of its participants to finance a portion of the costs of developing a pipeline and water treatment plant, to reimburse certain project participants for costs incurred in connection with the State Water Project, and to finance certain other facilities. Each of the participants in the financing held elections authorizing issuance of revenue bonds for the construction of the State Water Project. In order to reduce issuance costs and insure the proceeds are available on a timely basis, the Authority issued the bonds for all participants requiring financing.

The City of Santa Maria, Golden State Water Company, Vandenberg AFB, Avila Valley Mutual Water Company, San Luis Coastal Unified School District, and San Miguelito Mutual Water Company contributed cash for their proportionate share of capital costs. Such net contributions totaling \$22,562,433 at June 30, 2016 and June 30, 2015 have been accounted for as contributed capital. Under the Water Supply Agreements, each Project Participants is obligated to make payments to the Authority, with the payments pledged to secure the payment of the principal and interest of the bonds. The 2006 bonds are backed by a municipal bond insurance policy issued by Financial Security Assurance.

On June 28, 2016 the Authority issued Series 2016A refunding revenue bonds in the amount of \$45,470,000, which refunded the outstanding \$59,645,000 Series 2006A revenue bonds on October 1, 2016. The 2016A refunding revenue bonds were issued for the purpose of reducing the Authority's total debt service payments over the subsequent 5 years by \$5.6 million and to obtain an economic gain (difference between the present values of the old and new debt service payments) of \$5.4 million. The Authority also

realized the benefits of lower interest rates, which were issued at a true interest cost of 1.355% compared to the 4.24% true interest costs of the 2006A bonds. The bond refunding transaction was completed at the close of escrow on July 21, 2016. Aggregate savings between the 2006A and 2016A Bond debt service at the time of the refunding is shown below:

	Refunding Revenue Bond Savings							
	2016A Series	2006A Series	Refunding					
	Revenue Bond	Revenue Bond	Savings					
Fiscal Year	Principal and	Interest Due	(Costs)					
2017 (1)	1,578,819	1,224,175	(354,644)					
2018	9,956,500	11,528,050	1,571,550					
2019	10,381,500	11,476,750	1,095,250					
2020	10,374,500	11,467,625	1,093,125					
2021	10,360,125	11,453,750	1,093,625					
2022	10,347,375	11,439,000	1,091,625					
Total	52,998,819	58,589,350	5,590,531					

(1) Fiscal Year 2017 only reflects the increase cost of interest due to the timing of refunding.

The annual requirements to pay all debt outstanding, as of June 30, 2019, are as follows:

Fiscal Year	Interest	Principal	Total
2020	1,214,500	9,160,000	10,374,500
2021	745,125	9,615,000	10,360,125
2022	252,375	10,095,000	10,347,375
	\$ 2,212,000	\$ 28,870,000	\$ 31,082,000

The 2016A bond outstanding bears interest of 5.00%, with a true interest cost of 1.355%.

In the unlikely event that the Authority defaults on its obligations under the Series 2016A refunding revenue bonds, acceleration protocols exist under the terms of the refunding revenue bond agreement that may accelerate the due date of the entire amount payable for the bonds. Therefore, were a default of payment to occur the debt that is currently classified as non-current may be required to be re-classified as a current obligation.

Project Participants are classified as either "Northern Santa Barbara Project Participants" or "Southern Santa Barbara Project Participants" based on their location. In the event that a project participant defaults on their share of the Series 2016A refunding revenue bonds, the share of other participants in their same classification may be increased to cover those participant(s) that have defaulted, provided that such increases for any non-defaulting participant shall not exceed, without its written consent, an accumulated maximum of 25% of its Fixed and Variable Costs for such Year. In the water supply agreement this is referred to as the "Step-up Provision". In the history of the Authority there has never been a situation where implementing the Step-Up Provision was necessary.

The long-term liability activity for the year ended June 30, 2019 is as follows:

	Balance				Balance
Revenue Bonds:	July 1, 2018	Additions	Reductions	Ju	ine 30, 2019
Series 2016A Revenue Bonds	\$ 37,590,000	\$ -	\$ (8,720,000)	\$	28,870,000
Premium on Issuance of 2016 Series A	2,682,251	-	(1,223,459)		1,458,793
Total	40,272,251	-	(9,943,459)		30,328,793
Less: Current Portion	(8,720,000)	-	(440,000)		(9,160,000)
Total Bonds Payable, net	31,552,251	-	(10,383,459)		21,168,793
OPEB Liability	883,831	179,349	(92,953)		970,227
Rate Coverage Reserve Fund	9,282,179	87,260	-		9,369,439
DWR Reserve Fund	-	-	1,562,433		1,562,433
Escrow Deposits	408,675	80,755	(8,472)		480,959
Net Pension Liability	3,756,159	(261,692)	-		3,494,467
Total Non-Current Liabilities	\$ 45,883,096	\$ 85 , 672	\$ (8,922,450)	\$	37,046,318

The long-term liability activity for the year ended June 30, 2018 is as follows:

	Balance				Balance
Revenue Bonds:	July 1, 2017	Additions	Reductions	Ju	ine 30, 2018
Series 2016A Revenue Bonds	\$ 45,470,000	\$ -	\$ (7,880,000)	\$	37,590,000
Premium on issuance of 2016 Series A	4,241,029	-	(1,558,778)		2,682,251
Total	49,711,029	-	(9,438,778)		40,272,251
Less: Current Portion	 (7,880,000)	-	(840,000)		(8,720,000)
Total Bonds Payable, net	41,831,029	-	(10,278,778)		31,552,251
OPEB Liability	805,688	264,376	(186,233)		883,831
Rate Coverage Reserve Fund	9,215,803	66,376	-		9,282,179
Escrow Deposits	406,931	3,957	(2,213)		408,675
Net Pension Liability	 3,318,324	437,835	-		3,756,159
Total Non-Current Liabilities	\$ 55,577,775	\$ 772,543	\$ (10,467,224)	\$	45,883,095

Note 6: Pension Plan

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position and additions to/deductions from the fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the CalPERS Financial Office. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when currently due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

A. General Information about the Pension Plans

Plan Description - All qualified employees and probationary employees are required to participate in the Authority's cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan ("Plan") administered by the California Public Employees' Retirement System ("CalPERS"). The Plan consists of individual rate plans (benefit tiers) within a miscellaneous risk pool. Plan assets may be used to pay benefits for any employer rate plan of the miscellaneous pools. Accordingly, rate plans are not separate plans under GASB Statement No. 68. Individual employers may sponsor more than one rate plan in the miscellaneous pool. The Authority currently sponsors one miscellaneous rate plan. Benefit provisions under the Plan are established by State statute and the Authority's resolution. Requests for detailed plan provisions and copies of CalPERS' annual financial report can be obtained from CalPERS Fiscal Services Division, P.O. Box 942703, Sacramento, CA, 94229-2703 or http://www.calpers.ca.gov.

Benefits Provided – CalPERS provides service retirement and disability benefits, annual cost of living adjustments and death benefits to plan members, who must be public employees and beneficiaries. Benefits are based on years of credited service, equal to one year of full time employment. Classic and PEPRA members with five years of total service are eligible to retire at age 50 or 52 respectively with statutorily reduced benefits. All members are eligible for non-duty disability benefits after 10 years of service. The death benefit is one of the following: the Basic Death Benefit, the 1959 Survivor Benefit, or the Optional Settlement 2W Death Benefit. The cost of living adjustments for each plan are applied as specified by Public Employees' Retirement Law.

The rate plan provisions and benefits in effect at June 30, 2019, are summarized as follows:

	Authorit	ty Plan
Hire date	Classic Member* Prior to January 1, 2013	PEPRA On or after January 1, 2013
Benefit formula	2% @ 55	2% @ 62
Benefit vesting schedule	5 years' service	5 years' service
Benefit payments	monthly for life	monthly for life
Retirement age	50 - 63	52 - 67
Monthly benefits, as a % of eligible compensation	1.426% to 2.418%	1.000% to 2.500%
Required employee contribution rates	7%	6.50%
Required employer contribution rates	17.582%	7.266%

Beginning in fiscal year 2016, CalPERS collects employer contributions for the Plan as a percentage of payroll for the normal cost portion as noted in the rates above and as a dollar amount for contributions toward the unfunded liability and side fund. The dollar amounts are billed on a monthly basis. The Authority's required contribution for the unfunded liability was \$216,535 in fiscal year 2018/19. The Authority's required contribution for the unfunded liability was \$192,554 in fiscal year 2017/18.

*A Classic PERS member is an employee who qualifies under one of the following categories: An employee who was brought into CalPERS membership for the first time prior to January 1, 2013. An employee that was hired on or after January 1, 2013, yet is eligible for reciprocity with another public retirement system. An employee who is brought back by the same CalPERS employer, regardless of the length of break in service.

Contributions - Section 20814(c) of the California Public Employees' Retirement Law ("PERL") requires that the employer contribution rates for all public employers be determined on an annual basis by the actuary and shall be effective on the July 1 following notice of a change in the rate. Funding contributions for the Plans are determined annually on an actuarial basis as of June 30 by CalPERS. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance any unfunded accrued liability. The Authority is required to contribute the difference between the actuarially determined rate and the contribution rate of employees.

Payments made by the employer to satisfy contribution requirements that are identified by the pension plan terms as plan member contribution requirements are classified as plan member contributions.

The Authority's contributions to the Plan for the year ended June 30, 2019 were \$606,354.

The Authority's contributions to the Plan for the year ended June 30, 2018 were \$569,625.

B. Pension Liabilities, Pension Expenses and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

As of June 30, 2019, the Authority reported net pension liabilities for its proportionate share of the net pension liability of each Plan as follows:

Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability/(Asset) Fiscal Year Ending

	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2018
Total	\$ 3,494,467	\$ 3,756,159

The Authority's net pension liability for the Plan is measured as the proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability of the Plan is measured as of June 30, 2017, and the total pension liability for the Plan used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2016 rolled forward to June 30, 2017 using standard update procedures. The Authority's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the Authority's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined.

Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability

	Percenta of	Change: Increase	
	6/30/2019	(Decrease)	
Measurement Date	6/30/2018	6/30/2017	
Percentage of Plan (PERF C) NPL	0.03626%	0.03787%	(0.00161%)

Pension Expense for Fiscal Year

Total pension expense for fiscal year \$ 627,627

For the year ending June 30, 2019, the Authority reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of <u>Resources</u>	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 134,077	\$ (45,626)		
Changes of assumptions	398,380	(97,635)		
Net differences between projected and actual earnings on plan investments	17,276	-		
Change in employer's proportion	37,435	(603)		
Differences between the employer's contributions and the employer's proportionate share of contributions	62,955	(2,868)		
Pension contributions subsequent to measurement date	606,354	-		
Total	\$ 1,256,477	\$ (146,732)		

\$606,354 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized as pension expense as follows:

	Deferred
Year Ending	Outflows/(Inflows)
June 30	of Resources
2020	387,615
2021	239,856
2022	(92,650)
2023	(31,431)
2024	-
Thereafter	-

Actuarial Assumptions - For the measurement period ending June 30, 2018, the total pension liabilities were determined by rolling forward the June 30, 2017 total pension liability. The June 30, 2017 and June 30, 2018 total pension liabilities were based on the following actuarial methods and assumptions:

	Plan
Valuation Date	June 30, 2017
Measurement Date	June 30, 2018
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
Discount Rate	7.15%
Inflation	2.50%
Projected salary	
Increase	(1)
Investment Rate of	
Return	7.15% ⁽²⁾
	Derived using CalPERS'
Mortality	Membership Data for all
	funds ⁽³⁾
	Contract COLA up to
	2.00% until Purchasing
Post Retirement Benefit	Power Protection
Increase	Allowance Floor on
	Purchasing Power
	applies 2.50% thereafter

- (1) Depending on age, service and type of employment (2) Net of pension plan investment and administrative
- expenses; includes inflation
- (3) The mortality table used was developed based on CalPERS' specific data. The table includes 15 years of mortality improvements using Society of Actuaries Scale BB. For more details on this table, please refer to the December 2017 experience study report that can be found on the CalPERS website.

All other actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2017 valuation were based on the results of the CalPERS Experience Study and Review of Actuarial Assumptions December 2017. The Experience Study report may be accessed on the CalPERS website at http://www.calpers.ca.gov under Forms and Publications.

Change in Assumptions -

In 2018, demographic assumptions and inflation rate were changed in accordance to the CalPERS Experience Study and Review of Actuarial Assumptions December 2017. The Experience Study report may be accessed on the CalPERS website at http://www.calpers.ca.gov under Forms and Publications.

Discount Rate No changes were made in the discount rate in fiscal year 2018-19. In Fiscal Year 2016-17, the financial reporting discount rate used by CalPERS was reduced from 7.65 percent to 7.15 percent. In December 2016, the CalPERS Board of Administration approved lowering the funding discount rate used from 7.50 percent to 7.00 percent using a three-year phase-in beginning with the June 30, 2016 actuarial valuation. The discount rate used in the actuarial valuation reflects the long-term expected rate of return for the plan. Lowering the discount rate means the Authority will see increases in both normal costs (the cost of pension benefits accruing in one year for active members) and the accrued liabilities. These increases will result in higher required employer contributions. In addition, active members hired after January 1, 2013, under the PEPRA may also see their contributions rates rise.

To determine whether the municipal bond rate should be used in the calculation of the discount rate for each plan, the amortization and smoothing methods adopted by the CalPERS Board in 2013 were used. CalPERS conducted cash flow projections to determine if assets would run out under the assumed discount rate. CalPERS refers to these projections as "crossover tests". Based on crossover testing of the plan, the tests revealed the assets would not run out. Therefore the 7.15% long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability. The cash flows used in the testing were developed assuming that both members and employers will make their required contributions on time and as scheduled in all future years. The stress test results are presented in a detailed report called "GASB Crossover Testing Report" that can be obtained at CalPERS website under the GASB 68 section.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class.

In determining the long-term expected rate of return, CalPERS took into account both short-term and long-term market return expectations as well as the expected pension fund ("PERF") cash flows. Using historical returns of all the Public Employees Retirement Funds' asset classes (which includes the agent plan and two cost-sharing plans or PERF A, B, and C funds), expected compound (geometric) returns were calculated over the short-term (first 10 years) and the long-term (11+ years) using a building-block approach. Using the expected nominal returns for both short-term and long-

term, the present value of benefits was calculated for each PERF fund. The expected rate of return was set by calculating the rounded single equivalent expected return that arrived at the same present value of benefits for cash flows as the one calculated using both short-term and long-term returns. The expected rate of return was then set equal to the single equivalent rate calculated above and adjusted to account for assumed administrative expenses.

The table below reflects long-term expected real rate of return by asset class. The rate of return was calculated using the capital market assumptions applied to determine the discount rate.

	Assumed		
Asset Class (a)	Target Allocation	Real Return Years 1–10 ^(b)	Real Return Years 11+ (c)
Global Equity	50.0%	4.80%	5.98%
Fixed Income	28.0%	1.00	2.62%
Inflation Assets	-	0.77%	1.81%
Private Equity	8.0%	6.30%	7.23%
Real Assets	13.0%	3.75%	4.93%
Liquidity	1.0%	-	(0.92)%
Total	100.00%		

⁽a) In the System's CAFR, Fixed Income is included in Global Debt Securities; Liquidity is included in Short-term Investments; Inflation Assets are included in both Global Equity Securities and Global Debt Securities.

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate – The following presents the Authority's proportionate share of the net pension liability for the Plan, calculated using the discount rate for the Plan, as well as what the Authority's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower or 1-percentage point higher than the current rate:

	Discount Rate – 1%	Current Discount Rate	Discount Rate + 1%	
Miscellaneous Plan's Net	(6.15%)	(7.15%)	(8.15%)	
Pension Liability/(Asset)	\$5,846,986	\$3,494,467	\$1,552,502	

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position – Detail information about each pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CalPERS financial reports.

Note 7: Post-Employment Benefits Other Than Pensions

A. General Information about OPEB

The Authority provides other post-employment benefits ("OPEB"), to qualified employees who retire within 120 days of separation from employment with the Authority, and are eligible to receive medical services under a plan offered through the California Public Employees' Medical and Hospital Care Act ("PEMHCA") at the time of retirement. The CalPERS PEMHCA Plan is a defined contribution, cost sharing multiple-employer defined benefit healthcare plan providing benefits to active and retired employees. The healthcare plan is administered by the CalPERS. Copies of the CalPERS annual financial report can be found online at www.calpers.ca.gov.

Plan Description - Eligibility: For full time employees retired prior to September 22, 2016, or retiring with less than 10 years of service with the Authority, the benefit will be the minimum contribution as required by PEMCHA. Vesting will be applied to an enhanced retiree benefit that is provided for employees retired after September 22, 2016, who are at least 62 years of age at retirement and have at least 10 years of service with the Authority. This vesting schedule ranges from 50% to 80% of the retiree premium only and is based on years of CCWA service. The enhanced contribution requirements are established and may be amended by the Board of Directors. Plan information is summarized in the table below:

Plan Information

	Fiscal Year End June 30, 2019		
Plan Type	Single Employer		
OPEB Trust Special Funding Situation Non-employer contributing entities	Yes No No		
Covered Participants as of June 30, 2018 Measurement Date			
In-actives currently receiving benefits	2		

Dute	
In-actives currently receiving benefits	3
In-actives entitled to but not yet receiving	2
benefits	
Active Employees	30
Total	35

⁽b) An expected inflation of 2.0% used for this period.

⁽c) An expected inflation of 2.92% used for this period.

Applicable Dates and Periods

	Fiscal Year End
	June 30, 2019
Measurement date (MD)	June 30, 2018
Measurement period	July 1, 2017 to
	June 30, 2018
Actuarial Valuation Date	June 30, 2017

Actuarial Assumptions - For the measurement period ending June 30, 2018, the total pension liabilities were determined by rolling forward the June 30, 2017 total pension liability. The June 30, 2017 and June 30, 2018 total OPEB liabilities were based on the following actuarial methods and assumptions:

Significant Actuarial Assumptions used for Total OPEB Liability

Significant Actuariai Assumpt	tions used for Total OPEB Liability
0	June 30, 2018
Actuarial Assumption	Measurement Date
Actuarial Valuation Date	June 30, 2017
Contribution Policy	Authority Contributes full ADC
Discount Rate	6.50% at June 30, 2018
	6.50% at June 30, 2017
	Equals long-term expected rate
	of return on assets since
	expected Authority
	contributions projected to keep
	sufficient plan assets to pay all
General Inflation	benefits from trust
	2.75%
Retirement, Disability,	CalPERS 1997-2015 Experience
Termination	Study*
Mortality	CalPERS 1997-2011 Experience
	Study*
Mortality Improvement	Mortality Improvement Society
	of Actuaries Scale MP-2017
	Aggregate – 3%
Salary Increases	Merit – CalPERS 1997-2015
	Experience Study
	Non-Medicare-7.5% for 2019,
	decreasing to an ultimate rate of
	4.0% in 2076 and later years
Medical Trend	
	Medicare-6.5% for 2019,
	decreasing to an ultimate rate of
	4.0% in 2076 and later years
PEMHCA Minimum	
Increases	4.25%
Cap Increases	Medical Trend
	45% elect single coverage
Active Employee/Spouse	35% elect dual coverage
Participation at	(spouses pay full premium, no
Retirement	Authority cash subsidy except
	for survivors)
Medical Plan at	Remain in their current plan
Retirement	upon retirement
Changes of Assumptions	None
Changes of benefit terms	None
changes of benefit terms	None

*The CalPERS Experience Study reports may be accessed on the CalPERS website at www.calpers.ca.gov under Forms and Publications.

Funding Policy: PEMHCA determines the amount contributed by the Authority toward retiree health In January 2019, the minimum required insurance. contribution the Authority pays toward the cost of retiree health insurance increased from \$133 per month to \$136 per month, which is the same amount contributed toward active employee health insurance. The balance of the retiree premium, averaging approximately \$224 per month, is paid directly by the retirees to CalPERS. The mandatory employer contribution for active and retiree health insurance is increased annually in accordance with PEMHCA Beginning in calendar year 2009, the contribution amount increases by the change in the annual consumer price index. During the 2018-19 fiscal year \$4,464 was recognized for post-retirement health insurance contribution on a pay-as-you-go basis. During the 2017-18 fiscal year \$5,123 was recognized for post-retirement health insurance contribution on a pay-as-you-go basis.

Funded Status and Funding Progress:

The funded status of the plan as of June 30, 2019, is shown below:

	Net OPEB Liability			
	Fiscal Year Ending			
	6/30/2018		6/30/2019	
	Measurement		Measurement	
	Date	e 6/30/2017	Dat	e 6/30/2018
Total OPEB Liability	\$	1,118,401	\$	1,271,000
Fiduciary Net Position		234,570		300,773
Net OPEB Liability	\$	883,831	\$	970,227
Funded Status		21.0%		23.7%

Annual OPEB Cost: For fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, the Authority recorded the OPEB expense as indicated below. This cost is comprised by calculating service cost, interest on Total OPEB Liability, projected earnings on investments, and any return of assets:

OPEB Expense for Fisca	al Ye	ar 2018/19	
Measurement Period 2016/17			
OPEB Expense	\$	138,008	

Notes to Financial Statements

	Balances at					
Deferred Outflows/Inflows	June 30	,2019				
	Deferred	Deferred				
	Outflows of	Inflows of				
	Resources	<u>Resources</u>				
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ -	\$ -				
Changes of assumptions	-	-				
Net differences between projected and actual earnings on plan investments*	-	7,770				
Employer contributions made subsequent to the measurement date**	59,449	-				
Total	\$ 59,449	\$ 7,770				

^{*} Deferred Inflows and Outflows combined for footnote disclosure

\$59,449 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of net OPEB liability in the year ending June 30, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized as pension expense as follows:

 Year Ending
 Deferred

 June 30
 Outflows/(Inflows)

 2020
 (2,522)

 2021
 (2,522)

 2022
 (2,522)

 2023
 (204)

 2024

 Thereafter

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revisions as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Changes in Net OPEB Liability during the fiscal year are shown below:

Changes in the Net OPEB Liability

	Total OPEB <u>Liability</u>	Fiduciary Net Position	Net OPEB <u>Liability</u>
Balance at 6/30/18 (6/30/17 measurement date)	\$ 1,118,401	\$ 234,570	\$883,831
Changes for the year:			
Service Cost	79,354	-	79,354
Interest	77,709	-	77,709
Benefit changes	-	-	-
Actual vs. expected exp.	-	-	-
Assumption changes	-	-	-
Contributions-employer *	-	53,122	(53,122)
Contributions-employee	-	-	-
Net investment income**	-	17,801	(17,801)
Benefit payments	(4,464)	(4,464)	-
Administrative Exp.	-	(256)	256
Net Changes	152,599	66,203	86,396
Balance at 6/30/19 (6/30/18 measurement date)	\$1,271,000	\$300,773	\$ 970,227

^{*}Contributions to trust of \$53,122 plus \$4,464 cash benefits paid by the Authority.

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Interest Rate and Healthcare Trend Rate—The following presents the Authority's net OPEB liability for the Plan, illustrating sensitivity based on changes in the discount rate and changes in the Healthcare Trend Rate:

Changes in the Discount Rate							
	1%	1%					
	Decrease (5.50%)	Rate (6.50%)	increase (7.50%)				
Net OPEB Liability	\$1,186,615	\$ 970,227	\$ 794,774				

Changes in the Healthcare Trend Rate 1% Current 1% Decrease Trend increase Net OPEB Liability \$ 754,390 \$ 970,227 \$1,245,759

^{**} Contributions to trust of \$52,325 plus \$5,022 cash benefits and \$2,102 implied subsidy benefits paid by the Authority

^{**} Adjusted for rounding issues

Notes to Financial Statements

Expected Long-Term Rate of Return

	Portfolio Weight * ICMA-RC	Expected Real Rate of Return
Asset Class Component	ICMA-IC	or neturn
US Short Duration Govt/Credit	9.70%	1.26%
•		
US Aggregate Bonds	20.05%	1.47%
TIPS	3.40%	1.29%
US High Yield Bonds	4.85%	3.60%
US Large Cap	39.65%	4.36%
US Mid Cap	7.55%	4.86%
US Small Cap	2.10%	5.18%
Int'l Equity – Developed	11.05%	4.60%
Int'l Equity – Emerging Markets	1.65%	5.58%
Assumed Long-Term Rate of Inflation		2.75%
Expected Long-Term Net Rate of Return	n **	6.50%

^{*} For VT II Model Portfolio Moderate Fund

Note 8: Commitments and Uncertainties

The Authority entered into a water exchange agreement with Antelope Valley-East Kern Water Agency ("AVEK") in 2015 on behalf of certain project participants for a total of 9,600 acre-feet (AF) of water. This exchange was an even 1:1 exchange with participants responsible for the transportation charges for returning the water. Transportation charges include the Variable Operation, Maintenance, Power, and Replacement Component of the Transportation Charge and the Off-Aqueduct Power Facilities Cost for each acre-foot of water returned to AVEK, and are estimated to be \$250 per AF. As of June 2019, 5,781 AF had been returned, leaving a balance of 3,819 AF to be returned in the future. Estimated transportation costs for that water are \$954,750. Actual costs and timing of the return are not known at this time, however all water in this exchange must be returned by December 31, 2025.

The Authority entered into an additional exchange agreement with AVEK in 2016 on behalf of certain project participants to allow for delivery of 10,000 AF of water. That agreement was an unbalanced 2:1 exchange requiring return of 5,000 AF, with no obligation to pay transportation charges. As of June 2019, a total of 3,000 AF has been returned, leaving a balance of 2,000 to be returned. Actual timing of the return is not known at this time, however all water in the 2016 AVEK exchange must be returned no later than December 31, 2026.

The Authority entered into a water exchange agreement in December 2016 with the Castaic Lake Water Agency ("CLWA") on behalf of certain project participants for a total of up to 1,500 acre-feet ("AF") of water. This exchange was an unbalanced 2:1 exchange requiring return of 750 AF, with

participants responsible for the transportation charges for delivery of the water. Transportation charges include the Variable Operation, Maintenance, Power, and Replacement Component of the Transportation Charge and the Off-Aqueduct Power Facilities Cost for each acre-foot of water delivered to CCWA. CLWA will be responsible for the delivery charges of the return water. As of June 30, 2019 a balance remains of 750 AF of water to be returned. Actual timing of the return is not known at this time, however all water in this exchange must be returned by December 31, 2026.

The Authority entered into a water exchange agreement in June 2018 with the Mojave Water Agency ("MWA") on behalf of certain project participants for a total of up to 5,633 acre-feet ("AF") of water at the cost of \$320 per AF plus administrative costs. This exchange was an unbalanced 4:1 exchange requiring return of 1,409 AF, with participants responsible for the transportation charges for returning the water. Transportation charges include the Variable Operation, Maintenance, Power, and Replacement Component of the Transportation Charge and the Off-Agueduct Power Facilities Cost for each acre-foot of water returned to MWA, and are estimated to be \$250 per AF. As of June 30, 2019 a balance remains of 1,409 AF of water to be returned. Actual timing of the return is not known at this time, however all water in this exchange must be returned by December 31, 2028.

The Authority leases equipment under non-cancelable operating leases. Lease payments made in FY 2018/19 totaled \$7,010 with future scheduled lease payments as of June 30, 2019 of \$9,570, resulting in total scheduled lease payments of \$16,580.

The Authority is involved in various legal proceedings, lawsuits and claims of a nature considered normal for its activities. It is the Authority's policy to accrue for amounts related to these legal matters if it is probable that a liability has been incurred and an amount is reasonably estimable. For the periods ending June 30, 2019 and June 30, 2018, the Authority estimates no liability for claims or judgments.

All of the accounts receivable recorded by the Authority are payable by its local participants and the DWR under the agreements more fully described in Note 1.

Note 9: Joint Powers Insurance Authority

The Authority participates in the liability, property and fidelity bond insurance program organized by the Association of California Water Agencies Joint Powers Insurance Authority ("ACWA - JPIA"). ACWA - JPIA is a joint powers insurance authority created to provide a self-

^{**} Rounded

Notes to Financial Statements

insurance program to water agencies in the State of California.

ACWA-JPIA provides liability, property, workers' compensation, fidelity, boiler and machinery insurance for approximately 300 water agencies for losses in excess of the members' specified self-insurance retention levels. Individual claims (and aggregate public liability and property claims) in excess of specified levels are covered by excess insurance policies purchased from commercial carriers. ACWA - JPIA is governed by a board composed of members from participating members. The board controls the operations of ACWA - JPIA, including selection of management and approval of operating budgets, independent of any influence by the members beyond their representation on the board.

Each member shares surpluses and deficiencies proportionately to its participation in ACWA - JPIA. The Authority has not incurred any settlements which exceeded insurance coverage for the past three fiscal years.

Note 10: Deferred Compensation Plan

The Authority offers its employees a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. Under the terms of this plan, employees may defer amounts of income up to one hundred percent of salary or \$19,000 per year, whichever is less. Additionally, employees over the age of 50 are permitted to defer up to an additional \$6,000 per year for those years in which they did not fully contribute the annual maximum prior to age 50.

Required Supplementary Information

SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY FIVE YEAR REVIEW 1

As of June 30, 2019

Fiscal Year End 6/30/2019 6/30/2018 6/30/2017 6/30/2016 6/30/2015 Measurement Date 6/30/2018 06/30/2017 06/30/2017 06/30/2015 06/30/2014 Authority's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability 0.036260% 0.037875% 0.038348% 0.037178% 0.040196% Authority's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability \$3,494,467 \$3,756,159 \$3,318,324 \$2,551,875 \$2,501,206 Authority's covered Payroll 2,980,919 2,835,039 2,771,667 2,713,663 2,860,537 Authority's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered 132.49% Payroll 117.23% 119.72% 94.04% 87.44% Plan's Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Plan's Total Pension Liability 74.06% 78.40% 79.28% 75.26% 73.31%

9CHEDULE OF PLAN OPEB CONTRIBUTIONS - FIVE YEAR REVIEW ¹ As of June 30, 2019

Miscellaneous Plan

	2018-19 ¹	2017-18 ¹	2016-17 ¹	2015-16 ¹	2014-15 ¹
Actuarial determined contributions (ADC)	\$ 481,354 \$	444,625 \$	423,429 \$	395,321	\$ 392,033
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution ² Contribution deficiency (excess)	(606,354) \$ (125,000) \$	(569,625) (125,000) \$	(548,429) (125,000) \$	(395,321)	(392,033)
Authority's covered payroll ^{3, 4} Contributions as a percentage of	\$ 3,014,603 \$	2,980,919 \$	2,835,039 \$	2,771,667	\$ 2,713,663
covered payroll ³	20.11%	19.11%	19.34%	14.26%	14.45%

¹ This is a 10-year schedule. Information in this schedule is not available prior to 2014. Additional years will be added to this schedule in future fiscal years until 10 years of data is presented.

⁽¹⁾ Information in this schedule is not available prior to 2014. Additional years will be added to this schedule in the future fiscal years until 10 years of data is presented.

² Employers are assumed to make contributions equal to the actuarially determined contributions. However, some employers may choose to make additional contributions towards their unfunded liability. Employer contributions for such plans exceed the actuarially determined contributions.

³ Covered Payroll represented above is based on pensionable earnings provided by the employer. However, GASB 68 defines covered payroll as the total payroll of employees that are provided pensions through the pension plan. Accordingly, if pensionable earnings are different than total covered earnings, the employer should display in the disclosure footnotes the payroll based on total earnings for the covered group and recalculated the required payroll-related ratios.

⁴ Fiscal Payroll from prior year was assumed to increase by the 3.00% payroll growth assumption.

Required Supplementary Information

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS As of June 30, 2019

	2018-19 Measurement Period 2017/18			
Changes in Total OPEB Liability				
Service Cost	\$	79,354		
Interest		77,709		
Actual vs. Expected Experience		-		
Assumption Changes		-		
Benefit Payments		(4,464)		
Changes of benefit terms		-		
Net Changes	\$	152,599		
Total OPEB Liability (beginning of year)		1,118,401		
Total OPEB Liability (end of year)		1,271,000		
Changes in Plan Fiduciary Net Position				
Contributions - employer	\$	53,122		
Contributions - employee		-		
Net Investment income		17,801		
Benefit payments		(4,464)		
Administrative Expenses		(256)		
Other Changes		-		
Net Changes		66,203		
Plan Fiduciary Net Position (beginning of year)		234,570		
Plan Fiduciary Net Position (end of year)		300,773		
Net OPEB Liability	\$	970,227		
Fiduciary Net Position as a percentage of Total OPEB Liability		23.7%		
Covered Payroll*		3,273,043		
Net OPEB Liability as a percentage of covered payroll		29.6%		

^{*}For the 12-month period ending on June 30, 2018 (Measurement Date)

Required Supplementary Information

SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER OPEB CONTRIBUTIONS

As of June 30, 2019

	2018-19
Actuarial determined contributions (ADC)	\$ 152,227
Contributions in relation to the actuarially	
determined contribution ¹	(59,449)
Contribution deficiency	\$ 92,778
Authority's covered payroll ² Contributions as a percentage of	\$ 3,224,398
covered payroll	1.8%

¹ Actual 2018/19 contribution

Notes to Schedule

The actuarial methods and assumptions used to set the actuarially determined contributions for Fiscal Year 2018-19 were derived from the June 30, 2017 funding valuation report.

Actuarial cost method Entry Age Normal

Amortization method Level percentage of payroll, closed Amortization period 20-year fixed period for 2017/18

Asset valuation method Investment gains and losses spread over 5-year rolling period

Discount Rate 6.50% General Inflation 2.75%

Medical Trend Non-Medicare - 7.5% for 2019, decreasing to an ultimate rate of 4.0% in

2076 and later years

Medicare - 6.5% for 2019, decreasing to an ultimate rate of 4.0% in

2076 and later years

Mortality CalPERS 1997-2011 Experience Study

Mortality Improvement Society of Actuaries Scale MP-2017

² For the 12 month period ending on June 30, 2019 (fiscal year end)



STATISTICAL SECTION



STATISTICAL SECTION NARRATIVE SUMMARY

The information in this section is not covered by the Independent Auditor's Report, but is presented as supplemental data for the benefit of the readers of the comprehensive annual financial report. The objectives of statistical section information are to provide financial statement users with additional historical perspective, context and detail to assist in using the information in the financial statements, notes to financial statements, and required supplementary information to understand and assess a government's economic condition.

Financial Trends

These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the Authority's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.

Debt Capacity

These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the Authority's current level of outstanding debt.

Economic and Demographic Information

These schedules offer economic and demographic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the Authority's financial activities take place.

Operating Information

These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the Authority's financial report relates to the activities performed by the Authority.

TABLE 1

General Governmental Revenues by Source

Fiscal Year 2009/10	\$ Operating Assessments 7,706,451	\$ Debt Service Assessments 10,837,837	\$ Other Revenues 144,825	\$ Interest Income 287,296	\$ Total Revenues 18,976,409
2010/11	7,100,093	10,828,491	105,552	236,522	18,270,658
2011/12	7,056,434	10,751,690	64,258	166,276	18,038,658
2012/13	7,504,558	10,758,676	125,443	139,554	18,528,231
2013/14	8,642,389	10,669,540	329,292	120,693	19,761,914
2014/15	9,100,035	10,620,321	146,713	118,755	19,985,824
2015/16	8,702,151	10,560,476	108,915	176,276	19,547,818
2016/17	9,667,165	10,857,086	307,089	328,130	21,159,470
2017/18	9,901,333	8,966,976	157,546	635,825	19,661,680
2018/19	9,997,429	9,286,980	158,036	1,281,897	20,724,342

Source: Central Coast Water Authority

(1) Operating Assessments exclude yearend credits for unexpended operating reimbursements.

Total Revenue Comparison

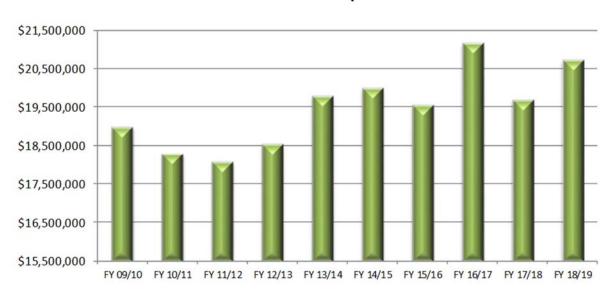


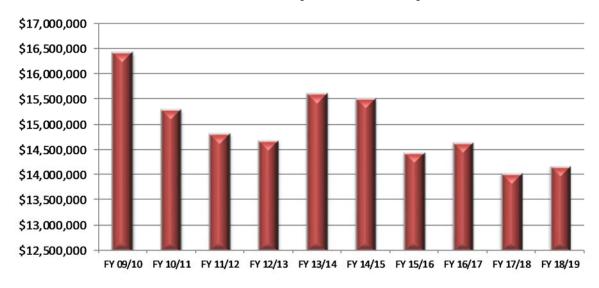
TABLE 2

General Governmental Expenses by Function

Fiscal Year	Operating Expenses	Capital Improvements		Interest Expense		Interest paid to Participants		Total Expenses	
2009/10	\$ 10,640,777	\$	428,879	\$	5,083,426	\$	273,944	\$	16,427,026
2010/11	10,058,131		180,428		4,818,276		236,432		15,293,267
2011/12	9,786,406		365,801		4,490,322		165,476		14,808,005
2012/13	9,908,687		459,637		4,169,532		139,500		14,677,356
2013/14	10,937,701		749,170		3,805,662		120,693		15,613,226
2014/15	11,671,645		314,087		3,409,975		118,755		15,514,462
2015/16	10,633,214		629,440		2,994,662		176,276		14,433,592
2016/17	11,205,868		254,360		2,869,594		301,630		14,631,452
2017/18	10,591,135		811,276		1,978,000		635,927		14,016,338
2018/19	10,443,568		992,965		1,552,500		1,168,698		14,157,731

Source: Central Coast Water Authority

Total Expenditures Comparison



⁽¹⁾ Operating Expenses include yearend credits for unexpended operating reimbursements, and interest credits paid to project participants are shown on a separate line.

TABLE 3

Change in NetPosition and NetPosition Components

LastTen Fiscal Years

	June 30, 2010	June 30, 2011	June 30, 2012	June 30, 2013	June 30, 2014
Net position, at beginning of year	\$ 19,070,613	\$ 22,020,369	\$ 25,026,753	\$ 28,570,625	\$ 32,843,775
Operating revenues	18,685,951	18,018,693	17,872,382	18,383,991	19,641,221
Operating Expenses					
Operating expenses	5,765,512	6,006,570	5,855,361	6,451,537	7,261,549
Depreciation and amortization	3,078,809	3,053,027	2,980,787	2,770,306	2,715,546
Unexpended operating reimbursements	1,796,456	998,534	950,258	686,844	960,606
Total operating expenses	10,640,777	10,058,131	9,786,406	9,908,687	10,937,701
Operating Income	8,045,174	7,960,562	8,085,976	8,475,304	8,703,520
Non-operating revenues					
Interest income and miscellaneous	304,506	251,965	166,276	144,240	120,693
interest income and miscenarieous	304,300	251,905	100,270	144,240	120,093
Non-Operating Expenses					
Interest expense	5,083,426	4,818,276	4,490,322	4,169,532	3,805,662
Bond issuance expenses	-	-	-	-	-
Interest income to project participants	273,944	236,432	165,476	139,500	120,693
Other expenses	42,553	151,435	52,582	37,362	101,140
Total non-operating expenses	5,399,923	5,206,143	4,708,380	4,346,394	4,027,495
Increase in Net Position	2,949,757	3,006,384	3,543,872	4,273,150	4,796,718
Refund of capital contributions	-	<u>-</u>	-	<u>-</u>	_
Restatement of net position	_	_	-	_	-
Net position, at end of year	22,020,369	25,026,753	28,570,625	32,843,775	37,640,493
,	, ,,,,,		,,,,,	2 , .22	21,7 1,132
			_	•	0 6
Net investment in capital assets	15,969,556	19,447,578	23,467,011	28,134,152	33,258,360
Restricted - capital projects	-	-	-	-	-
Restricted - debt service	11,590,054	11,545,053	11,597,425	11,540,588	11,537,581
Unrestricted	(5,539,241)	(5,965,878)	(6,493,811)	(6,830,965)	(7,155,448)
Total Net Postion	\$ 22,020,369	\$ 25,026,753	\$ 28,570,625	\$ 32,843,775	\$ 37,640,493

Continued

TABLE 3 (continued)

Change in NetPosition and NetPosition Components LastTen Fiscal Years

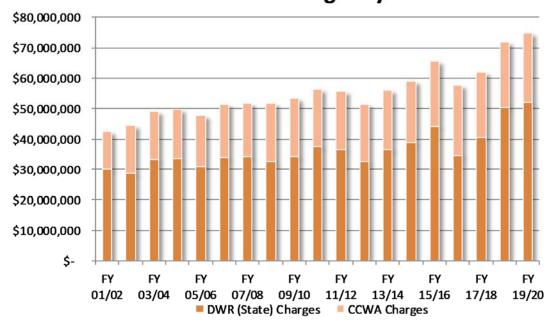
	June 30, 2015	June 30, 2016	June 30, 2017	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2019
Net position, at beginning of year	\$ 37,640,493	\$ 39,694,735	\$ 45,427,613	\$ 51,605,680	\$ 57,977,737
Operating revenues	19,831,984	19,334,566	20,825,040	19,025,855	19,442,445
Operating Expenses					
Operating expenses	7,805,038	7,592,444	9,448,706	8,858,438	8,234,624
Depreciation and amortization	2,710,711	2,710,417	1,027,928	1,061,706	1,299,198
Unexpended operating reimbursements	1,155,896	330,353	729,234	670,991	909,746
Total operating expenses	11,671,645	10,633,214	11,205,868	10,591,135	10,443,568
Operating Income	8,160,339	8,701,352	9,619,172	8,434,720	8,998,877
Non-operating revenues					
Interest income and miscellaneous	153,840	213,252	334,430	635,825	1,281,897
Non-Operating Expenses					
Interest expense	3,409,975	2,994,662	2,869,594	1,978,000	1,552,500
Bond issuance expenses	-	-	576,155	-	-
Interest income to project participants	118,755	176,276	301,630	635,927	1,168,698
Other expenses	88,164	10,788	28,156	84,561	-
Total non-operating expenses	3,616,894	3,181,726	3,775,535	2,698,488	2,721,198
Increase in Net Position	4,697,285	5,732,878	6,178,067	6,372,057	7,559,576
Refund of capital contributions	-	-	-	-	-
Restatement of net position	(2,643,043)	-	-	-	-
Net position, at end of year	39,694,735	45,427,613	51,605,680	57,977,737	65,537,313
Net investment in capital assets	38,420,586	44,108,951	55,164,579	60,312,509	66,554,791
Restricted - capital projects	-	-	-	-	-
Restricted - debt service	11,522,948	11,513,337	9,978,731	10,411,593	10,418,498
Unrestricted	(10,248,799)	(10,194,675)	(13,537,630)	(12,746,365)	(11,435,976)
Total Net Postion	\$ 39,694,735	\$ 45,427,613	\$ 51,605,680	\$ 57,977,737	\$ 65,537,313

TABLE 4
Fiscal Year Gross Budget History (Excludes Credits)

							Increase	Percentage
Fiscal Year	CC	WA Charges	DWR	(State) Charges	Total	(Decrease)	Change
FY 01/02	\$	12,732,473	\$	29,872,420	\$ 42,604,893	\$	1,573,801	4%
FY 02/03		15,923,396		28,667,780	44,591,176		1,986,283	5%
FY 03/04		15,826,610		33,290,820	49,117,430		4,526,254	10%
FY 04/05		16,309,830		33,576,516	49,886,346		768,916	2%
FY 05/06		16,898,682		30,918,963	47,817,645		(2,068,701)	-4%
FY 06/07		17,665,638		33,887,106	51,552,744		3,735,099	8%
FY 07/08		17,368,381		34,383,152	51,751,533		198,789	0%
FY 08/09		18,866,218		32,712,348	51,578,566		(172,967)	0%
FY 09/10		19,113,716		34,400,137	53,513,853		1,935,287	4%
FY 10/11		18,542,903		37,656,903	56,199,806		2,685,953	5%
FY 11/12		19,000,056		36,704,353	55,704,409		(495,397)	-1%
FY 12/13		18,871,714		32,473,910	51,345,624		(4,358,785)	-8%
FY 13/14		19,303,293		36,720,999	56,024,292		4,678,668	9%
FY 14/15		19,905,931		38,928,105	58,834,036		2,809,744	5%
FY 15/16		21,408,675		44,258,987	65,667,662		6,833,626	12%
FY 16/17		22,991,413		34,730,498	57,721,911		(7,945,751)	-12%
FY 17/18		21,280,493		40,494,796	61,775,289		4,053,378	7%
FY 18/19		21,485,218		50,494,069	71,979,287		10,203,998	17%
FY 19/20		22,618,488		52,066,151	74,684,639		2,705,353	4%
Note Excludes	COWA	credits						

Note: Excludes CCWA credits.

CCWA Gross Budget by Fiscal Year



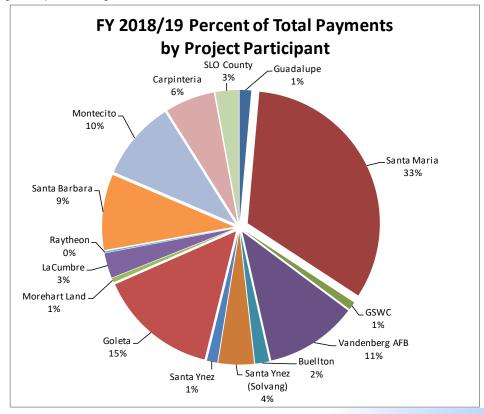
FY 2018/19 Total Payments by Project Participant

TABLE 5

		FY 2018/19	FY 2018/19	018/19 FY 2018/19		F	FY 2018/19 FY :		FY 2018/19		FY 2018/19	
		Operating	Debt Service		DWR		arren Act		CCWA		Total	
Project Participant	E	xpenses (1)	Payments		Costs (2)	C	harges ⁽³⁾		Credits		Payments	
Guadalupe	\$	124,848	\$ 147,451	\$	629,372	\$	-	\$	(2,325)	\$	899,346	
Santa Maria		3,757,587	-		18,712,332		-		(317,035)		22,152,884	
Golden State Water Co.		132,839	-		573,758		-		(9,666)		696,931	
Vandenberg AFB		1,329,580	-		6,540,437		-		-		7,870,017	
Buellton		142,302	261,085		692,126		-		(11,799)		1,083,714	
Santa Ynez (Solvang)		419,763	802,069		1,751,173		-		(32,994)		2,940,011	
Santa Ynez		419,666	301,220		601,972		-		(448,890)		873,968	
Goleta		960,864	2,528,216		6,190,170		265,884		(2,004)		9,943,130	
Morehart Land		32,714	116,100		224,795		2,236		(3,538)		372,307	
La Cumbre		228,707	555,829		1,179,161		30,000		(2,089)		1,991,608	
Raytheon		3,438	24,292		64,442		1,337		(871)		92,638	
Santa Barbara		701,678	1,554,249		4,172,948		139,552		(1,363)		6,567,064	
Montecito		567,683	1,826,775		4,050,180		140,114		(1,504)		6,583,248	
Carpinteria		316,129	1,044,360		2,429,190		81,004		(5,643)		3,865,040	
Shandon		12,731	11,730		N/A		-		(355)		24,106	
Chorro Valley		280,742	934,464		N/A		-		(25,174)		1,190,032	
Lopez		241,215	241,633		N/A		-		(24,505)		458,343	
TOTAL:	\$	9,672,486	\$ 10,349,473	\$	47,812,056	\$	660,127	\$	(889,755)	\$	67,604,387	

⁽¹⁾ Adjusted for Santa Ynez Exchange Agreement Modifications and Regional WTP Treatment Allocation.

This schedule represents the budgeted amounts plus the increase or decrease in charges for certain participants due to changes in delivery requests which were not included in the original fiscal year 2017/18 budget.



⁽²⁾ Includes January 2, 2019 Supplemental Fixed Assessment

⁽³⁾ Adjusted for Santa Ynez Exchange Agreement Modifications.

TABLE 6

Ratio of Outstanding Debt by Type For Total Bonded Debt to Total Expenses

						Ratio of Debt
				Total Debt	Total	Service to Total
Fiscal Year	Bond Issue	Principal	Interest (1)	Service	Expenses	Expenses
2009/10	2006 Bonds	6,430,000	5,147,726	11,577,726	16,545,789	69.97%
2010/11	2006 Bonds	6,695,000	4,885,226	11,580,226	15,405,833	75.17%
2011/12	2006 Bonds	6,960,000	4,577,326	11,537,326	14,912,912	77.36%
2012/13	2006 Bonds	7,335,000	4,247,463	11,582,463	14,677,356	78.91%
2013/14	2006 Bonds	7,625,000	3,900,975	11,525,975	15,613,226	73.82%
2014/15	2006 Bonds	8,010,000	3,510,100	11,520,100	15,514,462	74.25%
2015/16	2006 Bonds	8,405,000	3,099,725	11,504,725	14,433,592	79.71%
2016/17	06 & 16 Bonds	8,825,000	3,023,619	11,848,619	13,963,559	84.85%
2017/18	2016 Bonds	7,880,000	2,076,500	9,956,500	14,016,338	71.03%
2018/19	2016 Bonds its actual cash paymei	8,720,000	1,661,500	10,381,500	14,157,731	73.33%
(1) INCPLESE	ics account cash paymen	it miliout i cgait	a to payments mom	and capitalized intere	esciana.	

(1) Represents actual cash payment without regard to payments from the capitalized interest fund

Source: Central Coast Water Authority

Ratio of Debt Service to Total Expenses

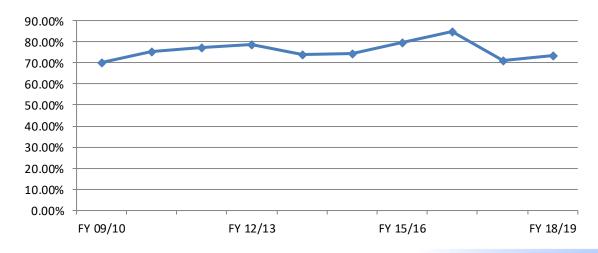


TABLE 7 Selected Demographic Information Santa Barbara County

Santa Barbara County is located on the Pacific coast of the southern portion of the U.S. state of California, just west of Ventura County. The estimated total population of the County as of January 2018 was 453,457 according to the Santa Barbara County 2017/18 CAFR. The county seat is Santa Barbara and the largest city is Santa Maria.

For thousands of years, the area was home to the Chumash tribe of Native Americans, complex hunter-gathers who lived along the coast and in interior valleys leaving rock art in many locations including Painted Cave. European contact had devastating effects on the Chumash Indians, including a series of disease epidemics that drastically reduced Chumash population. The Chumash survived, however, and thousands of Chumash descendants still live in the Santa Barbara area or surrounding counties.

The County has a total area of 3,789 square miles and four of the Channel Islands – San Miguel Island, Anacapa Island, Santa Cruz Island and Santa Rosa Island – are in Santa Barbara County. They form the largest part of the Channel Islands National Park.

Santa Barbara County has a mountainous interior abutting a coastal plains area. The largest concentration of people is on this coastal plain, referred to as the south coast – the part of the county south of the Santa Ynez Mountains – which includes the cities of Santa Barbara, Goleta and Carpinteria, as well as the unincorporated areas of Hope Ranch, Mission Canyon, Montecito and Isla Vista. North of the mountains are the towns of Santa Ynez, Solvang, Buellton, Lompoc; the unincorporated towns of Los Olivos and Ballard; the unincorporated areas of Mission Hills and Vandenberg Village; and Vandenberg Air Force Base, where the Santa Ynez River flows out to the sea. North of the Santa Ynez Valley are the cities of Santa Maria and Guadalupe.

Santa Barbara County is home to a beautiful landscape and great climate for living, playing and working. The County is well known for its strong sense of community, prime agricultural land, award winning wineries, and attractive cultural and tourism opportunities. However, Santa Barbara County also touts its talented and highly skilled workforce and business sectors, from high tech to health care to design. Quality institutions like UC Santa Barbara and Vandenberg Airforce Base continue to attract high quality individuals to the County. It is these attributes that attract and retain businesses in the area.

TABLE 8 Miscellaneous Statistical Information

Form of government	Joint Powers Authority
Date of organization	August 1, 1991
Number of full-time equivalent positions	30.25
Polonio Pass Water Treatment Plant	
design capacity	43 million gallons per day
Authority pipeline (in miles)	42.5
Coastal Branch pipeline (in miles)	100.6
Number of water storage tanks	7
Number of turnouts	10

Agency	Table A Amount (AFY)
City of Buellton	578
Carpinteria Valley Water District	2,000
Goleta Water District	4,500
City of Guadalupe	550
La Cumbre Mutual Water Co.	1,000
Montecito Water District	3,000
Morehart Land Co.	200
City of Santa Barbara	3,000
Raytheon Systems Company	50
City of Santa Maria	16,200
Santa Ynez River W.C.D. #1	2,000
Southern California Water Co.	500
Vandenberg Air Force Base	5,500
Total Santa Barbara County *	39,078
Avila Beach C.S.D	100
Avila Valley Mutual Water Co., Inc.	20
California Mens Colony (State)	400
County of SLO C.S.A. No. 16 I.D. #1	100
County of SLO (Op. Center & Reg. Park)	425
City of Morro Bay	1,313
Oceano CSD	750
City of Pismo Beach	1,240
San Luis Coastal Unified School District	7 .
San Miguelito Mutual Water Co.	, 275
SLO Co. Comm. Coll. District (Cuesta College)	200
Total San Luis Obispo County	4,830
TOTAL TABLE A AMOUNT	43,908

Note: * Excludes CCWA drought buffer of Table A amount of 3,908 AFY and Goleta Water District additional Table A amount of 2,500 AFY.

TABLE 9

FY 2018/19 Actual State Water Deliveries (acre feet)

		Exchange	
	Table A	Agreement	Total
Project Participant	Deliveries	Deliveries	Deliveries
Shandon Turnout (SLO County)	61	N/A	61
Lopez Turnout (SLO County)	798	N/A	798
Chorro Valley Turnout (SLO County)	1,743	N/A	1,743
City of Guadalupe	353	N/A	353
City of Santa Maria	8,712	N/A	8,712
Golden State Water Company	377	N/A	377
Vandenberg Air Force Base	2,296	N/A	2,296
City of Buellton	211	N/A	211
Santa Ynez ID #1 (City of Solvang)	690	N/A	690
Santa Ynez ID #1	100	1,362	1,462
Goleta Water District	3,273	(491)	2,782
Morehart Land Company	31	N/A	31
La Cumbre Mutual Water Company	480	N/A	480
Raytheon Systems Company	11	N/A	11
City of Santa Barbara	2,182	(327)	1,855
Montecito Water District	2,239	(326)	1,913
Carpinteria Valley Water District	1,334	(218)	1,116
TOTAL:	24,891	-	24,891

Historical Water Deliveries (Acre-Feet)

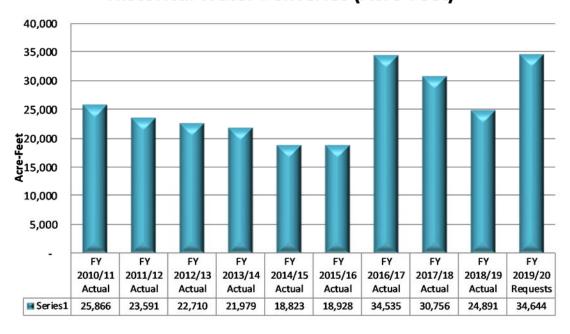


TABLE 10
Historical Water Availability Compared to Actual Deliveries & Costs
Santa Barbara County Project Participants Only

	(Acre-F	eet)			
Calendar	Available	Actual	Total CCWA		
Year	Water	Deliveries		Actual Costs	
1998	38,986	18,618	\$	36,225,479	
1999	45,486	20,137		24,898,645	
2000	40,937	22,741		50,707,485	
2001	23,734	18,945		39,445,139	
2002	34,715	27,600		37,237,621	
2003	41,476	26,970		43,929,781	
2004	30,793	29,705		44,152,940	
2005	41,092	23,343		43,750,040	
2006	49,506	23,275		47,067,848	
2007	31,516	27,740		45,660,843	
2008	22,036	18,391		46,236,486	
2009	24,162	15,452		48,521,830	
2010	24,033	17,775		50,707,485	
2011	38,389	21,050		51,876,819	
2012	29,566	19,474		45,904,819	
2013	22,430	18,018		54,450,977	
2014 (1)	9,955	15,942		59,621,280	
2015 (2)	14,691	11,673		67,372,895	
2016 ⁽³⁾	45,774	28,807		53,704,188	
2017 (4)	51,622	29,696		61,352,586	
2018 (5)	34,883	28,165		76,476,705	
2019 (6)	39,195	22,959		74,197,973	
Total:	734,977	486,476	\$	1,103,499,864	
Avg. Cost per Acre-foot:	\$ 1,501	\$ 2,268			
Percent of Table A:	73.45%	48.61%			

- (1) 2014 amounts include CCWA Supplemental Water Purchase Program costs of \$4.2 million for 5,909 AF.
- (2) 2015 amounts include CCWA Supplemental Water Purchase Program costs of \$4.8 million for 9,600 AF.
- (3) 2016 amounts include CCWA Supplemental Water Purchase Program costs of \$2.9 million for 11,500 AF.
- (4) No requests were made for CCWA Supplemental Water Purchase Program (SWPP) in 2017.
- (5) 2018 amounts include CCWA Supplemental Water Purchase Program costs of \$1.8 millon for 5,633 AF.
- (6) 2019 amounts are estimates. No requests were made for CCWA Supplemental Water Purchase Program (SWPP) in 2019.

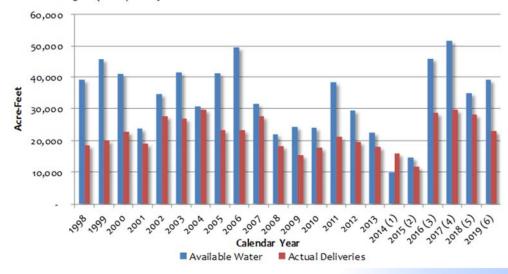


TABLE 11

Schedule of Insurance Valued June 30, 2019

<u>Company</u> Alliant Insurance Services	Policy Period 4-1-18 to 7-1-19	Insurance Type Excess Crime Coverage	\$ <u>Limits</u> 7,000,000	<u>Coverages</u> Dishonesty, faithful performance, forgery, computer fraud, pension plans including ERISA
ACWA Joint Powers Insurance Authority	4-1-18 to 7-1-19	Crime Coverage	\$ 300,000	Public employee theft, depositors forgery or alterations, computer and funds transfer fraud
ACWA Joint Powers Insurance Authority	4-1-18 to 7-1-19	Property Insurance	\$ 75,368,006	Buildings (\$31,873,798); Personal property (\$1,530,882); Fixed Equipment (\$41,963,326)
ACWA Joint Powers Insurance Authority	10-1-18 to 10-1-19	General and Auto Liability	\$ 5,000,000	Liability JPIA pooled layer
Evanston Insurance Co #MPEREV0057-13-5	10-1-18 to 10-1-19	General and Auto Liability	\$ 6,000,000	Liability umbrella policy
Great American Insurance Company/ Lloyd's Brit-Scion #1827291/#PEXS1014018	10-1-18 to 10-1-19	General and Auto Liability	\$ 9,000,000	Liability umbrella policy
Great American Insurance Company of New York #EXC2275784	10-1-18 to 10-1-19	General and Auto Liability	\$ 10,000,000	Liability umbrella policy
Great American Insurance Co. of NY/ Endurance Risk Solutions Assurance Lloyd's Hiscox #3342492/#EXC10007886203/#B0180PN	10-1-18 to 10-1-19 1803182	General and Auto Liability	\$ 20,000,000	Liability umbrella policy
General Security Indemnity Company of Arizona #FA0024236-2017-1	10-1-18 to 10-1-19	General and Auto Liability	\$ 10,000,000	Liability umbrella policy

TABLE 12
Full-time Equivalent Employees by Position

	Number Authorized	Number Authorized	Number Authorized	Change Over	Change Over
Position Title	FY 2016/17	FY 2017/18	FY 2018/19	FY 2016/17	FY 2017/18
Executive Director	1.00	1.00	1.00	-	-
Deputy Director of Operations	1.00	1.00	1.00	-	-
Finance Director	1.00	-	-	(1.00)	-
Safety & Environmental Specialist	1.00	1.00	1.00	-	-
Controller	1.00	1.00	1.00	-	-
Deputy Controller	-	1.00	1.00	1.00	-
Office Manager	1.00	1.00	1.00	-	-
Accounting Technician	0.75	0.75	0.75	-	-
Administrative Assistant	1.50	1.50	1.50	-	-
WTP Supervisor	1.00	1.00	1.00	-	-
Distribution Supervisor	1.00	1.00	1.00	-	-
Maintenance Manager	1.00	1.00	1.00	-	-
Maintenance Foreman	1.00	1.00	1.00	-	-
Senior Chemist	1.00	1.00	1.00	-	-
Laboratory Analyst	1.00	1.00	1.00	-	-
IT/Instrumentation & Control Specialist	1.00	1.00	1.00	-	-
Engineering Technician	1.00	1.00	1.00	-	-
Maintenance Technician	2.00	2.00	2.00	-	-
Maintenance/IC&R Technician	2.00	2.00	2.00	-	-
WTP Operator	5.00	5.00	5.00	-	-
Distribution Technician	5.00	5.00	5.00	-	-
TOTAL:	30.25	30.25	30.25	-	-

TABLE 13
Santa Barbara County Largest Employers

		Percent of
		Total County
Company or Organization	Jobs (1)	Employment
County of Santa Barbara	4,600	2.23%
University of California, SantaBarbara	4,300	2.08%
Cottage Health System	3,600	1.74%
Vandenberg Air Force Base	2,500	1.21%
Santa Maria-Bonita School District	2,120	1.03%
Chumash Casino Resort	2,000	0.97%
Marian Regional Medical Center	1,920	0.93%
Allan Hancock College	1,480	0.72%
Santa Barbara Unified School District	1,400	0.68%
Safran (2)	1,200	0.58%
Total ten largest	25,120	12.16%
Total all other	181,422	87.84%
Total companies or organizations	206,542	100.00%

⁽¹⁾ Source: County of Santa Barbara CAFR, FY ended June 30, 2019

⁽²⁾ Safran was previously called Zodiac Aerospace before the two companies merged in December 2018

Statistical Section City of Pismo Beach (San Luis Obispo County)

Historic Water Connections and Sales Revenues

			Water
Fiscal Year		Sales	Deliveries
Ending June 30	Connections	Revenues	(acre-feet per year)
2009	4,540	\$ 2,834,803	1,939
2010	4,558	2,874,984	1,735
2011	4,569	3,048,595	1,717
2012	4,584	3,257,915	1,785
2013	4,596	3,390,236	1,828
2014	4,695	3,793,692	1,944
2015	4,718	3,362,918	1,840
2016	4,787	3,201,546	1,644
2017	4,836	3,346,533	1,589
2018	4,848	3,938,273	1,782

Largest Customers as of June 30, 2018

	Water	Annual
	Usage ⁽¹⁾	Payment
Pismo Coast Village	11,452	\$ 48,993
Pismo Beach Mobile Home Park	11,316	48,494
Cliff's Shell Beach	11,092	42,449
Oxford Suites Hotel	8,576	28,611
Pismo Lighthouse Suites	6,496	26,743
Motel 6	6,173	24,396
Kon Tiki	5,774	22,932
Dolphin Bay	5,729	23,928
Seacrest Resort	5,675	22,568
Shorecliff Lodge	5,231	20,126
Total	77,514	\$ 309,237

(1) In hundred cubic feet.

State Water Payment Coverage Calculations

Fiscal Year	Total		Operating		Net State Water		State Water	
Ending June 30	Revenues	Expenses R		Revenues		Payments	Coverage	
2009	\$ 4,563,012	\$	1,828,215	\$	2,734,797	\$	1,279,114	2.14
2010	4,316,125		2,954,934		1,361,191		1,290,981	1.05
2011	4,652,847		2,665,865		1,986,982		1,633,880	1.22
2012	5,003,098		2,612,189		2,390,909		1,435,883	1.67
2013	5,002,618		2,616,024		2,386,594		1,413,314	1.69
2014	5,638,215		2,671,261		2,966,954		1,238,740	2.40
2015	6,490,834		2,748,519		3,742,315		1,562,731	2.39
2016	5,975,795		3,384,808		2,590,987		1,503,993	1.72
2017	6,730,397		3,211,371		3,519,026		1,443,742	2.44
2018	6,464,939		3,646,068		2,818,871		1,508,550	1.87

Source: City of Pismo Beach

Statistical Section City of Morro Bay (San Luis Obispo County)

Historic Water Connections and Sales Revenues

			Water
Fiscal Year		Sales	Deliveries
Ending June 30	Connections	Revenues	(acre-feet per year)
2009	5,547	\$ 3,588,500	1,130
2010	5,545	3,574,319	1,282
2011	5,385	3,421,151	1,250
2012	5,401	3,396,936	1,177
2013	5,455	3,377,534	1,141
2014	5,473	3,491,575	1,214
2015	5,455	3,311,970	1,094
2016	5,455	4,130,990	996
2017	5,483	5,077,312	942
2018	5,496	5,647,331	936

Largest Customers as of June 30, 2018

	Water	Annual
	Usage ⁽¹⁾	Payment
City of Morro Bay	18,740	\$ 221,670
Morro Bay High School	15,103	95,713
Pacific Care Center	8,616	204,700
Mission Linen Center	8,130	193,389
CA Dept of Parks	5,472	94,943
Imperial Coast, LP	4,754	124,127
Silver City Resort	4, 172	99,614
San Luis Central School District	2,634	34,461
Morro Elementary School	2,171	27,501
Culligan Water	2,119	46,333
Total	71,911	\$ 1,142,451

⁽¹⁾ In hundred cubic feet.

State Water Payment Coverage Calculations

Fiscal Year	Total		Total Operating				State Water	
Ending June 30	Revenues			Expenses		Revenues	Payments	Coverage
2009	\$	3,893,904	\$	1,273,381	\$	2,620,523	\$ 2,055,446	1.27
2010		3,661,837		1,587,764		2,074,073	1,968,552	1.05
2011		3,491,186		1,813,559		1,677,627	2,108,814	0.80
2012		3,646,957		2,021,803		1,625,154	2,186,578	0.74
2013		3,453,217		1,764,241		1,688,976	2,155,816	0.78
2014		3,550,868		1,958,281		1,592,587	2,158,842	0.74
2015		3,332,358		1,599,955		1,732,403	2,238,795	0.77
2016		4,487,576		1,969,828		2,517,748	2,166,523	1.16
2017		5,029,287		1,286,244		3,743,043	2,010,166	1.86
2018		5,647,331		1,138,167		4,509,164	2,157,811	2.09

Source: City of Morro Bay

Statistical Section City of Guadalupe

Historic Water Connections and Sales Revenues

				Water
	Fiscal Year	Municipal	Sales	Deliveries
_	Ending June 30	Connections	Revenues	(acre-feet per year)
	2009	1,926	\$ 1,303,214	966
	2010	1,915	1,344,941	900
	2011	1,927	1,320,373	921
	2012	1,931	1,466,881	989
	2013	1,940	1,462,443	912
	2014	1,945	1,769,651	1,078
	2015	1,960	1,721,143	1,039
	2016	1,973	1,624,652	952
	2017	2,017	1,727,388	944
	2018	2,099	1,998,263	1,189

Largest Customers as of June 30, 2018

	Water	Annual
	Usage (1)	Payment
Apio Cooler	203,864	\$ 820,324
County Housing Authority	6,903	27,777
Guadalupe Union School	6,875	27,664
Riverview Townhomes	4,349	17,501
Guadalupe Laundromat	4,002	16,102
Obispo Cooling	3,032	12,199
Pan American Seed	2,734	11,002
JR Simplot Co.	2,552	10,269
Guadalupe Cemetery	2,237	9,000
P & M Properties	1,680	6,759
Total	238,228	\$ 958,597

(1) In hundred cubic feet.

State Water Payment Coverage Calculations

Fiscal Year	Total	Operating	R	ate Coverage	te Coverage Net		State Water		
Ending June 30	Revenues	Expenses	F	Fund Deposit		Revenues		ayments	Coverage
2009	\$ 1,418,311	\$ 629,726	\$	165,923	\$	954,508	\$	690,201	1.38
2010	1,402,871	436,644		165,531		1,131,758		699,287	1.62
2011	1,395,787	426,842		167,444		1,136,389		667,445	1.70
2012	1,519,883	499,857		167,705		1,187,731		599,469	1.98
2013	1,515,152	435,004		167,787		1,247,935		758,852	1.64
2014	1,856,503	505,615		167,787		1,518,675		744,436	2.04
2015	1,811,430	468,004		186,615		1,530,041		741,040	2.06
2016	1,729,167	698,968		186,615		1,216,814		663,337	1.83
2017	1,847,672	453,726		186,819		1,580,765		796,095	1.99
2018	2,204,907	860,891		188,366		1,532,382		877,255	1.75

Source: City of Guadalupe

Statistical Section City of Santa Maria

Historic Water Connections and Sales Revenues

			Water
Fiscal Year	Water	Sales	Deliveries
Ending June 30	Connections	Revenues	(acre-feet per year)
2009	20,919	\$ 25,859,215	14,489
2010	20,927	25,411,420	13,986
2011	21,050	26,393,674	13,016
2012	21,199	27,803,548	13,264
2013	21,385	29,938,893	13,338
2014	21,580	31,962,813	13,882
2015	21,901	31,403,212	13,009
2016	22,152	33,883,550	12,022
2017*	22 , 362	37,915,296	12,357
2018	22,692	37,915,296	12,357

^{*} In fiscal year 2017, the number of connections for 2017 was reported as 22,981. The City discovered (while preparing the 2018 report) that number was overstated by 619. The correct number of connections for 2017 is 22,362, as reflected above.

Largest Customers as of June 30, 2018

	Water	Annual
	Usage (1)	Payment
City of Santa Maria	274,074	\$ 1,794,502
Nipomo Community Services District	411,642	1,558,477
Santa Maria Elementary School	123,151	820,463
SP Village Green, LLC	63,876	393,113
Fresh Venture Foods	63,819	383,406
Titan Frozen Fresh	60,427	360,854
Casa Grande Mobile Homes	56,698	259,134
Allan Hancock College	48,961	218,609
S.B. County Housing Authority	28,254	201,744
Santa Maria Joint Union High School District	26,704	183,839
Total	1,157,606	\$ 6,174,141

⁽¹⁾ In hundred cubic feet.

State Water Payment Coverage Calculations

					Rate			
Fiscal Year		Total	Operating	(Coverage	Net	State Water	
Ending June 30	R	evenues (1)	Expenses		Fund	Revenues	ues Payments	
2009	\$	33,521,237	\$ 11,232,624	\$	4,242,530	\$ 26,531,143	\$ 15,438,235	1.72
2010		32,956,256	9,282,313		4,258,071	27,932,014	17,103,082	1.63
2011		34,634,358	10,389,795		4,281,382	28,525,945	17,150,434	1.66
2012		36,330,166	10,260,908		4,288,071	30,357,329	14,671,346	2.07
2013		38,305,281	12,698,916		4,290,188	29,896,553	17,851,202	1.67
2014		42,467,011	11,523,665		4,290,188	35,233,534	17,793,198	1.98
2015		41,771,720	13,564,740		5,001,279	33,208,259	19,191,415	1.73
2016		44,478,328	12,193,440		5,001,279	37,286,167	16,072,296	2.32
2017		48,626,344	14,727,515		5,006,756	38,905,585	18,589,602	2.09
2018		53,564,449	16,796,669		5,001,279	41,769,059	19,867,737	2.10

⁽¹⁾ Includes wastewater fees and charges.

Source: City of Santa Maria

Statistical Section City of Buellton

Historic Water Connections and Sales Revenues

			Water
		Sales	Deliveries
Connections		Revenues	(acre-feet per year)
1,548	\$	1,467,933	1,284
1,558		1,467,931	1,300
1,557		1,387,651	1,184
1,570		1,368,805	1,212
1,569		1,460,658	1,226
1,569		1,532,887	1,300
1,582		1,436,127	1,141
1,584		1,426,171	1,043
1,699		1,865,124	1,089
1,733		2,416,040	1,240
	1,548 1,558 1,557 1,570 1,569 1,569 1,582 1,584 1,699	1,548 \$ 1,558 1,557 1,570 1,569 1,569 1,582 1,584 1,699	Connections Revenues 1,548 \$ 1,467,933 1,558 1,467,931 1,557 1,387,651 1,570 1,368,805 1,569 1,460,658 1,569 1,532,887 1,582 1,436,127 1,584 1,426,171 1,699 1,865,124

Largest Customers as of June 30, 2018

	Water	Annual
	Usage (1)	Payment
Professional Investment Planning	19,090 \$	79,523
Buellton Union School District	18,784	68,156
Flying Flags Association, L.P.	14,844	41,377
Santa Ynez Valley Marriott	9,383	35,610
Rivergrove Mobilehome Park	8,679	26,989
Terravant Wine Co	6,190	27,323
Buellton Village Center LLC	5862	38343
Milt Guggia Ent Inc	5,078	23,104
Hampton Inn	4,670	23,235
The Inn Group	4,484	18,885
Total	97,064 \$	382,545

⁽¹⁾ In hundred cubic feet.

State Water Payment Coverage Calculations

Fiscal Year	Total	Operating	Ra	ate Coverage	Net		St	ate Water	
Ending June 30	Revenues	Expenses	F	und Deposit	Revenues		Р	ayments	Coverage
2009	\$ 1,659,083	\$ 497,597	\$	255,558	\$	1,417,044	\$	896,715	1.58
2010	1,579,341	542,240		256,494		1,293,595		943,326	1.37
2011	1,494,307	486,807		257,898		1,265,398		938,136	1.35
2012	1,431,453	598,093		258,300		1,091,660		894,257	1.22
2013	1,512,243	550,655		258,427		1,220,015		1,017,156	1.20
2014	1,555,656	553,211		258,427		1,260,872		962,999	1.31
2015	1,642,522	632,937		274 , 861		1,284,446		1,043,536	1.23
2016	1,983,721	490,933		274,861		1,767,649		908,360	1.95
2017	2,069,593	728,200		275 , 162		1,616,555		946,522	1.71
2018	2,675,975	759,603		274,861		2,191,233		1,017,206	2.15

Source: City of Buellton

Santa Ynez River Water Conservation District, ID#1 (City of Solvang only)

Historic Water Connections and Sales Revenues

			Water
Fiscal Year		Sales	Deliveries
Ending June 30	Connections	Revenues	(acre-feet per year)
2009	2,017	\$ 4,085,678	1,483
2010	1,981	3,957,709	1,315
2011	2,019	3,927,817	1,322
2012	2,118	4,167,680	1,347
2013	2,153	4,455,120	1,416
2014	2 , 156	4,631,124	1,409
2015	2,178	4,361,233	1,074
2016	2,211	4,378,420	962
2017	2,225	4,490,615	997
2018	2,227	4,823,204	1,178

Largest Customers as of June 30, 2018

	Water	Annual
	Usage ⁽¹⁾	Payment
Rancho Santa Ynez Mobile Estates	20,924	\$ 114,673
City of Solvang	10,268	98,671
Alisal Gues Ranch	15,365	84,997
Atterdag Village	6,586	77,651
Mission Oaks	9,910	58 , 887
Worldmark	5,566	57,080
Chumash Casino Resort (Hotel Corque)	6,542	53,499
Solvang Mesa, LLMD	7,308	53,203
Solvang School	8,772	38,233
Holiday Inn	5,237	32,6 17
Total	96,478	\$ 669,511

⁽¹⁾ In hundred cubic feet.

State Water Payment Coverage Calculations

Fiscal Year Ending June 30	Total so Revenues		Operating Expenses		Rate Coverage Fund Deposit		Net Revenues		State Water Payments	Coverage
2009	\$	4,199,436	\$	1,537,148	\$	599,048	\$	3,261,336	\$ 2,448,490	1.33
2010		4,043,117		1,321,839		603,156		3,324,434	2,637,865	1.26
2011		3,995,627		1,214,624		604,939		3,385,942	2,647,201	1.28
2012		4,230,365		1,231,366		605,884		3,604,883	2,438,576	1.48
2013		4,677,242		1,436,931		606,183		3,846,494	2,656,129	1.45
2014		5,152,838		1,998,916		606,183		3,760,105	2,743,342	1.37
2015		4,920,397		1,580,530		606,183		3,946,050	2,960,871	1.33
2016		4,751,452		1,317,454		606,183		4,040,181	2,534,152	1.59
2017		4,668,636		1,213,706		606,847		4,061,777	2,557,331	1.59
2018		4,946,103		1,332,300		611,871		4,225,674	2,691,366	1.57

Source: City of Solvang

Santa Ynez River Water Conservation District, ID#1

Historic Water Connections and Sales Revenues

Fiscal Year		Sales	Water Deliveries
Ending June 30	Connections	Revenues	(acre-feet per year)
2009	2,583	\$ 5,030,245	5,947
2010	2,579	5,096,678	5,416
2011	2,519	5,009,463	5,255
2012	2,515	5,371,780	5,260
2013	2,598	5,531,585	5,371
2014	2,624	6,889,450	5,358
2015	2,618	6,157,964	4,341
2016	2,664	5,868,155	3,712
2017	2,672	6,367,009	3,511
2018	2,692	7,798,410	3,817

Largest Customers as of June 30, 2018

	Usage (1)	Pav	_	
_		Payment		
Private Agriculture	129	\$	56,162	
Private Agriculture	103		42,710	
Private Agriculture	82		35,616	
Private Agriculture	51		29,169	
Private Agriculture	50		28,098	
Private Agriculture	48		23,210	
Private Agriculture	48		19,310	
Private Agriculture	44		21,483	
Private Agriculture	42		17,025	
Private Agriculture	35		19,146	
Total	632	\$	291,930	

⁽¹⁾ In acre-feet per year.

State Water Payment Coverage Calculations

Fiscal Year Total		(Operating		Rate Coverage		Net	State Water			
Ending June 30 (1) Revenues			Expenses		Fund Deposit		Revenues		Payments	Coverage	
2009	\$	8,797,488	\$	3,683,262	\$	1,012,862	\$	6,127,088	\$	3,799,166	1.61
2010		8,785,547		3,778,443		1,019,126		6,026,230		3,956,531	1.52
2011		8,759,268		3,597,194		1,022,142		6,184,216		4,003,719	1.54
2012		8,209,585		3,179,858		1,023,739		6,053,466		4,112,646	1.47
2013		8,213,596		3,310,123		1,024,244		5,927,717		4,238,934	1.40
2014		10,538,309		4,610,406		1,024,244		6,952,147		4,307,127	1.61
2015		9,533,850		4,781,398		1,062,841		5,815,293		4,604,806	1.26
2016		9,657,032		4,713,576		1,062,841		6,006,297		3,895,465	1.54
2017		10,127,574		4,585,443		1,064,005		6,606,136		3,606,066	1.83
2018		11,585,534		4,811,401		1,072,814		7,846,947		3,623,388	2.17

⁽¹⁾ Includes State water payments for the City of Solvang.

Source: Santa Ynez Improvement District #1

Statistical Section Goleta Water District

Historic Water Connections and Sales Revenues

			Water
		Sales	Deliveries
Connections		Revenues	(acre-feet per year)
16,373	\$	17,891,752	14,198
16,346		16,554,650	12,971
16,401		15,721,915	12,161
16,295		18,668,008	12,275
16,518		22,171,254	13,923
16,542		24,005,806	14,884
16,441		19,988,107	11,883
16,474		29,771,141	10,773
16,561		28,532,344	9,658
16,578		33,222,144	10,799
	16,373 16,346 16,401 16,295 16,518 16,542 16,441 16,474	16,373 \$ 16,346 16,401 16,295 16,518 16,542 16,441 16,474 16,561	Connections Revenues 16,373 \$ 17,891,752 16,346 16,554,650 16,401 15,721,915 16,295 18,668,008 16,518 22,171,254 16,542 24,005,806 16,441 19,988,107 16,474 29,771,141 16,561 28,532,344

Largest Customers as of June 30, 2018

	Water	Annual
	Usage ⁽¹⁾	Payment
U.C.S.B.	935	\$ 3,320,774
Cavaletto Ranches, LLC	559	1,034,978
Sandpiper Golf Course	278	366,985
Touchstone Glen Annie Golf	232	484,993
Roy Butera	177	375,684
County of Santa Barbara	169	726,572
Wallover, Inc.	152	291,846
Bacara Resort	142	532,691
William R. Pulice	113	238,873
Santa Barbara Unified School District	91	380,949
Total	2,848	\$ 7,754,345

⁽¹⁾ In acre-feet per year.

State Water Payment Coverage Calculations

Fiscal Year	Fiscal Year Total		Operating	Rate	Coverage		Net		ate Water		
Ending June 30	30 Revenues		Expenses	Fund	Fund Deposit		Revenues		Payments	Coverage	
2009	\$	31,044,059	\$ 14,448,077	\$	-	\$	16,595,982	\$	7,317,439	2.27	
2010		24,129,754	16,268,616		-		7,861,138		6,561,134	1.20	
2011		25,378,145	11,788,948		-		13,589,197		7,251,071	1.87	
2012		27,426,627	14,741,694		-		12,684,933		6,309,979	2.01	
2013		32,409,693	15,146,414		-		17,263,279		7,284,547	2.37	
2014		34,188,412	18,210,976		-		15,977,436		7,998,066	2.00	
2015		32,951,960	16,527,332		-		16,424,628		9,369,850	1.75	
2016		39,174,119	21,847,412		-		17,326,707		7,973,075	2.17	
2017		38,016,844	24,700,536		-		13,316,308		8,707,040	1.53	
2018		43,479,431	19,018,608		-		24,460,823		8,731,412	2.80	

Source: Goleta Water District

Statistical Section La Cumbre Mutual Water Company

Historic Water Connections and Sales Revenues

				Water
	Fiscal Year		Sales	Deliveries
_	Ending Dec. 31	Connections	Revenues	(acre-feet per year)
	2008	1,468	\$ 2,489,710	1,937
	2009	1,468	2,586,518	1,702
	2010	1,469	2,377,639	1,523
	2011	1,471	2,608,037	1,465
	2012	1,471	3,023,989	1,587
	2013	1,485	3,279,957	1,776
	2014	1,494	3,117,612	1,373
	2015	1,494	3,242,513	1,140
	2016	1,497	3,241,825	1,067
	2017	1,504	3,998,026	1,202

Largest Customers as of December 31, 2017

	Water	Annual
	Usage (1)	Payment
La Cumbre Golf & Country Club	40,317	\$ 245,918
Stephen Redding	5,776	84,954
Timothy Pasquinelli	5,293	75,105
Overwater, LLC	4,004	58 , 362
Jeffrey Henley	4,120	57,950
Frances Nielsen	3,514	51,380
Dean & Darcy Christal	3,145	44,169
Susan Caffrey	2,661	37,178
Carriage Hill Association	2,601	29,427
Stuart & Annette Rubin	2,122	29,133
Total	73,553	\$ 713,576

State Water Payment Coverage Calculations

(1) In hundred cubic feet.

Fiscal Year Ending Dec. 31			Operating Expenses		Rate Coverage Fund Deposit		Net Revenues		tate Water Payments	Coverage
2008	\$	3,451,050	\$ 1,408,802	\$	376,576	\$	2,418,824	\$	1,540,843	1.57
2009		3,510,409	1,670,353		392,003		2,232,059		1,684,349	1.33
2010		3,261,377	1,649,171		389,217		2,001,423		1,870,892	1.07
2011		3,641,641	1,419,353		391,224		2,613,512		1,962,355	1.33
2012		3,987,385	1,401,788		391,135		2,976,732		1,425,464	2.09
2013		4,402,802	1,530,254		391,135		3,263,683		1,696,315	1.92
2014		4,185,177	1,504,177		391,135		3,072,135		1,875,217	1.64
2015		4,306,838	1,453,837		391,135		3,244,136		2,052,272	1.58
2016		4,526,872	1,911,022		392,065		3,007,915		1,572,834	1.91
2017		5,196,914	1,792,262		391,135		3,795,787		1,769,030	2.15

Source: La Cumbre Mutual Water Co.

Statistical Section City of Santa Barbara

Historic Water Connections and Sales Revenues

			Water
Fiscal Year	Water	Sales	Deliveries
Ending June 30	Connections	Revenues	(acre-feet per year)
2009	26,153	\$ 28,669,429	13,819
2010	26,504	28,163,162	13,428
2011	26 , 761	27,181,923	13,284
2012	26,649	29,992,081	13,949
2013	26 , 797	32,683,467	14,366
2014	26,919	33,296,287	14,218
2015	26,921	31,512,114	10,775
2016	26,988	41,433,002	9,935
2017	27,111	46,187,721	9,009
2018	17,191	52,356,068	9,918

Largest Customers as of June 30, 2018

	Water	Annual
	Usage (1)	Payment
Santa Barbara Unified School District	37,021	\$ 508,728
Cottage Hospital	34,749	487,405
Dario Pini	24,844	335,977
Housing Authority	26,025	325,269
City of Santa Barbara Parks	26,768	236,449
Santa Barbara Community College District	11,640	198,516
Hilton Santa Barbara Beachfront Report	21,987	188483
(Formerly Fess Parker Double Tree)		
Belmond El Encanto	13,172	168,625
Santa Barbara Highlands HOA (Miramonte)	15,680	158,049
City of Santa Barbara Waterfront	10,412	140,978
Total	222,298	\$ 2,748,479

⁽¹⁾ In hundred cubic feet.

State Water Payment Coverage Calculations

Fiscal Year Ending June 30	Total Revenues	Operating Expenses	Net Revenues	State Water Payments	P	arity Debt Service	Coverage
2009	\$ 33,914,071	\$ 18,885,951	\$ 15,028,120	\$ 4,314,561	\$	1,857,100	2.44
2010	33,763,232	18,546,457	15,216,775	4,466,645		1,697,698	2.47
2011	32,082,335	17,793,001	14,289,334	4,619,893		1,847,271	2.21
2012	37,696,027	19,547,823	18,148,204	4,180,184		1,738,160	3.07
2013	38,439,062	21,464,993	16,974,069	4,744,097		1,847,618	2.58
2014	37,185,303	22,994,993	14,190,310	5,230,535		2,774,171	1.77
2015	35,348,935	25,475,134	9,873,801	6,348,335		2,654,446	1.10
2016	45,677,508	21,316,587	24,360,921	5,780,222		3,225,980	2.70
2017	52,271,592	22,533,661	29,737,931	6,335,560		4,274,453	2.80
2018	57,798,973	29,129,726	28,669,247	5,668,670		4,520,212	2.81

Statistical Section Montecito Water District

Historic Water Connections and Sales Revenues

			Water
Fiscal Year		Sales	Deliveries
Ending June 30	Connections	Revenues	(acre-feet per year)
2009	4,583	\$ 10,015,310	5,963
2010	4,558	9,429,322	5,274
2011	4,575	8,401,945	4,715
2012	4,577	9,345,967	5,302
2013	4,585	10,573,025	5,945
2014	4,597	11,260,539	5,775
2015	4,593	6,752,280	3,331
2016	4,601	7,652,442	3,440
2017	4,602	7,470,909	3,127
2018	4,604	8,925,156	3,783

Largest Customers as of June 30, 2018

	water	Annuai
	Usage (1)	Payment
Golf Club	38,884	\$ 330,668
Resort Hotel	35,342	401,173
Agricultural	33,393	256,068
Agricultural	25,598	174,425
Agricultural	22,596	144,748
Private College	16,104	171,615
Resort Hotel	14,378	160,323
Single Family Residential Community	12,973	145,592
Single Family Home	9,738	105,576
Retirement Community	7,713	111,475
Total	216,719	\$ 2,001,663

⁽¹⁾ In hundred cubic feet.

State Water Payment Coverage Calculations

Fiscal Year	Fiscal Year Total		Operating Rate Coverage			Net		ate Water			
Ending June 30	nding June 30 Revenues			Expenses Fund Deposit		nd Deposit	Revenues		Payments		Coverage
2009	\$	13,873,852	\$	6,528,920	\$	1,075,696	\$	8,420,628	\$	5,144,227	1.64
2010		14,555,964		5,931,617		1,079,637		9,703,984		5,123,778	1.89
2011		12,277,049		5,588,083		1,085,554		7,774,520		5,334,729	1.46
2012		13,224,023		6,299,364		1,087,250		8,011,909		4,412,658	1.82
2013		14,315,026		6,497,450		1,087,787		8,905,363		4,898,038	1.82
2014		16,880,381		8,222,385		1,087,787		9,745,783		5,978,116	1.63
2015		16,264,644		8,048,179		1,417,526		9,633,991		6,573,858	1.47
2016		20,063,580		9,007,873		1,417,526		12,473,233		5,778,933	2.16
2017		18,583,907		7,760,628		1,419,078		12,242,357		5,491,272	2.23
2018		18,541,652		8,570,817		1,417,526		11,388,361		5,966,292	1.91

Source: Montecito Water District

Statistical Section Carpinteria Valley Water District

Historic Water Connections and Sales Revenues

			Water
Fiscal Year		Sales	Deliveries
Ending June 30	Connections	Revenues	(acre-feet per year)
2009	4,288	\$ 10,393,601	4,099
2010	4,326	10,089,936	3,825
2011	4,322	10,101,197	3,599
2012	4,339	10,575,216	3,871
2013	4,441	10,798,634	4,352
2014	4,444	11,229,175	4,551
2015	4,485	11,031,043	3,728
2016	4,501	12,023,205	3,604
2017	4,503	12,457,730	3,395
2018	4,506	12,776,055	3,870

Largest Customers as of June 30, 2018

	Water Usage ⁽¹⁾	Annual Payment
Circle G	29,623	\$ 66,900
Emmett, Morgan	27,459	61,667
Ota, Tom	26,467	66,135
Schaff, Victor	25,801	52,957
Cate School	23,519	120,844
Casitas Village Home Assn	19,280	270,999
Villa Del Mar HOA	18,534	248,727
Sandpiper Village	17,799	248,691
Reiter Brothers, Inc	17,109	40,381
City of Carpinteria	14,037	118,148
Total	219,628	\$ 1,295,450

⁽¹⁾ In hundred cubic feet.

State Water Payment Coverage Calculations

Fiscal Year Ending June 30			Operating Rate Coverage Expenses Fund Deposit		U	Net Revenues		State Water Payments		Coverage	
2009	\$	11,005,014	\$	5,395,430	\$	807,038	\$	6,416,622	\$	2,923,214	2.20
2010		10,499,950		4,639,111		809,995		6,670,834		3,006,719	2.22
2011		10,350,057		4,791,179		814,431		6,373,309		3,107,837	2.05
2012		11,267,253		5,052,870		815,699		7,030,082		2,785,680	2.52
2013		11,835,527		5,068,463		816,100		7,583,164		3,135,384	2.42
2014		12,218,169		5,711,413		816,100		7,322,856		3,539,365	2.07
2015		12,349,806		5,467,213		816,100		7,698,693		3,909,986	1.97
2016		13,112,109		6,345,931		816,100		7,582,278		3,324,260	2.28
2017		12,760,851		5,337,062		816,994		8,240,783		3,444,393	2.39
2018		13,325,096		5,914,427		823,757		8,234,426		3,732,379	2.21

Source: Carpinteria Valley Water District