| Bill Number and Author | Amended Date and Location | Title – Summary | Metropolitan Position | Effects on Metropolitan |
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| AB 259 B. Rubio (D – Baldwin Park) Sponsors: California Special Districts Association, Three Valleys Municipal Water District | Amended in Assembly Local Government Committee on 4/21/2025. Two-Year Bill | Open meetings: local agencies: teleconferences. This bill eliminates the sunset on provisions added to the Brown Act by AB 2449, a bill that provided additional flexibility with Brown Act meeting procedures in the event of a board member's physical absence in connection with a "just cause" or "emergency circumstances," allowing those members to participate in the meeting remotely consistent with the process detailed in the bill. | Based on 2025 Legislative Policies and Principles. | By removing the sunset on the Brown Act provisions, AB 259 preserves flexibility for Metropolitan and Member Agency board members to meet remotely and continue providing the public with essential services. |
| AB 532 R. Ransom (D – Stockton) Sponsor: California Municipal Utilities Association | Amended in Senate Local Government Committee on 7/17/2025. Senate Appropriations Committee | Water rate assistance program This bill seeks to revamp the State's Low Income Household Water Assistance Program (LIHWAP), upon appropriation by the Legislature, to provide water rate assistance to ratepayers of public water suppliers, or systems serving disadvantaged communities. The bill also would expressly allow urban retail water suppliers to establish a local low-income rate assistance (LIRA) program using voluntary contributions or other non- ratepayer funds. | Based on 2025 Legislative Policies and Principles. | This bill would provide clarity in existing law to ensure that water agencies are able to establish local LIRA programs without fear of legal consequences given the provisions of Proposition 218. Recent amendments remove a provision to revamp the state LIHWAP program for small and disadvantaged communities due to fiscal concerns. |

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| AB 580 G. Wallis (R – Bermuda Dunes) Sponsor: Metropolitan Water District of Southern California | Amended in Senate Natural Resources and Water Committee on 7/17/2025. Senate Appropriations Committee | Surface Mining: Metropolitan Water District of Southern California This bill extends the sunset date for 15 years or until January 1, 2041, on Metropolitan's ability to operate under a single Master Reclamation Plan for repairs using earth-moving activities under the Surface Mining and Reclamation Act for the maintenance of the Colorado River Aqueduct (CRA). | Based on December 2024 Board Action. | Ensuring Metropolitan can continue operating under a single Master Reclamation Plan will maintain environmental oversight without delays and prevent duplicative compliance. |
| AB 638 C. Rodriguez (D – San Fernando) Sponsor: Natural Resources Defense Council | Amended in Senate on 7/3/2025. Senate Appropriations Committee | Stormwater: uses: irrigation This bill would require the State Water Resources Control Board (Board) to establish guidance for stormwater capture, and its use for the irrigation of public urban lands by July 1, 2026. Public lands include parks, street medians, parkways, and golf courses owned by the state, city, county, or designated for public use. The Board would be required to solicit public comment before establishing recommendations. | Support Based on 2025 Legislative Policies and Principles. | The use of stormwater for non-potable irrigation of public lands reduces the demand for potable water while enhancing drought resilience. |

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| AB 794 J. Gabriel (D – Encino) Sponsors: Clean Water Action, Environmental Working Group | Amended in Assembly Environmental Safety and Toxic Materials Committee on 4/10/2025. Assembly Inactive File | California Safe Drinking Water Act: emergency regulations This bill would authorize the State Water Resources Control Board (SWRCB) to adopt an emergency regulation for water quality based on federal regulations in effect on January 19, 2025, regardless of whether the requirements were repealed or amended to be less stringent. The bill would prohibit an emergency regulation adopted pursuant to these provisions from implementing less stringent drinking water standards, as provided, and would authorize the regulation to include requirements that are more stringent than the requirements of the federal regulation. The bill would require, on or before January 1, 2026, the SWRCB to adopt an emergency regulation and to initiate a primary drinking water standard for perfluoroalkyl and polyfluoroalkyl substances (PFAS). | Oppose Unless Amended Based on 2025 Legislative Policies and Principles. | While AB 794 aims to protect public health, its approach circumvents the established regulatory process for setting Maximum Contaminant Levels (MCLs). Metropolitan's Legislative Priorities and Principles call for using the best available science to protect public health and improve water quality when setting MCLs. The broad scope of this bill, which would allow the SWRCB to set through emergency action primary and secondary MCLs for any chemical with a federal MCL, sets a dangerous precedent and fails to align with well-established regulatory principles. |

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| AB 1146 | Amended in | Water infrastructure: dams and reservoirs: | Watch | Amendments have narrowed the scope of this bill |
| D. Papan (D – San | Senate Natural | water release: false pretenses | | to reservoirs owned and operated by the United |
| Mateo) | Resources and | | Based on 2025 | States, which would exclude Metropolitan's and |
| | Water | This bill adds language to the Water Code | Legislative | Member Agency owned and operated reservoirs. |
| | Committee on | prohibiting the release of stored water from a | Policies and | |
| | 6/23/2025. | reservoir owned and operated by the United States | Principles. | The bill's definition of "false pretenses" remains |
| | | if the release is done under false pretenses and | | unclear and does not specify what would qualify |
| | Senate | would authorize the State Water Resources Control | | as "false or fraudulent representation," nor does it |
| | Appropriations | Board to issue an injunctive relief order for | | indicate how intent would be determined. |
| | Committee | violation of such release of stored water. This bill | | |
| | | would define "false pretenses" as a release of | | |
| | | water from a reservoir in a manner that is knowingly, | | |
| | | designedly, and intentionally under a false or | | |
| | | fraudulent representation or assumption as to the | | |
| | | purpose and intended use of the water. | | |
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| AB 1319 N. Schultz (D – Burbank) | Amended in Senate Natural Resources and Water Committee on 7/10/2025. Senate Appropriations Committee | Protected species: California Endangered Species Act. This bill would amend the California Endangered Species Act (CESA) to authorize the California Fish and Game Commission (Commission) to adopt an emergency regulation that adds a federally listed species that is native to California to the list of endangered or threatened species on an emergency basis if it finds, in consultation with the California Department of Fish and Wildlife (CDFW), that a federal action that occurs after January 19, 2025, results in a decrease in protection for that species and listing under CESA could provide protection for that species. If the Commission lists a species by emergency regulation, CDFW would be required to promptly commence a status review, and the Commission would be required to determine whether to list the federally listed species beyond the duration of the emergency. This bill would provide that in authorizing the take of any species listed during the emergency regulation, the Commission or CDFW may apply the protections provided by federal terms of the Endangered Species Act (ESA) unless the Commission or CDFW determines that those protections do meet CESA standards. | Oppose Unless Amended Based on 2025 Legislative Policies and Principles. | This bill could have profound impacts on Metropolitan's activities and its State Water Project and Colorado River imported supplies. The time and cost to get CESA permits after emergency listings would be high, and while permit applications are pending, opponents could litigate to halt or modify projects, including ongoing operations of the State Water Project and Colorado River water deliveries and power production. Recent amendments add a permit shield from liability for project proponents for the take of an emergency-listed species as long as the permittee complies with all terms and conditions in a federal permit, but the permit must have been issued (and remain unchanged) on or before President Trump's second term began. The latest amendments are an improvement; however, the permit shield would be of limited use because federal incidental take authorizations are regularly amended or superseded. Metropolitan is seeking additional amendments to limit the applicability of this bill to species that are federally delisted. |

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| SB 31 J. McNerney (D – Stockton) Sponsor: WateReuse California | Amended in Assembly Water, Parks, and Wildlife Committee on 6/9/2025. Assembly Appropriations Committee | Water quality: recycled water SB 31 aims to enhance California's water sustainability by increasing the use of recycled water in non-potable applications. This bill modernizes outdated regulations and expands the permissible uses of recycled water to reduce dependence on potable sources. The bill would make updates to Title 22 of the Code of Regulations to expand the use of recycled water in parks, schools, and food handling and processing facilities. | Support Based on 2025 Legislative Policies and Principles. | Supporting the use of recycled water in non-potable applications such as irrigation, decorative water features, and industrial processes reduces the demand for potable water while enhancing drought resilience. |
| SB 72 A. Caballero (D – Merced) Sponsor: California Municipal Utilities Association | Amended in Senate Appropriations Committee on 4/10/2025. Assembly Appropriations Committee | The California Water Plan: long-term supply targets This measure would revise the California Water Plan to require the Department of Water Resources (DWR) to update the California Water Plan by December 31, 2028, and every five years after, to include a long-term water supply target for 2050 and discussion on the development of specified water supply sources to meet demand. | Support Based on 2025 Legislative Policies and Principles. | The intent of this bill is to help modernize California's water management practices and provide long-term reliable supplies in response to the current climate challenges. Metropolitan supported a similar version of this bill in 2024, SB 366 (Caballero), which passed the Legislature and was vetoed by the Governor. |

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| SB 394 B. Allen (D – Santa Monica) Sponsor: Las Virgenes Municipal Water District | Amended in Assembly Judiciary Committee on 7/2/2025. | Water theft: fire hydrants SB 394 would allow a local agency that provides water service the ability to increase fines and penalties for water theft from fire hydrants. The bill also adds tampering with a fire hydrant, fire hydrant meter, or fire detector check, or the unauthorized diversion of water from a fire hydrant to the list of acts for which a utility may bring a civil cause of action. | Based on 2025 Legislative Policies and Principles. | Metropolitan Member Agencies and subagencies that provide local water services could adopt ordinances with enhanced penalties for water theft from a fire hydrant. |
| SB 454 J. McNerney (D-Stockton) Sponsor: Association of California Water Agencies | Amended in Senate Appropriations Committee on 5/23/2025. Assembly Appropriations Committee | State Water Resources Control Board: PFAS Mitigation Program SB 454 would establish a PFAS Mitigation Fund to address PFAS contamination in California's drinking water and wastewater systems. Administered by the SWRCB, the fund will provide financial support through grants, loans, and contracts to water suppliers and wastewater operators to cover or reduce treatment and disposal costs, ensuring safe and clean water across the state with a focus on disadvantaged communities. | Support Based on 2025 Legislative Policies and Principles. | The proposed bill would be highly beneficial to Metropolitan, its Member Agencies, and other water and wastewater agencies currently grappling with increased PFAS-related regulations and source contamination issues. By allowing for grants, loans, and contracts through the PFAS Mitigation Fund, and the provision of assistance services, the bill provides much-needed financial relief and assistance to support treatment and mitigation efforts. |

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| SB 601 | Amended in | Water: waste discharge | Oppose | Currently, AB 601 poses risks to Metropolitan |
| B. Allen | Assembly | | | and its member agencies by: adopting EPA's |
| (D – Santa | Environmental | The intent of this bill is to restore Clean Water Act | | drinking water standards for PFAS/PFOS, |
| Monica) | Safety and | protections in California that were removed per the | Based on 2025 | bypassing the state rulemaking process; |
| | Toxic Materials | U.S. Supreme Court's 2023 Sackett v. | Legislative | increasing costs of waste discharge requirements |
| Sponsors: | Committee on | Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) decision. | Policies and | (WDRs) permits for discharges of water when |
| California | 7/10/2025. | However, the bill goes beyond restoring statute and | Principles. | dewatering or operating water supply |
| Coastkeeper | | includes several provisions that expand regulatory | | infrastructure, potentially requiring all such water |
| Alliance, | | requirements without the benefit of scientific | | to be recycled regardless of cost to comply; |
| Defenders of | Assembly | analysis. | | exposing Metropolitan and its Member Agencies |
| Wildlife | Appropriations | | | to citizen suits in state court, and, for certain |
| | Committee | | | nexus waters, both state and federal court; and |
| | | | | creating uncertainty in discharge permitting as the |
| | | | | bill's ambiguous provisions and implications are |
| | | | | likely to be litigated. |